



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2016 – 07:26 PM GMT

PDB ID : 1FL7
Title : HUMAN FOLLICLE STIMULATING HORMONE
Authors : Fox, K.M.; Dias, J.A.; Van Roey, P.
Deposited on : 2000-08-11
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

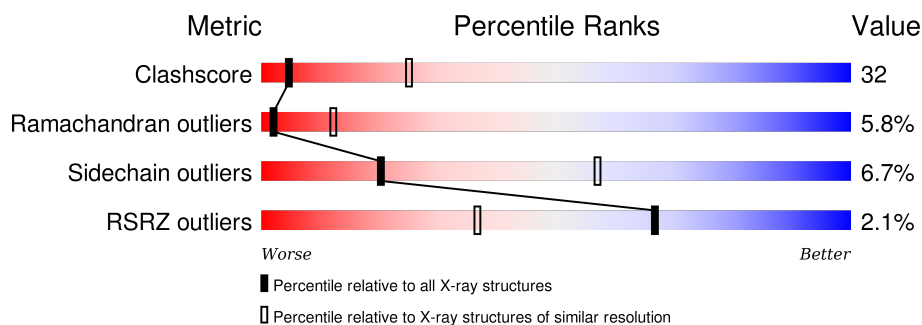
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	102246	1912 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1853 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1856 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1592 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	92	<div> <div>2%</div> <div>39% 45% 9% 7%</div> </div>
1	C	92	<div> <div>5%</div> <div>54% 36% . . .</div> </div>
2	B	111	<div> <div>%</div> <div>41% 45% 10% .</div> </div>
2	D	111	<div> <div></div> <div>50% 40% 5% 5%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	MAN	A	378	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3187 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called FOLLICLE STIMULATING PROTEIN ALPHA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	86	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			657	408	113	123	13			
1	C	88	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			674	417	117	127	13			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called FOLLICLE STIMULATING PROTEIN BETA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	107	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			832	519	139	161	13			
2	D	106	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			824	514	138	160	12			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	26	ALA	THR	ENGINEERED	UNP P01225
D	26	ALA	THR	ENGINEERED	UNP P01225

- Molecule 3 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (NAG-NAG).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
3	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

- Molecule 4 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (NAG-NAG-NAG).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		

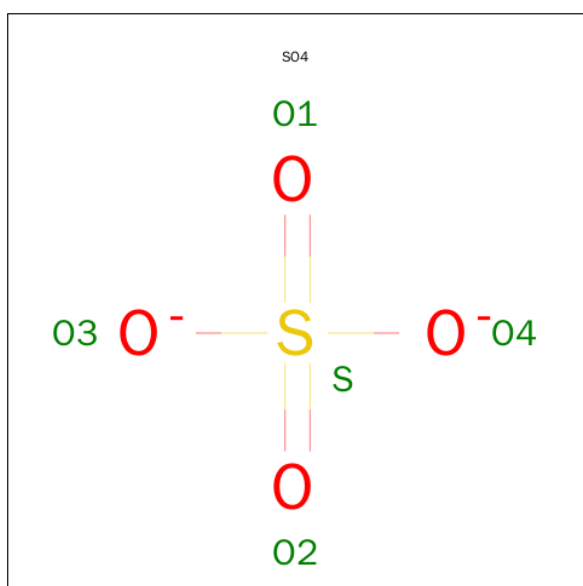
- Molecule 5 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (2-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
5	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

- Molecule 6 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (3-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	C	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		

- Molecule 7 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).

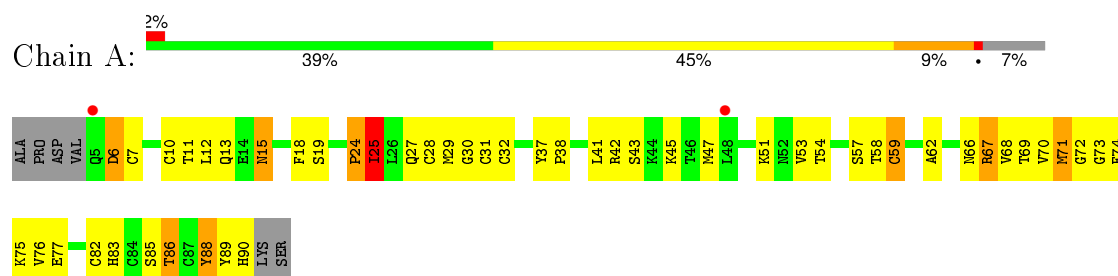


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	D	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
7	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

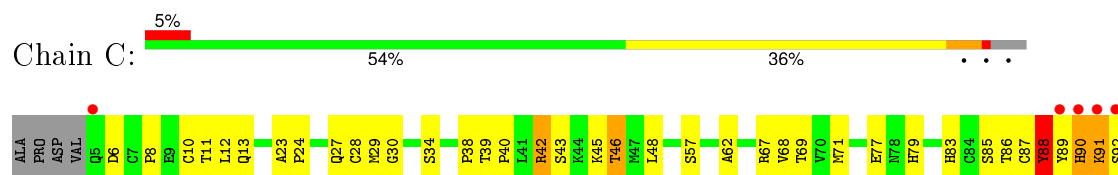
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

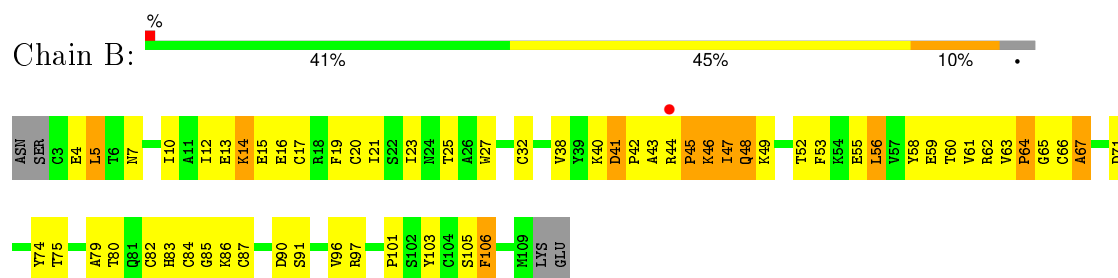
- Molecule 1: FOLLICLE STIMULATING PROTEIN ALPHA CHAIN



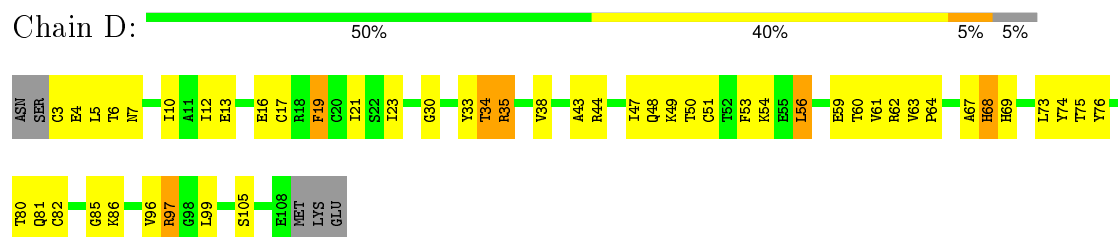
- Molecule 1: FOLLICLE STIMULATING PROTEIN ALPHA CHAIN



- Molecule 2: FOLLICLE STIMULATING PROTEIN BETA CHAIN



- Molecule 2: FOLLICLE STIMULATING PROTEIN BETA CHAIN



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	128.30Å 128.30Å 155.22Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 3.00 46.14 – 2.99	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (30.00-3.00) 99.0 (46.14-2.99)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.00 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 0.9	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.259 , 0.294 0.253 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	64.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.145	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 59.1	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	1 of 26483 reflections (0.004%)	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	3187	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	56.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, NAG, NDG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.40	0/672	0.80	2/910 (0.2%)
1	C	0.46	0/690	0.69	0/933
2	B	0.38	0/851	0.68	0/1155
2	D	0.39	0/843	0.67	0/1145
All	All	0.41	0/3056	0.71	2/4143 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
4	A	1	0

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	59	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-11.08	94.06	114.00
1	A	88	TYR	N-CA-C	-5.48	96.21	111.00

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
4	A	378	MAN	C1

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	657	0	621	52	0
1	C	674	0	631	39	0
2	B	832	0	782	71	0
2	D	824	0	773	56	0
3	A	28	0	25	4	0
3	C	28	0	25	0	0
4	A	39	0	34	2	0
5	B	28	0	25	2	0
5	D	28	0	25	6	0
6	C	39	0	34	4	0
7	B	5	0	0	1	0
7	D	5	0	0	0	0
All	All	3187	0	2975	197	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 32.

All (197) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:60:THR:HG22	2:B:75:THR:HG22	1.39	1.04
6:C:278:NDG:H5	6:C:378:MAN:H2	1.40	1.02
1:A:25:ILE:HD11	2:B:38:VAL:HG11	1.53	0.89
2:B:23:ILE:HD11	2:B:61:VAL:HG11	1.54	0.88
1:A:11:THR:HG22	1:A:12:LEU:N	1.88	0.87
2:B:42:PRO:HG2	2:D:105:SER:O	1.76	0.86
1:C:11:THR:HG22	1:C:12:LEU:H	1.42	0.84
1:A:15:ASN:C	1:A:15:ASN:HD22	1.81	0.82
1:C:11:THR:HG22	1:C:12:LEU:N	1.93	0.82
2:B:60:THR:CG2	2:B:75:THR:HG22	2.11	0.80
2:B:65:GLY:N	2:B:71:ASP:HB3	1.96	0.80
1:A:11:THR:CG2	1:A:12:LEU:H	1.95	0.79
2:B:49:LYS:HB3	2:B:84:CYS:O	1.82	0.79
1:A:11:THR:CG2	1:A:12:LEU:N	2.47	0.76
2:D:49:LYS:HD2	2:D:85:GLY:HA2	1.69	0.75

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:77:GLU:O	2:B:38:VAL:HG13	1.87	0.74
2:B:13:GLU:HB3	2:B:20:CYS:SG	2.28	0.73
1:A:83:HIS:NE2	1:A:85:SER:HB2	2.05	0.72
1:A:76:VAL:HB	2:B:38:VAL:HG12	1.70	0.71
3:A:152:NAG:H2	2:B:58:TYR:OH	1.91	0.70
1:A:19:SER:HA	1:A:25:ILE:HG22	1.73	0.70
2:D:23:ILE:HD12	2:D:61:VAL:HG21	1.74	0.70
1:A:10:CYS:HA	1:A:30:GLY:HA3	1.74	0.69
1:A:58:THR:HG21	1:C:92:SER:OXT	1.93	0.68
2:D:12:ILE:HG23	2:D:74:TYR:CD2	2.29	0.68
2:D:60:THR:OG1	2:D:75:THR:HG22	1.92	0.68
1:A:86:THR:HG23	2:D:96:VAL:HG21	1.75	0.68
2:B:44:ARG:HB3	2:B:45:PRO:HB3	1.73	0.68
2:B:12:ILE:HD11	2:B:23:ILE:HD12	1.75	0.67
2:D:7:ASN:ND2	5:D:112:NAG:H61	2.10	0.66
1:C:11:THR:CG2	1:C:12:LEU:H	2.09	0.66
2:D:35:ARG:HB3	2:D:35:ARG:HH11	1.60	0.65
2:B:41:ASP:OD2	2:B:43:ALA:HB3	1.95	0.65
1:C:87:CYS:O	1:C:88:TYR:HB3	1.96	0.65
1:C:29:MET:HG3	2:D:33:TYR:OH	1.96	0.64
2:B:27:TRP:HA	2:B:79:ALA:HB3	1.79	0.64
1:A:11:THR:HG22	1:A:12:LEU:H	1.52	0.64
2:D:7:ASN:CG	5:D:112:NAG:H61	2.18	0.64
1:C:86:THR:CG2	1:C:89:TYR:HB3	2.28	0.64
1:A:68:VAL:HG11	4:A:178:NAG:O7	1.96	0.64
1:C:11:THR:CG2	1:C:12:LEU:N	2.62	0.63
1:C:86:THR:HG21	1:C:89:TYR:HB3	1.80	0.63
1:A:53:VAL:HG12	1:A:54:THR:N	2.14	0.63
5:D:112:NAG:H4	5:D:113:NAG:N2	2.13	0.62
2:B:97:ARG:HB2	1:C:89:TYR:HD2	1.65	0.62
2:D:54:LYS:HD3	2:D:81:GLN:OE1	1.99	0.62
2:B:44:ARG:HE	2:B:45:PRO:HB3	1.65	0.62
1:C:43:SER:OG	2:D:99:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.61
2:D:7:ASN:OD1	5:D:112:NAG:H61	2.00	0.61
2:B:45:PRO:HG2	2:B:46:LYS:H	1.66	0.60
2:D:47:ILE:HB	2:D:86:LYS:HZ3	1.67	0.60
2:B:48:GLN:OE1	2:B:48:GLN:HA	2.01	0.60
1:C:89:TYR:CG	1:C:90:HIS:N	2.70	0.60
2:D:34:THR:CG2	2:D:48:GLN:HB3	2.31	0.59
2:D:63:VAL:HG13	2:D:64:PRO:HD2	1.85	0.58
6:C:278:NDG:H5	6:C:378:MAN:C2	2.20	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:47:ILE:HB	2:D:86:LYS:NZ	2.18	0.58
1:C:46:THR:HG22	1:C:46:THR:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:25:ILE:HD12	1:A:76:VAL:HG21	1.86	0.58
2:B:13:GLU:CB	2:B:20:CYS:SG	2.92	0.57
1:A:6:ASP:OD2	1:A:6:ASP:N	2.37	0.56
2:D:12:ILE:HB	2:D:21:ILE:HG13	1.87	0.56
2:D:61:VAL:HG23	2:D:76:TYR:HE2	1.71	0.56
1:C:87:CYS:O	1:C:88:TYR:CB	2.54	0.55
2:B:63:VAL:HG23	2:B:63:VAL:O	2.06	0.55
1:C:85:SER:OG	1:C:86:THR:N	2.39	0.55
2:B:5:LEU:HB2	2:B:82:CYS:SG	2.46	0.55
2:B:96:VAL:HG12	1:C:89:TYR:CD2	2.42	0.54
1:A:15:ASN:C	1:A:15:ASN:ND2	2.52	0.54
1:C:38:PRO:HG2	2:D:10:ILE:HG21	1.88	0.54
1:A:19:SER:OG	1:A:24:PRO:HA	2.08	0.54
2:D:16:GLU:HG2	2:D:69:HIS:CE1	2.42	0.54
1:A:53:VAL:CG1	1:A:54:THR:N	2.71	0.54
2:D:34:THR:HG22	2:D:48:GLN:HB3	1.88	0.54
2:D:59:GLU:O	2:D:75:THR:HA	2.07	0.53
1:A:66:ASN:O	1:A:67:ARG:HB3	2.08	0.53
1:A:77:GLU:CD	2:B:40:LYS:HZ3	2.12	0.53
2:B:61:VAL:HG22	2:B:62:ARG:N	2.22	0.53
1:A:83:HIS:CD2	1:A:85:SER:HB2	2.43	0.53
1:C:45:LYS:HB2	1:C:45:LYS:NZ	2.24	0.52
2:B:5:LEU:O	2:B:5:LEU:HD23	2.09	0.52
1:A:38:PRO:HG2	2:B:10:ILE:HG21	1.90	0.52
2:B:87:CYS:SG	2:B:87:CYS:O	2.68	0.52
1:A:66:ASN:HD22	1:A:66:ASN:N	2.08	0.52
2:B:65:GLY:H	2:B:71:ASP:HB3	1.73	0.52
2:B:59:GLU:O	2:B:75:THR:HA	2.10	0.52
2:B:7:ASN:ND2	5:B:112:NAG:H61	2.25	0.52
2:B:60:THR:HA	2:B:74:TYR:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:43:SER:O	1:A:47:MET:HB2	2.09	0.51
6:C:278:NDG:N2	6:C:378:MAN:C1	2.73	0.51
6:C:178:NAG:H62	6:C:278:NDG:N2	2.26	0.51
1:C:27:GLN:OE1	2:D:38:VAL:HG13	2.11	0.51
2:B:62:ARG:NH2	2:B:71:ASP:OD2	2.44	0.51
2:D:21:ILE:HD13	2:D:63:VAL:HG13	1.94	0.50
2:D:23:ILE:CD1	2:D:61:VAL:HG21	2.41	0.50
2:B:27:TRP:HA	2:B:79:ALA:CB	2.42	0.50
1:A:76:VAL:HB	2:B:38:VAL:CG1	2.41	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:88:TYR:OH	2:D:97:ARG:CZ	2.58	0.50
2:D:12:ILE:HB	2:D:21:ILE:CG1	2.41	0.50
2:B:83:HIS:NE2	2:B:85:GLY:HA3	2.26	0.50
2:D:4:GLU:O	2:D:6:THR:HG23	2.12	0.50
2:B:14:LYS:HB2	2:B:14:LYS:NZ	2.27	0.50
2:B:86:LYS:O	2:B:87:CYS:C	2.51	0.49
3:A:152:NAG:O7	3:A:152:NAG:H3	2.12	0.49
1:A:71:MET:O	1:A:73:GLY:N	2.45	0.49
2:B:105:SER:O	2:B:106:PHE:C	2.51	0.49
2:B:17:CYS:HB3	2:B:19:PHE:CE2	2.47	0.49
1:C:88:TYR:HD1	1:C:88:TYR:O	1.96	0.49
2:D:67:ALA:O	2:D:69:HIS:N	2.45	0.49
1:A:12:LEU:HD12	1:A:12:LEU:H	1.78	0.49
3:A:152:NAG:C2	2:B:58:TYR:OH	2.58	0.49
2:D:13:GLU:CD	2:D:105:SER:HB3	2.33	0.48
5:D:112:NAG:H4	5:D:113:NAG:HN2	1.79	0.48
2:B:47:ILE:O	2:B:48:GLN:HB2	2.13	0.48
2:B:86:LYS:O	2:B:86:LYS:HG3	2.12	0.48
2:B:45:PRO:CG	2:B:46:LYS:H	2.21	0.48
2:D:62:ARG:HG2	2:D:73:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.48
1:A:90:HIS:CB	2:B:40:LYS:HG2	2.43	0.48
1:C:27:GLN:HB2	2:D:38:VAL:CG1	2.44	0.48
2:D:63:VAL:CG1	2:D:64:PRO:HD2	2.44	0.47
1:A:32:CYS:HB2	1:A:58:THR:O	2.14	0.47
2:D:17:CYS:HB2	2:D:19:PHE:CE2	2.49	0.47
2:D:5:LEU:HD23	2:D:82:CYS:SG	2.54	0.47
1:A:42:ARG:HD2	2:B:103:TYR:OH	2.14	0.47
2:D:56:LEU:HD23	2:D:56:LEU:O	2.15	0.47
2:B:23:ILE:HD11	2:B:61:VAL:CG1	2.37	0.47
2:D:21:ILE:HD13	2:D:64:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.47
2:B:12:ILE:CD1	2:B:23:ILE:HD12	2.44	0.47
2:D:3:CYS:HA	2:D:30:GLY:HA3	1.96	0.47
2:D:21:ILE:CD1	2:D:63:VAL:HG13	2.45	0.47
2:B:55:GLU:HB2	2:B:80:THR:HB	1.97	0.47
4:A:278:NAG:O4	4:A:378:MAN:H62	2.16	0.47
2:B:45:PRO:O	2:B:46:LYS:CB	2.63	0.46
2:B:103:TYR:CE2	2:B:105:SER:HB3	2.50	0.46
2:B:96:VAL:HG12	1:C:89:TYR:CG	2.49	0.46
1:A:66:ASN:N	1:A:66:ASN:ND2	2.63	0.46
1:A:18:PHE:HB2	1:A:25:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.46
1:A:32:CYS:CB	1:A:58:THR:O	2.64	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:7:ASN:ND2	5:B:112:NAG:C6	2.78	0.46
2:D:12:ILE:HD11	2:D:23:ILE:CG2	2.45	0.45
2:D:5:LEU:HD11	2:D:80:THR:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:28:CYS:SG	1:A:62:ALA:HA	2.55	0.45
1:A:89:TYR:CD1	1:A:89:TYR:N	2.84	0.45
2:B:71:ASP:N	2:B:71:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.45
1:C:13:GLN:NE2	1:C:13:GLN:HA	2.32	0.45
1:A:27:GLN:HG2	1:A:29:MET:HE3	1.97	0.45
1:A:12:LEU:HD12	1:A:12:LEU:N	2.32	0.45
1:C:77:GLU:HG3	1:C:79:HIS:HE2	1.81	0.45
1:C:23:ALA:N	1:C:24:PRO:HD3	2.30	0.45
1:A:12:LEU:HG	1:A:82:CYS:SG	2.57	0.45
1:C:83:HIS:HE1	1:C:91:LYS:CB	2.30	0.45
2:D:33:TYR:HE2	2:D:35:ARG:HH12	1.63	0.45
1:C:10:CYS:HA	1:C:30:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.45
2:D:53:PHE:CE1	2:D:56:LEU:HD13	2.52	0.44
2:B:101:PRO:HD2	7:B:510:SO4:O3	2.17	0.44
1:A:47:MET:SD	1:A:51:LYS:HB2	2.57	0.44
1:A:13:GLN:HA	1:A:13:GLN:OE1	2.17	0.44
1:A:45:LYS:C	1:A:47:MET:H	2.21	0.44
2:D:50:THR:HG22	2:D:51:CYS:O	2.16	0.44
1:C:57:SER:HB3	2:D:50:THR:CG2	2.47	0.44
2:B:64:PRO:HA	2:B:71:ASP:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:C:42:ARG:HH11	2:D:105:SER:HB2	1.83	0.43
2:D:50:THR:HG22	2:D:51:CYS:N	2.32	0.43
2:B:66:CYS:O	2:B:67:ALA:C	2.56	0.43
2:D:34:THR:HG21	2:D:48:GLN:HB3	1.99	0.43
1:A:70:VAL:O	1:A:71:MET:C	2.56	0.43
2:B:61:VAL:HG22	2:B:62:ARG:H	1.84	0.42
2:B:52:THR:OG1	2:B:53:PHE:N	2.52	0.42
5:D:112:NAG:C4	5:D:113:NAG:N2	2.80	0.42
2:D:67:ALA:O	2:D:68:HIS:ND1	2.52	0.42
1:C:77:GLU:O	2:D:38:VAL:HB	2.20	0.42
1:A:37:TYR:CD2	2:B:101:PRO:HD3	2.55	0.42
2:B:45:PRO:CG	2:B:46:LYS:N	2.82	0.42
2:B:12:ILE:HB	2:B:21:ILE:HG12	2.02	0.42
2:D:67:ALA:C	2:D:69:HIS:H	2.22	0.42
2:D:16:GLU:H	2:D:16:GLU:CD	2.23	0.42
1:C:34:SER:HB2	2:D:50:THR:HG23	2.02	0.42
2:B:64:PRO:C	2:B:71:ASP:HB3	2.40	0.42
1:C:90:HIS:CG	1:C:91:LYS:H	2.37	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:39:THR:HA	1:C:40:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.42
2:B:44:ARG:HH11	1:C:46:THR:HG21	1.85	0.42
2:B:16:GLU:CD	2:B:16:GLU:H	2.23	0.42
1:A:67:ARG:HA	1:A:76:VAL:O	2.20	0.41
3:A:152:NAG:N2	2:B:58:TYR:OH	2.52	0.41
1:A:41:LEU:HD21	2:B:15:GLU:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:31:CYS:HA	2:B:32:CYS:O	2.21	0.41
1:C:48:LEU:O	1:C:48:LEU:HD23	2.20	0.41
1:A:45:LYS:C	1:A:47:MET:N	2.74	0.41
1:C:28:CYS:SG	1:C:62:ALA:HA	2.61	0.41
1:A:69:THR:OG1	1:A:75:LYS:HE3	2.20	0.41
1:C:48:LEU:HD23	1:C:48:LEU:C	2.41	0.41
1:C:67:ARG:O	1:C:68:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.40
1:C:38:PRO:CG	2:D:10:ILE:HG21	2.52	0.40
2:D:44:ARG:HD3	2:D:44:ARG:HA	1.90	0.40
2:B:56:LEU:O	2:B:56:LEU:HG	2.20	0.40
1:A:27:GLN:CD	2:B:38:VAL:HG23	2.41	0.40
2:B:44:ARG:NE	2:B:45:PRO:HB3	2.35	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	84/92 (91%)	70 (83%)	9 (11%)	5 (6%)	2	11
1	C	86/92 (94%)	76 (88%)	4 (5%)	6 (7%)	1	7
2	B	105/111 (95%)	80 (76%)	16 (15%)	9 (9%)	1	4
2	D	104/111 (94%)	95 (91%)	7 (7%)	2 (2%)	10	43
All	All	379/406 (93%)	321 (85%)	36 (10%)	22 (6%)	2	12

All (22) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	ILE
1	A	71	MET
2	B	45	PRO
2	B	46	LYS
2	B	91	SER
1	C	90	HIS
2	D	68	HIS
1	A	72	GLY
2	B	4	GLU
2	B	67	ALA
2	B	106	PHE
1	C	91	LYS
2	B	48	GLN
1	C	6	ASP
1	C	46	THR
1	C	88	TYR
1	A	24	PRO
2	B	64	PRO
2	D	43	ALA
1	A	67	ARG
1	C	8	PRO
2	B	47	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	77/83 (93%)	69 (90%)	8 (10%)	9	32
1	C	78/83 (94%)	74 (95%)	4 (5%)	29	69
2	B	94/98 (96%)	88 (94%)	6 (6%)	22	59
2	D	93/98 (95%)	88 (95%)	5 (5%)	27	66
All	All	342/362 (94%)	319 (93%)	23 (7%)	20	57

All (23) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	6	ASP
1	A	7	CYS
1	A	15	ASN
1	A	25	ILE
1	A	57	SER
1	A	59	CYS
1	A	74	PHE
1	A	86	THR
2	B	5	LEU
2	B	14	LYS
2	B	25	THR
2	B	41	ASP
2	B	56	LEU
2	B	90	ASP
1	C	42	ARG
1	C	69	THR
1	C	71	MET
1	C	88	TYR
2	D	19	PHE
2	D	34	THR
2	D	35	ARG
2	D	56	LEU
2	D	97	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	ASN
1	A	27	GLN
1	A	66	ASN
1	A	83	HIS
1	C	13	GLN
1	C	83	HIS
2	D	69	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

14 carbohydrates are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
3	NAG	A	152	1,3	14,14,15	0.79	0	15,19,21	0.81	1 (6%)
4	NAG	A	178	1,4	14,14,15	0.52	0	15,19,21	0.68	0
3	NDG	A	252	3	14,14,15	0.77	1 (7%)	15,19,21	0.73	1 (6%)
4	NAG	A	278	4	14,14,15	0.69	0	15,19,21	0.73	0
4	MAN	A	378	4	11,11,12	0.80	0	14,15,17	0.80	1 (7%)
5	NAG	B	112	2,5	14,14,15	0.85	0	15,19,21	0.79	0
5	NAG	B	113	5	14,14,15	0.90	1 (7%)	15,19,21	0.70	0
3	NAG	C	152	1,3	14,14,15	0.54	0	15,19,21	0.82	1 (6%)
6	NAG	C	178	1,6	14,14,15	0.52	0	15,19,21	1.27	2 (13%)
3	NDG	C	252	3	14,14,15	0.67	0	15,19,21	0.66	0
6	NDG	C	278	6	14,14,15	0.84	0	15,19,21	0.79	0
6	MAN	C	378	6	11,11,12	0.64	0	14,15,17	0.58	0
5	NAG	D	112	2,5	14,14,15	0.82	1 (7%)	15,19,21	1.05	1 (6%)
5	NAG	D	113	5	14,14,15	0.56	0	15,19,21	0.69	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	152	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	178	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NDG	A	252	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	278	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MAN	A	378	4	1/1/4/5	0/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	112	2,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	113	5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	152	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	C	178	1,6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NDG	C	252	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NDG	C	278	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	C	378	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	D	112	2,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	D	113	5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	D	112	NAG	C1-C2	2.15	1.55	1.52
3	A	252	NDG	C1-C2	2.19	1.55	1.52
5	B	113	NAG	C1-C2	2.72	1.56	1.52

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	C	178	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.25	106.18	111.23
6	C	178	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.49	119.83	123.04
3	C	152	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.44	119.91	123.04
5	D	113	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.18	120.24	123.04
3	A	252	NDG	C2-N2-C7	-2.09	120.35	123.04
3	A	152	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.04	114.83	112.25
4	A	378	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.23	115.08	112.25
5	D	112	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.58	115.24	111.23

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
4	A	378	MAN	C1

There are no torsion outliers.

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	378	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

10 monomers are involved in 18 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	152	NAG	4	0
4	A	178	NAG	1	0
4	A	278	NAG	1	0
4	A	378	MAN	1	0
5	B	112	NAG	2	0
6	C	178	NAG	1	0
6	C	278	NDG	4	0
6	C	378	MAN	3	0
5	D	112	NAG	6	0
5	D	113	NAG	3	0

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
7	SO4	B	510	-	4,4,4	0.67	0	6,6,6	0.18	0
7	SO4	D	410	-	4,4,4	0.23	0	6,6,6	0.25	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	SO4	B	510	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
7	SO4	D	410	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	B	510	SO4	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	86/92 (93%)	-0.02	2 (2%) 64 33	15, 45, 99, 100	0
1	C	88/92 (95%)	0.02	5 (5%) 27 10	19, 35, 98, 100	0
2	B	107/111 (96%)	0.04	1 (0%) 85 64	14, 59, 96, 100	0
2	D	106/111 (95%)	-0.35	0 100 100	18, 45, 84, 100	0
All	All	387/406 (95%)	-0.08	8 (2%) 67 36	14, 48, 98, 100	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	92	SER	8.6
1	C	91	LYS	8.4
1	C	89	TYR	6.6
1	C	90	HIS	6.2
1	A	48	LEU	2.8
1	A	5	GLN	2.7
1	C	5	GLN	2.3
2	B	44	ARG	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors

of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
6	NAG	C	178	14/15	0.93	0.21	0.92	50,50,50,50	0
5	NAG	D	112	14/15	0.74	0.21	-0.54	100,100,100,100	0
4	NAG	A	178	14/15	0.94	0.17	-0.76	51,51,51,51	0
4	NAG	A	278	14/15	0.77	0.24	-	100,100,100,100	0
3	NAG	A	152	14/15	0.81	0.33	-	100,100,100,100	0
3	NAG	C	152	14/15	0.83	0.21	-	92,92,92,92	0
5	NAG	B	113	14/15	0.65	0.36	-	100,100,100,100	0
5	NAG	D	113	14/15	0.71	0.44	-	100,100,100,100	0
4	MAN	A	378	11/12	0.71	0.38	-	100,100,100,100	0
5	NAG	B	112	14/15	0.65	0.30	-	100,100,100,100	0
6	MAN	C	378	11/12	0.70	0.41	-	100,100,100,100	0
3	NDG	A	252	14/15	0.76	0.39	-	100,100,100,100	0
3	NDG	C	252	14/15	0.79	0.38	-	100,100,100,100	0
6	NDG	C	278	14/15	0.87	0.34	-	100,100,100,100	0

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
7	SO4	D	410	5/5	0.98	0.15	-1.17	54,54,54,54	0
7	SO4	B	510	5/5	0.92	0.16	-	54,54,54,54	0

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.