



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 07:04 PM BST

PDB ID : 2B1O  
Title : Solution Structure of Ca<sup>2+</sup>-bound DdCAD-1  
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Deposited on : 2005-09-16

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)  
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : unknown  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

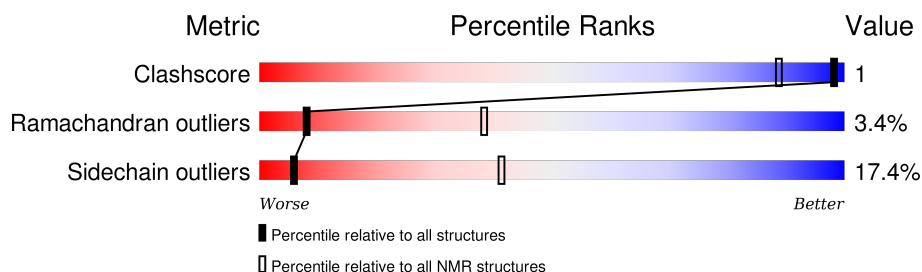
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 76%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	212	<div> <div></div> <div>80%</div> <div></div> <div>17%</div> <div>.</div> </div>

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:3-A:31, A:37-A:213 (206)	0.56	2

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 1 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10
Single-model clusters	7

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3040 atoms, of which 1361 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	212	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3037	1061	1361	276	332	7	

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

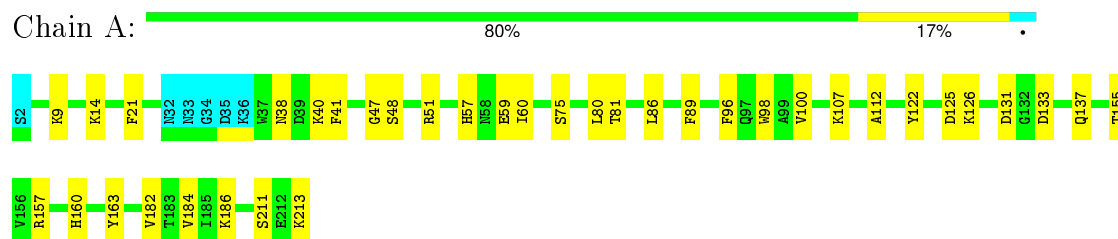
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
2	A	3	Total	Ca
			3	3

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1

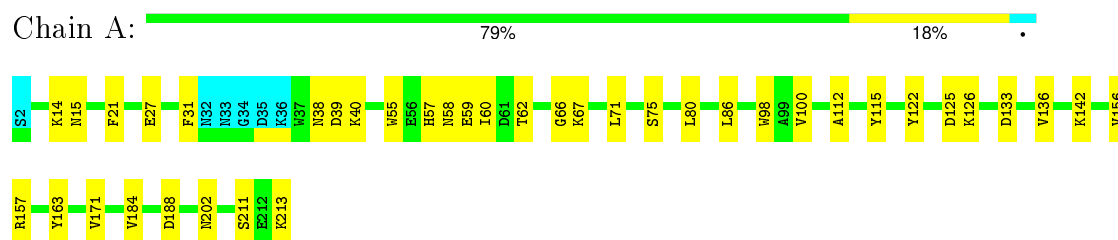


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

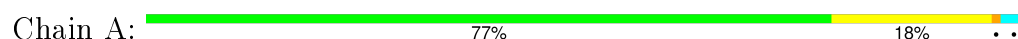
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

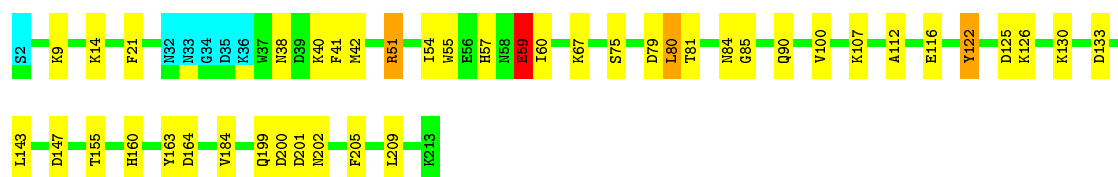
- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1

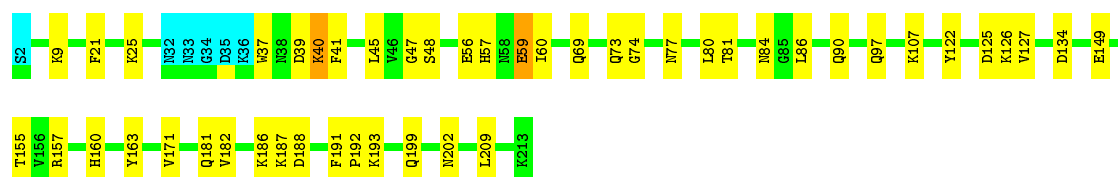




#### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1

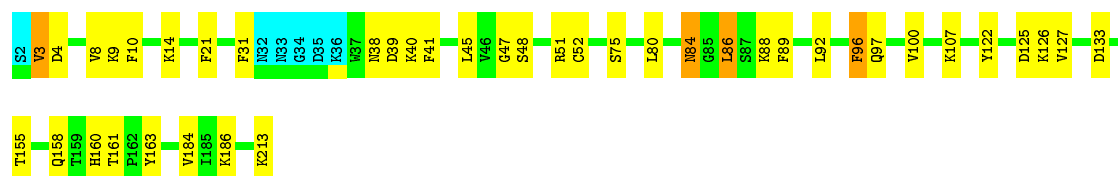
Chain A: 75% 21% . .



#### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1

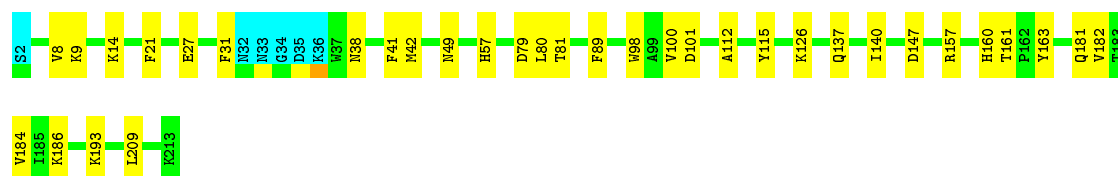
Chain A: 78% 17% . .



#### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

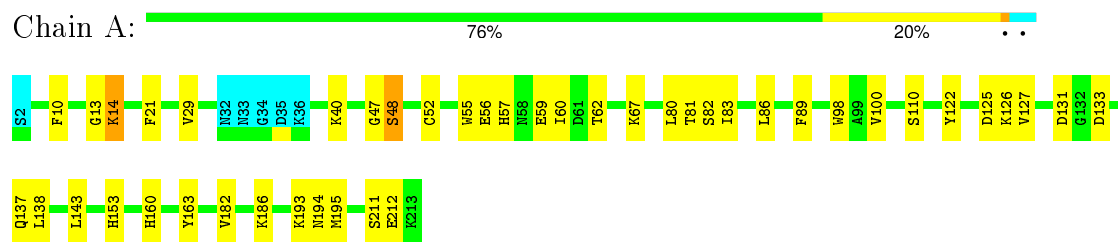
- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1

Chain A: 81% 16% .



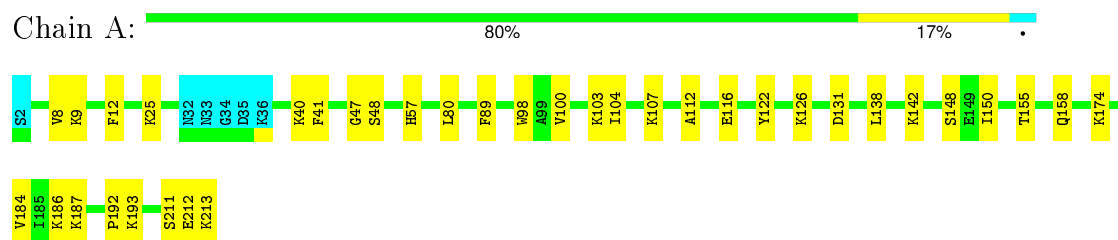
#### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1



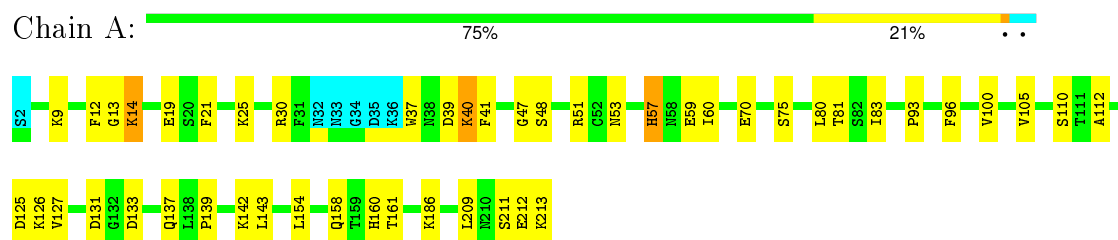
#### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1



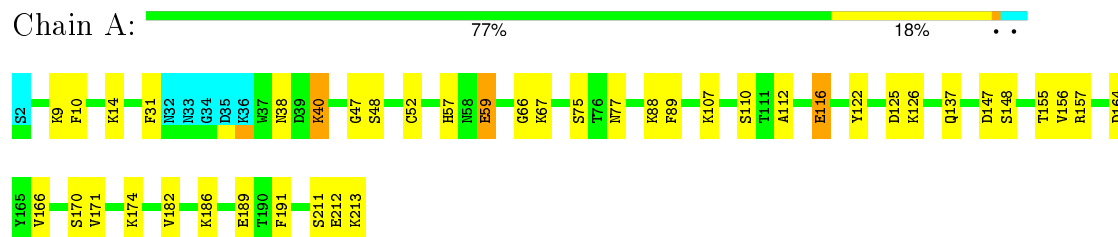
#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1



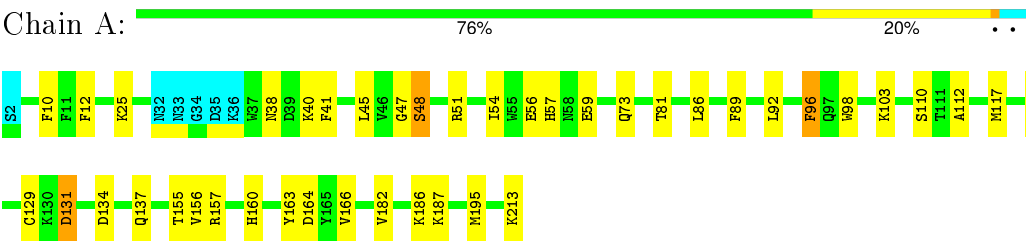
#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Calcium-dependent cell adhesion molecule-1





## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	1.0.5
Amber	refinement	7.0

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6159
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2204
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2204
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	76%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

## 6 Model quality

### 6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.71±0.01	0±0/1673 (0.0±0.0%)	1.02±0.02	1±1/2275 (0.1±0.1%)
All	All	0.71	0/16730 (0.0%)	1.02	13/22750 (0.1%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	59	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-6.21	115.85	123.30	2	4
1	A	51	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.08	123.34	120.30	10	3
1	A	56	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-5.34	116.89	123.30	3	3
1	A	124	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	5.25	118.77	110.90	10	1
1	A	157	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.15	122.87	120.30	1	2

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1633	1332	1577	2±1
All	All	16360	13320	15770	17

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:92:LEU:HD13	1:A:96:PHE:CE1	0.64	2.27	10	1
1:A:92:LEU:HD13	1:A:96:PHE:CE2	0.50	2.41	4	1
1:A:117:MET:HG3	1:A:156:VAL:HG22	0.46	1.86	10	1
1:A:181:GLN:HG2	1:A:182:VAL:H	0.46	1.70	3	2
1:A:3:VAL:HG22	1:A:4:ASP:H	0.46	1.70	4	1
1:A:80:LEU:HD13	1:A:80:LEU:H	0.45	1.71	2	1
1:A:116:GLU:O	1:A:156:VAL:HG23	0.45	2.11	9	1
1:A:191:PHE:CD1	1:A:192:PRO:HD2	0.44	2.47	3	1
1:A:115:TYR:CZ	1:A:156:VAL:HG21	0.44	2.48	1	1
1:A:93:PRO:CG	1:A:96:PHE:CD2	0.43	3.01	8	1
1:A:184:VAL:HG13	1:A:205:PHE:CZ	0.42	2.49	2	1
1:A:156:VAL:HG22	1:A:166:VAL:CG2	0.42	2.44	9	1
1:A:54:ILE:HB	1:A:86:LEU:HD13	0.42	1.91	10	1
1:A:96:PHE:CD2	1:A:139:PRO:CB	0.42	3.03	8	1
1:A:98:TRP:CZ2	1:A:140:ILE:HG21	0.42	2.50	5	1
1:A:41:PHE:CE2	1:A:89:PHE:CE2	0.41	3.09	5	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	205/212 (97%)	173±3 (84±2%)	25±4 (12±2%)	7±2 (3±1%)	8	38
All	All	2050/2120 (97%)	1730 (84%)	251 (12%)	69 (3%)	8	38

All 25 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	125	ASP	8
1	A	112	ALA	7
1	A	122	TYR	7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	48	SER	7
1	A	47	GLY	7
1	A	84	ASN	3
1	A	131	ASP	3
1	A	40	LYS	3
1	A	59	GLU	2
1	A	13	GLY	2
1	A	110	SER	2
1	A	39	ASP	2
1	A	14	LYS	2
1	A	66	GLY	2
1	A	60	ILE	2
1	A	71	LEU	1
1	A	85	GLY	1
1	A	193	LYS	1
1	A	212	GLU	1
1	A	3	VAL	1
1	A	202	ASN	1
1	A	192	PRO	1
1	A	86	LEU	1
1	A	74	GLY	1
1	A	57	HIS	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	188/193 (97%)	155±4 (83±2%)	33±4 (17±2%)	6	41
All	All	1880/1930 (97%)	1552 (83%)	328 (17%)	6	41

All 108 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	126	LYS	10
1	A	40	LYS	9
1	A	57	HIS	9

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	80	LEU	8
1	A	186	LYS	8
1	A	14	LYS	7
1	A	21	PHE	7
1	A	163	TYR	7
1	A	9	LYS	7
1	A	100	VAL	7
1	A	160	HIS	7
1	A	213	LYS	6
1	A	41	PHE	6
1	A	155	THR	6
1	A	81	THR	6
1	A	38	ASN	6
1	A	133	ASP	5
1	A	107	LYS	5
1	A	89	PHE	5
1	A	75	SER	5
1	A	59	GLU	5
1	A	211	SER	5
1	A	137	GLN	5
1	A	98	TRP	4
1	A	10	PHE	4
1	A	67	LYS	4
1	A	184	VAL	4
1	A	86	LEU	4
1	A	209	LEU	4
1	A	25	LYS	4
1	A	31	PHE	4
1	A	127	VAL	4
1	A	147	ASP	3
1	A	182	VAL	3
1	A	157	ARG	3
1	A	158	GLN	3
1	A	60	ILE	3
1	A	55	TRP	3
1	A	161	THR	3
1	A	193	LYS	3
1	A	212	GLU	3
1	A	45	LEU	3
1	A	12	PHE	3
1	A	143	LEU	3
1	A	187	LYS	3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	116	GLU	3
1	A	171	VAL	3
1	A	8	VAL	3
1	A	52	CYS	3
1	A	142	LYS	3
1	A	164	ASP	3
1	A	138	LEU	2
1	A	103	LYS	2
1	A	77	ASN	2
1	A	131	ASP	2
1	A	37	TRP	2
1	A	62	THR	2
1	A	199	GLN	2
1	A	96	PHE	2
1	A	90	GLN	2
1	A	134	ASP	2
1	A	148	SER	2
1	A	39	ASP	2
1	A	97	GLN	2
1	A	73	GLN	2
1	A	122	TYR	2
1	A	51	ARG	2
1	A	88	LYS	2
1	A	202	ASN	2
1	A	195	MET	2
1	A	48	SER	2
1	A	174	LYS	2
1	A	27	GLU	2
1	A	42	MET	2
1	A	188	ASP	2
1	A	110	SER	2
1	A	83	ILE	2
1	A	79	ASP	2
1	A	82	SER	1
1	A	170	SER	1
1	A	115	TYR	1
1	A	153	HIS	1
1	A	149	GLU	1
1	A	84	ASN	1
1	A	201	ASP	1
1	A	49	ASN	1
1	A	54	ILE	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	69	GLN	1
1	A	191	PHE	1
1	A	136	VAL	1
1	A	200	ASP	1
1	A	53	ASN	1
1	A	19	GLU	1
1	A	30	ARG	1
1	A	150	ILE	1
1	A	58	ASN	1
1	A	130	LYS	1
1	A	154	LEU	1
1	A	189	GLU	1
1	A	104	ILE	1
1	A	129	CYS	1
1	A	29	VAL	1
1	A	101	ASP	1
1	A	194	ASN	1
1	A	70	GLU	1
1	A	105	VAL	1
1	A	166	VAL	1
1	A	15	ASN	1

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 76% for the well-defined parts and 76% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6159

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2204
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2204
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	8

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	211	$0.13 \pm 0.07$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	198	$-0.20 \pm 0.18$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	—
$^{15}\text{N}$	200	$0.90 \pm 0.35$	Should be applied

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 1888 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2495. 30 out of 30 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	798/1008 (79%)	399/401 (100%)	205/412 (50%)	194/195 (99%)
Sidechain	1084/1248 (87%)	670/729 (92%)	390/467 (84%)	24/52 (46%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	6/239 (3%)	3/128 (2%)	0/105 (0%)	3/6 (50%)
Overall	1888/2495 (76%)	1072/1258 (85%)	595/984 (60%)	221/253 (87%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 1942 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2559. 30 out of 30 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	822/1038 (79%)	411/413 (100%)	211/424 (50%)	200/201 (100%)
Sidechain	1114/1282 (87%)	690/749 (92%)	398/478 (83%)	26/55 (47%)
Aromatic	6/239 (3%)	3/128 (2%)	0/105 (0%)	3/6 (50%)
Overall	1942/2559 (76%)	1104/1290 (86%)	609/1007 (60%)	229/262 (87%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	29	VAL	HB	-0.46	3.59 – 0.39	-7.7
1	A	140	ILE	HB	-0.39	3.24 – 0.34	-7.5
1	A	37	TRP	HB3	0.77	4.94 – 1.34	-6.6
1	A	103	LYS	HE3	1.69	3.86 – 1.96	-6.4
1	A	36	LYS	HB3	0.04	3.10 – 0.40	-6.3
1	A	187	LYS	HE3	1.92	3.86 – 1.96	-5.2
1	A	204	SER	HB3	2.43	5.25 – 2.45	-5.1
1	A	192	PRO	HD3	1.72	5.52 – 1.72	-5.0

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

