



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 01:54 PM BST

PDB ID : 149D
Title : SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF A PYRIMIDINE(DOT)PURINE(DOT)
) PYRIMIDINE DNA TRIPLEX CONTAINING T(DOT)AT, C+(DOT)GC
 AND G(DOT)TA TRIPLES
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Deposited on : 1993-11-15

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

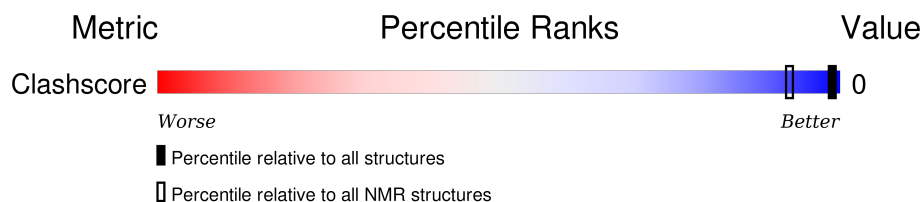
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

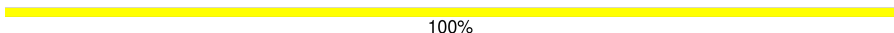
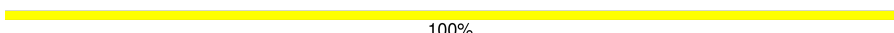
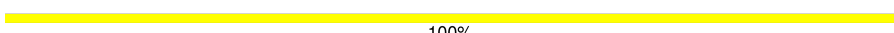
The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



| Metric | Whole archive (#Entries) | NMR archive (#Entries) |
|------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Clashscore | 114402 | 11133 |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |
|-----|-------|--------|---|
| 1 | A | 7 |  100% |
| 2 | B | 7 |  100% |
| 3 | C | 7 |  100% |

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 14 models. This entry does not contain protein, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 664 atoms, of which 247 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*AP*TP*TP*C)-3'.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | | Trace |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|----|----|----|----|---|-------|
| 1 | A | 7 | Total | C | H | N | O | P | 0 |
| | | | 217 | 67 | 82 | 20 | 42 | 6 | |

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*TP*AP*GP*G)-3'.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | | Trace |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|----|----|----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | B | 7 | Total | C | H | N | O | P | 0 |
| | | | 226 | 70 | 80 | 32 | 38 | 6 | |

- Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*CP*TP*TP*GP*TP*CP*C)-3'.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | | Trace |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|----|----|----|----|---|-------|
| 3 | C | 7 | Total | C | H | N | O | P | 0 |
| | | | 221 | 67 | 85 | 20 | 43 | 6 | |

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

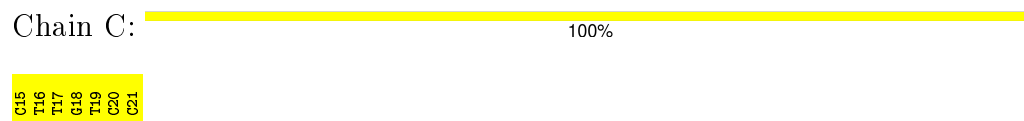
- Molecule 1: 5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*AP*TP*TP*C)-3'



- Molecule 2: 5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*TP*AP*GP*G)-3'



- Molecule 3: 5'-D(*CP*TP*TP*GP*TP*CP*C)-3'



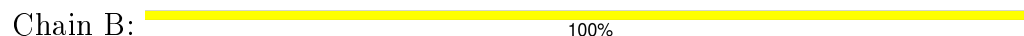
4.2 Residue scores for the first model from the NMR ensemble

No representative models were identified. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: 5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*AP*TP*TP*C)-3'



- Molecule 2: 5'-D(*GP*AP*AP*TP*AP*GP*G)-3'



G8
A9
A10
T11
A12
G13
G14

- Molecule 3: 5'-D(*CP*TP*TP*GP*TP*CP*C)-3'

Chain C:

100%

G15
T16
T17
G18
T19
C20
C21

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview ⓘ

The models were refined using the following method: ?.

Of the ? calculated structures, 14 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

| Software name | Classification | Version |
|---------------|----------------|---------|
| X-PLOR | refinement | |

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

| Mol | Chain | Bond lengths | | Bond angles | |
|-----|-------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| | | RMSZ | #Z>5 | RMSZ | #Z>5 |
| 1 | A | 4.15±0.09 | 31±2/149 (21.0±1.2%) | 3.99±0.14 | 46±3/227 (20.4±1.3%) |
| 2 | B | 4.21±0.09 | 23±2/165 (14.2±1.3%) | 5.18±0.14 | 68±3/254 (26.7±1.2%) |
| 3 | C | 4.37±0.12 | 28±2/150 (18.4±1.5%) | 4.33±0.08 | 51±3/229 (22.2±1.2%) |
| All | All | 4.24 | 1152/6496 (17.7%) | 4.56 | 2309/9940 (23.2%) |

5 of 133 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed(Å) | Ideal(Å) | Models | |
|-----|-------|-----|------|-------|--------|-------------|----------|--------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | Worst | Total |
| 3 | C | 18 | DG | N1-C2 | -15.94 | 1.25 | 1.37 | 13 | 14 |
| 2 | B | 13 | DG | C8-N7 | 15.41 | 1.40 | 1.30 | 8 | 14 |
| 3 | C | 18 | DG | C5-C4 | 15.38 | 1.49 | 1.38 | 14 | 14 |
| 3 | C | 21 | DC | N3-C4 | -14.31 | 1.24 | 1.33 | 1 | 14 |
| 1 | A | 5 | DT | N3-C4 | -14.23 | 1.27 | 1.38 | 4 | 14 |

5 of 249 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Atoms | Z | Observed(°) | Ideal(°) | Models | |
|-----|-------|-----|------|----------|--------|-------------|----------|--------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | Worst | Total |
| 2 | B | 10 | DA | N1-C6-N6 | -17.96 | 107.83 | 118.60 | 14 | 14 |
| 1 | A | 4 | DA | C5-C6-N1 | 17.82 | 126.61 | 117.70 | 5 | 14 |
| 3 | C | 18 | DG | N3-C4-C5 | -17.79 | 119.70 | 128.60 | 10 | 14 |
| 2 | B | 10 | DA | C2-N3-C4 | 17.61 | 119.40 | 110.60 | 9 | 14 |
| 3 | C | 19 | DT | C4-C5-C7 | 17.60 | 129.56 | 119.00 | 14 | 14 |

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes |
|-----|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|
| 3 | C | 136 | 85 | 79 | 0±0 |
| All | All | 5838 | 3458 | 3269 | 1 |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

| Atom-1 | Atom-2 | Clash(Å) | Distance(Å) | Models | |
|---------------|---------------|----------|-------------|--------|-------|
| | | | | Worst | Total |
| 3:C:20:DC:H2" | 3:C:21:DC:H5" | 0.41 | 1.92 | 4 | 1 |

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided