



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 08:51 PM BST

PDB ID : 2I50
Title : Solution Structure of Ubp-M Znf-UBP domain
Authors : Pai, M.-T.
Deposited on : 2006-08-23

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

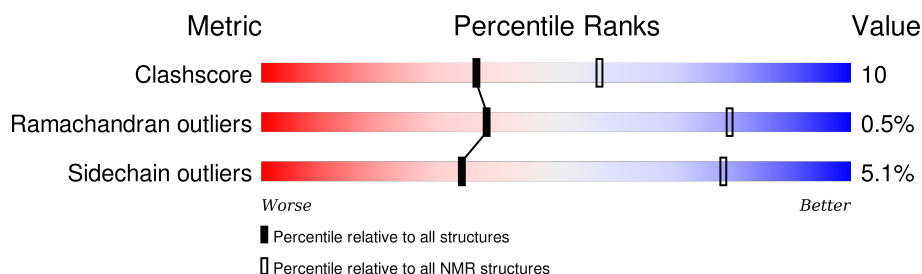
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 83%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	126	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:7-A:35, A:52-A:108, A:112-A:126 (101)	0.26	3

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 14, 16, 20
2	6, 9, 10, 15
3	5, 11
4	12, 18
Single-model clusters	8; 13; 17; 19

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1927 atoms, of which 943 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16.

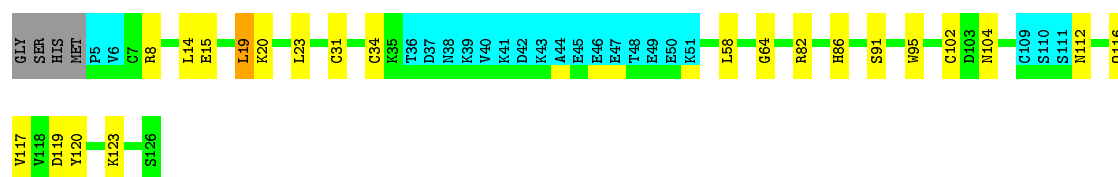
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	122	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1924	605	943	179	187	10	

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9Y5T5
A	2	SER	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9Y5T5
A	3	HIS	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9Y5T5
A	4	MET	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	UNP Q9Y5T5

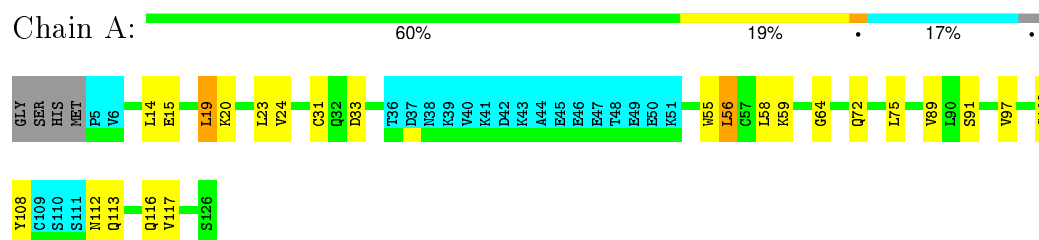
- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
2	A	3	Total	Zn
			3	3



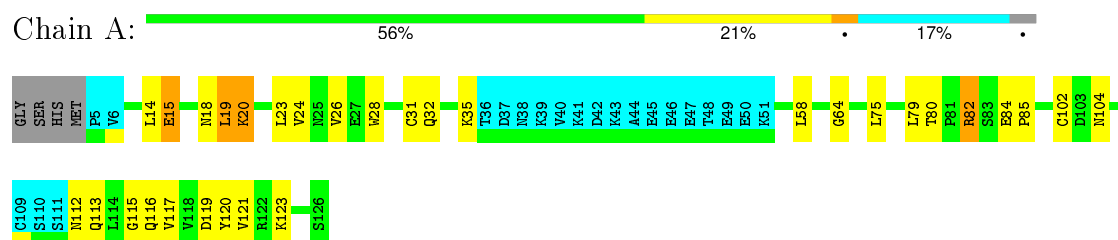
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



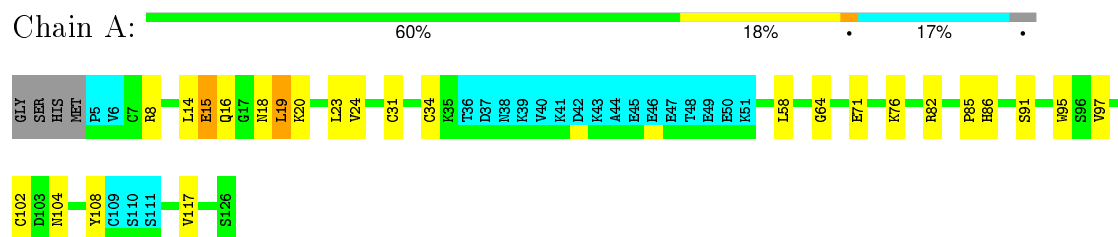
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



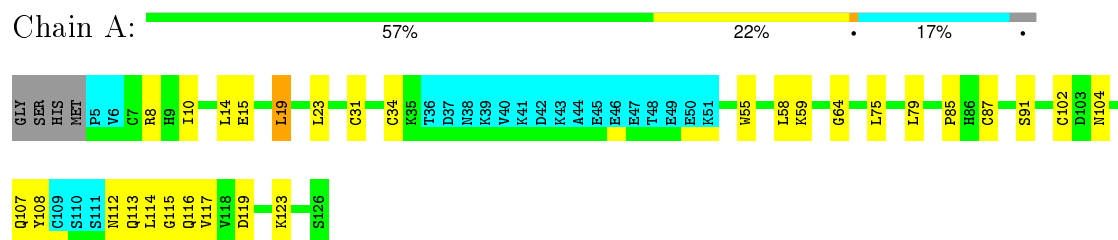
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



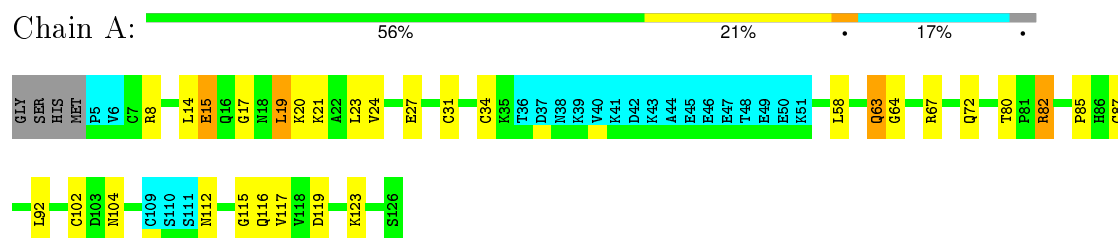
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



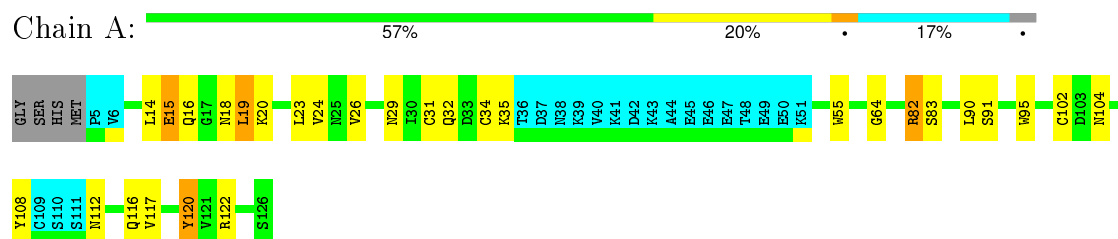
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



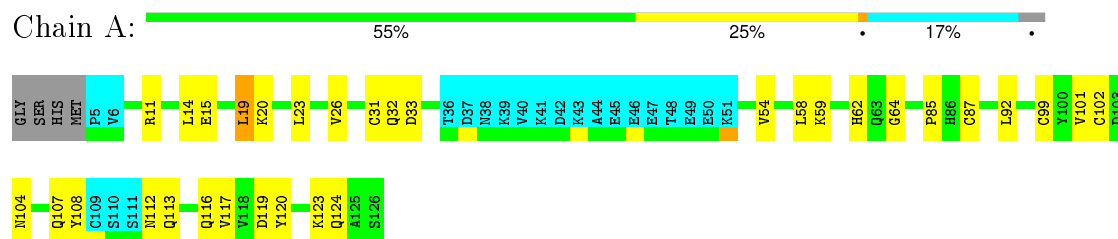
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



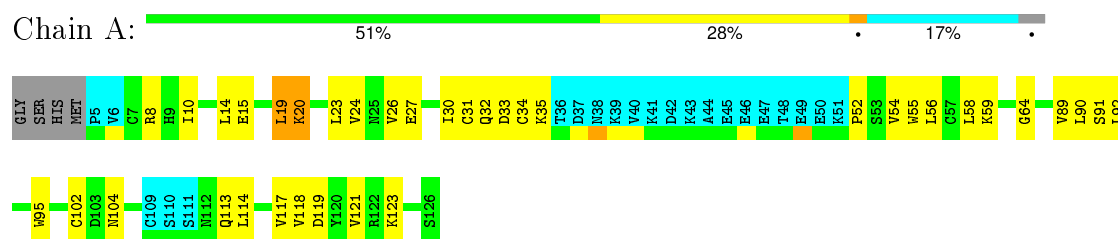
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



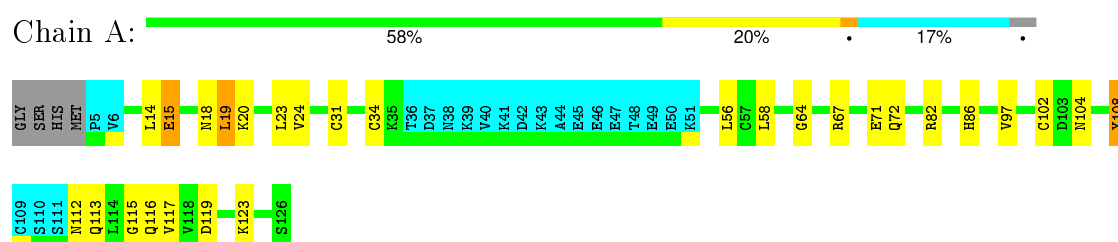
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



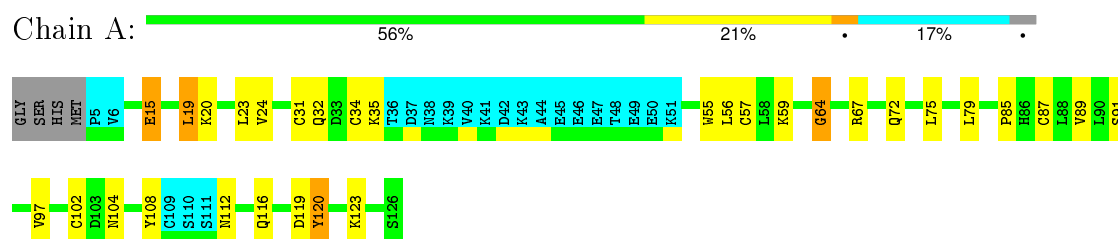
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



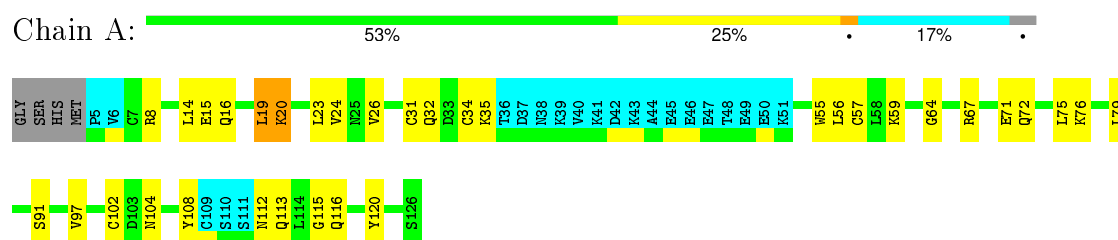
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



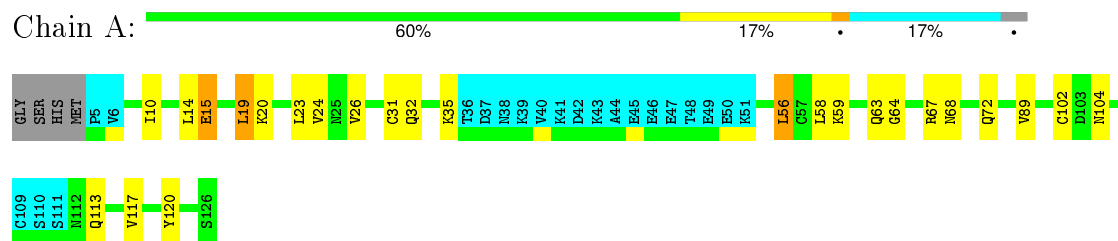
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



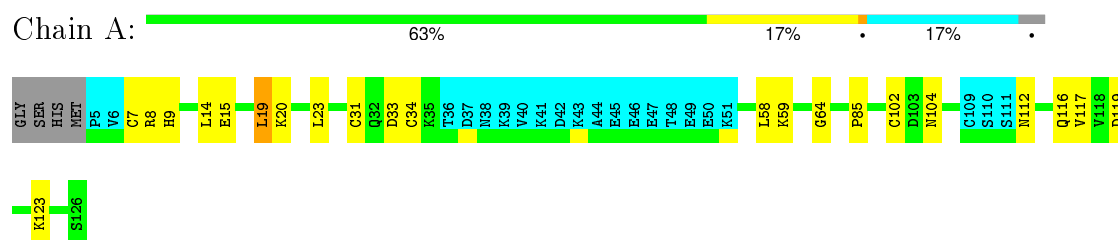
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



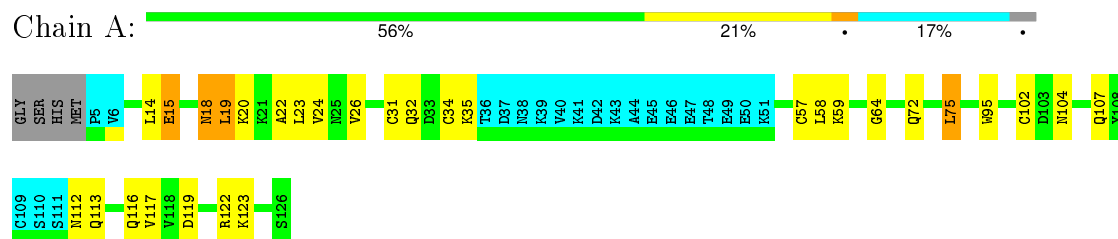
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



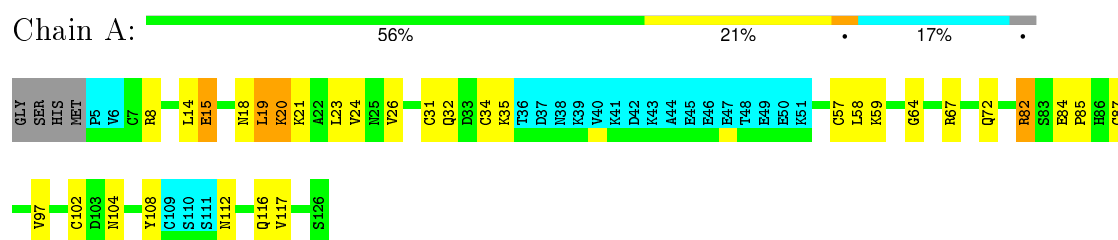
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



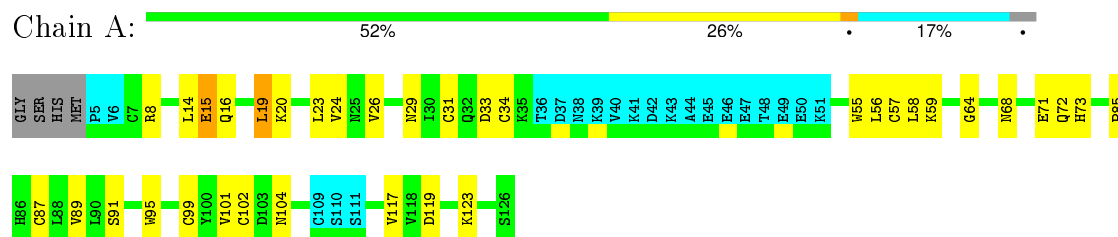
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



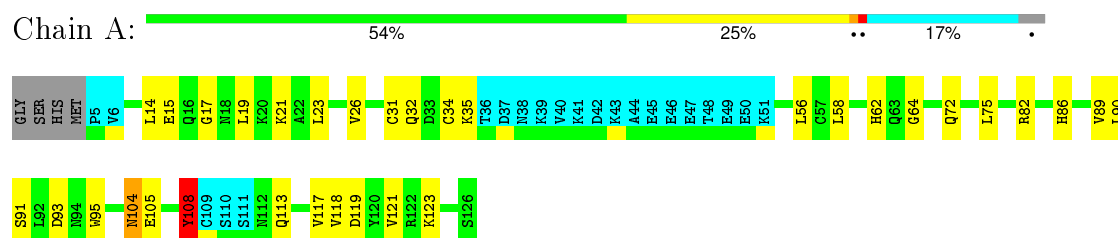
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



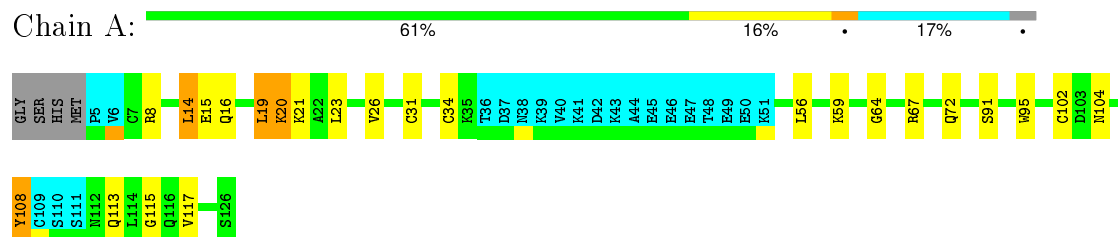
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 16



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, molecular dynamics*.

Of the 40 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with favorable non-bond energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
XPLOR-NIH	refinement	2.9.7

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 7298
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1406
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1406
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	83%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.03±0.02	0±0/837 (0.0±0.0%)	0.74±0.02	0±0/1131 (0.0±0.0%)
All	All	1.03	1/16740 (0.0%)	0.74	0/22620 (0.0%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	64	GLY	N-CA	-5.61	1.37	1.46	12	1

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	818	788	788	16±3
All	All	16420	15760	15760	324

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:31:CYS:SG	1:A:64:GLY:HA2	0.74	2.22	3	20
1:A:19:LEU:O	1:A:23:LEU:HG	0.69	1.87	19	20
1:A:14:LEU:HD21	1:A:117:VAL:HG21	0.68	1.63	9	17
1:A:102:CYS:HB3	1:A:104:ASN:OD1	0.64	1.92	16	19
1:A:118:VAL:HA	1:A:121:VAL:HG22	0.62	1.72	19	2
1:A:15:GLU:HB2	1:A:59:LYS:HD2	0.62	1.72	15	7
1:A:14:LEU:HD11	1:A:117:VAL:HG21	0.60	1.73	20	1
1:A:15:GLU:O	1:A:19:LEU:HD23	0.60	1.97	11	18
1:A:67:ARG:HA	1:A:72:GLN:NE2	0.59	2.12	20	7
1:A:85:PRO:HB2	1:A:87:CYS:SG	0.58	2.38	18	6
1:A:82:ARG:HD3	1:A:82:ARG:O	0.58	1.98	8	1
1:A:104:ASN:HD22	1:A:104:ASN:C	0.57	2.01	19	1
1:A:14:LEU:HD22	1:A:113:GLN:HE21	0.57	1.58	16	4
1:A:71:GLU:HG2	1:A:72:GLN:N	0.56	2.16	18	1
1:A:20:LYS:O	1:A:24:VAL:HG23	0.56	2.01	8	14
1:A:112:ASN:O	1:A:116:GLN:HG2	0.55	2.01	15	3
1:A:119:ASP:O	1:A:123:LYS:HG2	0.55	2.01	2	6
1:A:14:LEU:HD12	1:A:113:GLN:NE2	0.55	2.17	13	1
1:A:23:LEU:HD11	1:A:121:VAL:HG12	0.54	1.80	19	1
1:A:14:LEU:HA	1:A:58:LEU:O	0.54	2.03	14	14
1:A:14:LEU:HD22	1:A:113:GLN:NE2	0.53	2.18	19	4
1:A:71:GLU:HG3	1:A:73:HIS:CE1	0.53	2.38	18	1
1:A:82:ARG:HD2	1:A:84:GLU:O	0.52	2.03	4	1
1:A:71:GLU:HG3	1:A:73:HIS:CG	0.52	2.39	18	1
1:A:20:LYS:HA	1:A:120:TYR:OH	0.52	2.05	14	8
1:A:32:GLN:O	1:A:35:LYS:HG2	0.52	2.04	16	6
1:A:71:GLU:HG3	1:A:73:HIS:ND1	0.52	2.19	18	1
1:A:19:LEU:HD21	1:A:58:LEU:O	0.51	2.05	9	9
1:A:31:CYS:O	1:A:34:CYS:HB2	0.51	2.06	2	14
1:A:104:ASN:HD22	1:A:105:GLU:N	0.51	2.04	19	1
1:A:63:GLN:OE1	1:A:92:LEU:HD11	0.50	2.05	7	1
1:A:23:LEU:O	1:A:26:VAL:HG22	0.50	2.07	14	5
1:A:112:ASN:O	1:A:116:GLN:HG3	0.50	2.06	12	10
1:A:57:CYS:SG	1:A:59:LYS:HB3	0.50	2.46	16	6
1:A:15:GLU:HB3	1:A:18:ASN:ND2	0.50	2.22	1	2
1:A:119:ASP:O	1:A:123:LYS:HG3	0.50	2.07	16	6
1:A:67:ARG:HA	1:A:72:GLN:CD	0.50	2.27	14	1
1:A:72:GLN:OE1	1:A:75:LEU:HD22	0.49	2.08	19	2
1:A:82:ARG:CZ	1:A:86:HIS:HB2	0.49	2.38	5	3
1:A:16:GLN:O	1:A:20:LYS:HG2	0.48	2.08	20	4
1:A:32:GLN:OE1	1:A:62:HIS:HA	0.48	2.08	9	1
1:A:80:THR:O	1:A:82:ARG:HG3	0.48	2.08	4	2

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:91:SER:O	1:A:95:TRP:HA	0.47	2.09	18	7
1:A:112:ASN:OD1	1:A:114:LEU:HB3	0.47	2.08	1	1
1:A:15:GLU:O	1:A:19:LEU:HG	0.47	2.10	12	1
1:A:28:TRP:CH2	1:A:121:VAL:HG13	0.46	2.45	4	1
1:A:56:LEU:O	1:A:89:VAL:HA	0.46	2.11	3	6
1:A:58:LEU:HD21	1:A:90:LEU:HD23	0.46	1.87	19	1
1:A:75:LEU:O	1:A:79:LEU:HG	0.46	2.11	12	5
1:A:71:GLU:O	1:A:76:LYS:HE3	0.46	2.11	5	2
1:A:17:GLY:O	1:A:21:LYS:HG2	0.46	2.11	7	2
1:A:14:LEU:HD12	1:A:113:GLN:HE21	0.45	1.70	13	2
1:A:55:TRP:HA	1:A:90:LEU:O	0.45	2.11	10	2
1:A:55:TRP:CZ3	1:A:91:SER:HB3	0.45	2.46	18	6
1:A:104:ASN:ND2	1:A:104:ASN:C	0.45	2.70	19	1
1:A:95:TRP:CH2	1:A:122:ARG:HA	0.45	2.47	8	2
1:A:99:CYS:SG	1:A:101:VAL:HG12	0.44	2.52	9	2
1:A:97:VAL:HG23	1:A:108:TYR:CE2	0.44	2.47	12	3
1:A:23:LEU:HA	1:A:26:VAL:HB	0.44	1.90	10	1
1:A:27:GLU:CG	1:A:30:ILE:HB	0.44	2.43	10	1
1:A:67:ARG:HA	1:A:72:GLN:HE21	0.44	1.73	7	1
1:A:22:ALA:O	1:A:26:VAL:HB	0.44	2.13	1	2
1:A:108:TYR:N	1:A:108:TYR:CD1	0.43	2.86	19	1
1:A:82:ARG:NH2	1:A:86:HIS:HB2	0.43	2.27	19	1
1:A:72:GLN:OE1	1:A:75:LEU:HG	0.43	2.13	16	1
1:A:82:ARG:HD3	1:A:84:GLU:O	0.43	2.13	17	1
1:A:10:ILE:O	1:A:14:LEU:HB3	0.43	2.14	14	2
1:A:14:LEU:HD11	1:A:114:LEU:HA	0.42	1.90	6	1
1:A:97:VAL:HG23	1:A:108:TYR:CE1	0.42	2.49	3	3
1:A:54:VAL:HG12	1:A:92:LEU:HD12	0.42	1.91	9	2
1:A:56:LEU:HA	1:A:62:HIS:O	0.42	2.15	19	1
1:A:7:CYS:SG	1:A:9:HIS:HB2	0.42	2.55	15	1
1:A:16:GLN:O	1:A:19:LEU:HB2	0.42	2.15	13	1
1:A:32:GLN:HA	1:A:35:LYS:HG2	0.42	1.92	10	2
1:A:14:LEU:CD1	1:A:114:LEU:HA	0.41	2.46	10	2
1:A:14:LEU:HB3	1:A:113:GLN:NE2	0.41	2.31	11	1
1:A:32:GLN:O	1:A:35:LYS:HB3	0.41	2.16	8	1
1:A:108:TYR:CD1	1:A:115:GLY:HA2	0.40	2.52	20	1
1:A:10:ILE:HG22	1:A:113:GLN:HE21	0.40	1.75	10	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	100/126 (79%)	95±1 (95±1%)	4±1 (4±1%)	0±1 (0±1%)	38 79
All	All	2000/2520 (79%)	1902 (95%)	89 (4%)	9 (0%)	38 79

All 3 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	108	TYR	5
1	A	85	PRO	3
1	A	83	SER	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	92/115 (80%)	87±2 (95±2%)	5±2 (5±2%)	34 78
All	All	1840/2300 (80%)	1747 (95%)	93 (5%)	34 78

All 25 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	19	LEU	19
1	A	15	GLU	12
1	A	8	ARG	11
1	A	18	ASN	7
1	A	20	LYS	6
1	A	56	LEU	5
1	A	107	GLN	4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	26	VAL	4
1	A	82	ARG	4
1	A	68	ASN	2
1	A	63	GLN	2
1	A	29	ASN	2
1	A	21	LYS	2
1	A	120	TYR	2
1	A	108	TYR	1
1	A	52	PRO	1
1	A	27	GLU	1
1	A	93	ASP	1
1	A	71	GLU	1
1	A	14	LEU	1
1	A	11	ARG	1
1	A	124	GLN	1
1	A	104	ASN	1
1	A	16	GLN	1
1	A	75	LEU	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 83% for the well-defined parts and 83% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 7298

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1406
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1406
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	5

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	122	-0.15 ± 0.22	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	116	0.42 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	—
^{15}N	113	-0.18 ± 0.44	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 1066 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1283. 20 out of 21 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	388/499 (78%)	194/199 (97%)	100/202 (50%)	94/98 (96%)
Sidechain	586/669 (88%)	367/395 (93%)	203/236 (86%)	16/38 (42%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	92/115 (80%)	50/60 (83%)	38/46 (83%)	4/9 (44%)
Overall	1066/1283 (83%)	611/654 (93%)	341/484 (70%)	114/145 (79%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 1266 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1528. 21 out of 23 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	466/602 (77%)	233/240 (97%)	120/244 (49%)	113/118 (96%)
Sidechain	708/811 (87%)	446/478 (93%)	245/290 (84%)	17/43 (40%)
Aromatic	92/115 (80%)	50/60 (83%)	38/46 (83%)	4/9 (44%)
Overall	1266/1528 (83%)	729/778 (94%)	403/580 (69%)	134/170 (79%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	64	GLY	HA3	6.38	5.80 – 2.00	6.5
1	A	91	SER	HB2	2.20	5.18 – 2.58	-6.5
1	A	71	GLU	HB2	0.71	3.08 – 0.98	-6.3
1	A	33	ASP	HB2	1.07	4.07 – 1.37	-6.1
1	A	122	ARG	HG2	0.17	2.92 – 0.22	-5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

