



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2AFJ  
Title : SPRY domain-containing SOCS box protein 2 (SSB-2)  
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)  
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : unknown  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

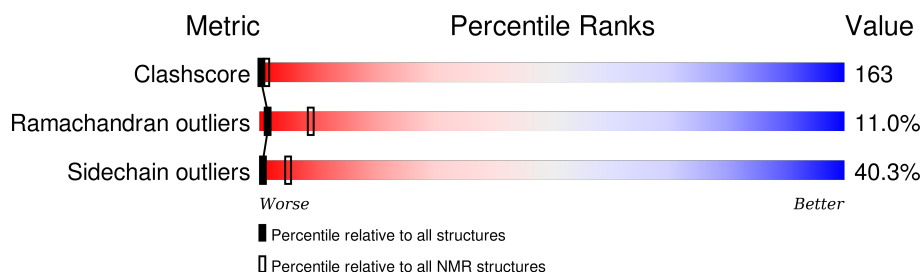
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 36%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	226	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 14 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:29-A:97, A:105-A:113, A:128-A:135, A:163-A:219 (143)	1.21	14

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19
2	2, 6, 12
3	16, 20

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3458 atoms, of which 1703 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called gene rich cluster, C9 gene.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	226	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3458	1096	1703	324	330	5	

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

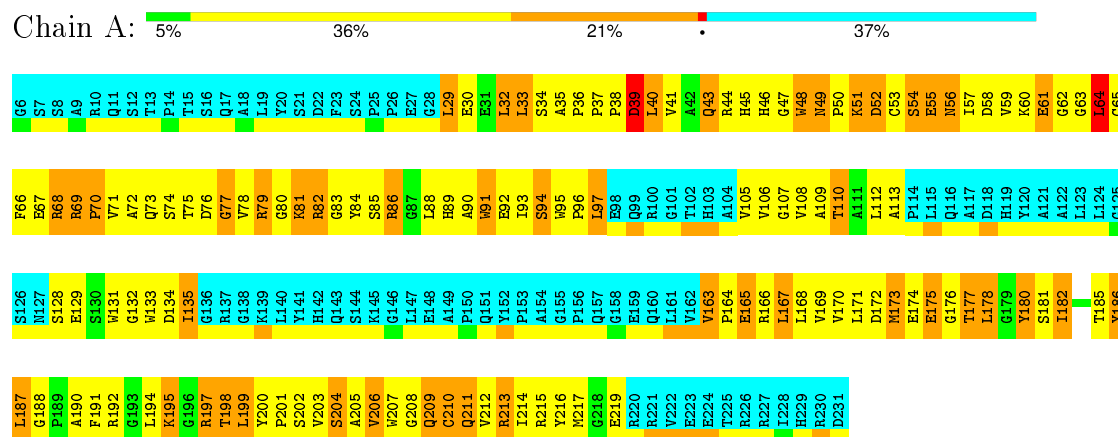
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	6	GLY	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	7	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	8	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	9	ALA	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	10	ARG	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	11	GLN	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	225	THR	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	226	ARG	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	227	ARG	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	228	ILE	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	229	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	230	ARG	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838
A	231	ASP	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP O88838

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

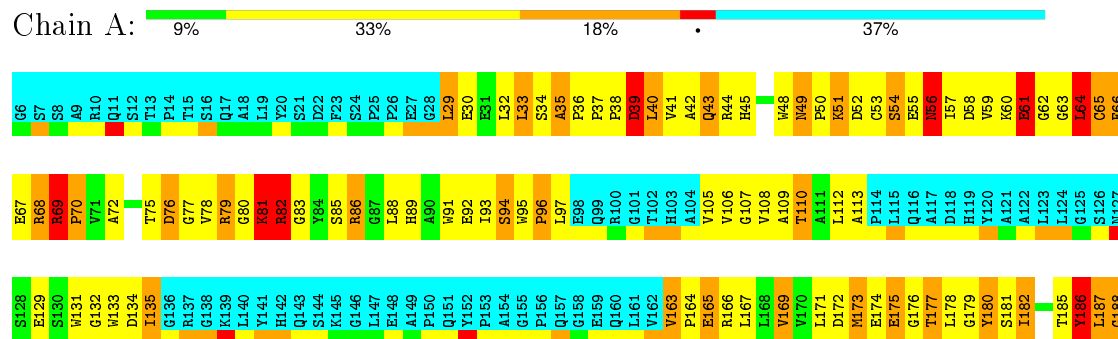
- Molecule 1: gene rich cluster, C9 gene



### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 14. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: gene rich cluster, C9 gene



P189	A190	F191	R192	G193	L194	K195	G196	R197	T198	L199	Y200	P201	S202	V203	S204	A205	V206	R207	G208	Q209	C210	Q211	V212	R213	T214	R215	Y216	R217	G218	E219	R220	R221	V222	E223	E224	T225	R226	R227	T228	H229	R230	D231
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## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, simulated annealing*.

Of the 194 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with acceptable covalent geometry*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	1.0.6
X-PLOR	structure solution	2.9.3
X-PLOR	refinement	2.9.3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6311
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	945
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	945
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	36%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1112	1090	1090	359±23
All	All	22240	21800	21800	7173

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 163.

5 of 3174 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:40:LEU:O	1:A:44:ARG:HB3	1.15	1.39	6	20
1:A:106:VAL:HG22	1:A:203:VAL:HG23	1.13	1.20	18	5
1:A:105:VAL:HG13	1:A:204:SER:O	1.13	1.42	20	4
1:A:108:VAL:HG21	1:A:199:LEU:HD13	1.12	1.21	8	2
1:A:97:LEU:O	1:A:97:LEU:HD22	1.11	1.44	6	1

### 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	143/226 (63%)	106±4 (74±3%)	21±3 (15±2%)	16±2 (11±2%)	1	9
All	All	2860/4520 (63%)	2129 (74%)	417 (15%)	314 (11%)	1	9

5 of 46 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	61	GLU	20
1	A	64	LEU	20
1	A	39	ASP	18
1	A	70	PRO	16
1	A	77	GLY	15

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	116/182 (64%)	69±5 (60±4%)	47±5 (40±4%)	0	5
All	All	2320/3640 (64%)	1384 (60%)	936 (40%)	0	5

5 of 102 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	197	ARG	20
1	A	33	LEU	20
1	A	43	GLN	20
1	A	182	ILE	20
1	A	51	LYS	20

### 6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 36% for the well-defined parts and 34% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6311

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	945
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	945
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	204	$-0.32 \pm 0.05$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	164	$0.09 \pm 0.12$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	202	$-0.12 \pm 0.09$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{15}\text{N}$	187	$0.33 \pm 0.23$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 36%, i.e. 621 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1733. 0 out of 28 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	514/697 (74%)	125/277 (45%)	265/286 (93%)	124/134 (93%)
Sidechain	107/885 (12%)	0/521 (0%)	107/321 (33%)	0/43 (0%)

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	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Aromatic	0/151 (0%)	0/78 (0%)	0/64 (0%)	0/9 (0%)
Overall	621/1733 (36%)	125/876 (14%)	372/671 (55%)	124/186 (67%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

