



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 10:49 PM BST

PDB ID : 2KEP  
Title : Solution structure of XcpT, the main component of the type 2 secretion system of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*  
Authors : Alphonse, S.; Durand, E.; Douzi, B.; Darbon, H.; Filloux, A.; Voulhoux, R.; Bernard, C.  
Deposited on : 2009-02-02

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)  
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : unknown  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

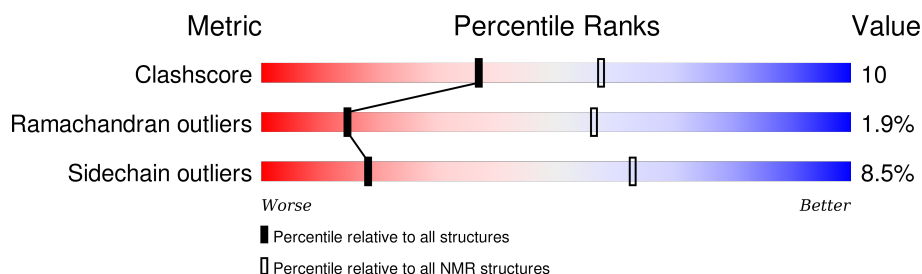
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 85%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	110	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 11 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *fewest violations*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:39-A:117, A:121-A:148 (107)	0.37	11

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 6, 11, 13, 17, 18, 19
2	2, 5, 20
3	10, 15
4	12, 14
5	3, 8
Single-model clusters	7; 9; 16

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1660 atoms, of which 816 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called General secretion pathway protein G.

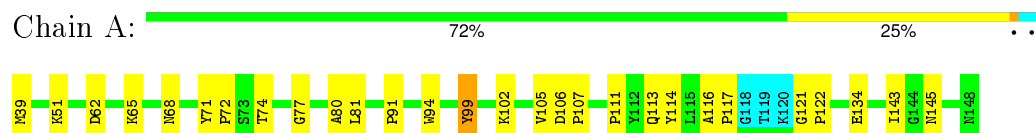
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	110	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1660	535	816	141	166	2	

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G

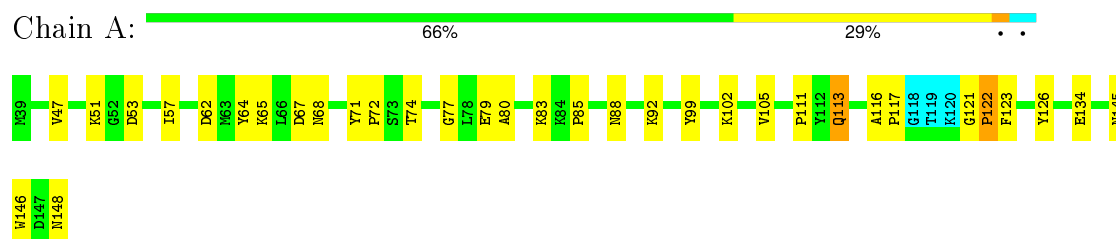


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

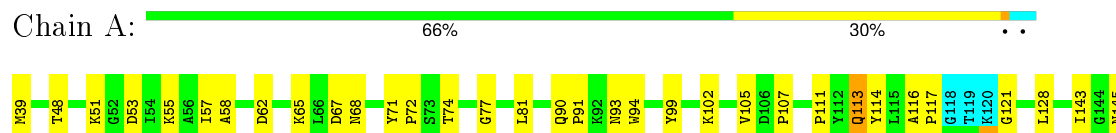
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G

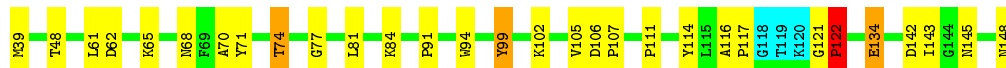




### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G

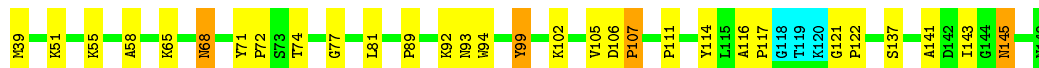
Chain A: 70% 24% . . .



### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G

Chain A: 70% 24% . .



### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G

Chain A: 67% 28% . .



### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

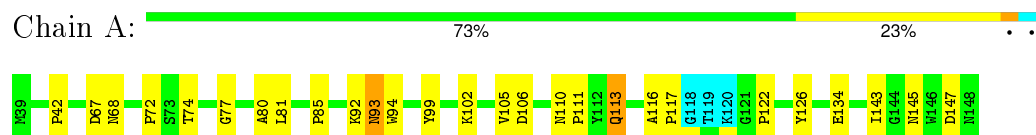
- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G

Chain A: 65% 29% . . .



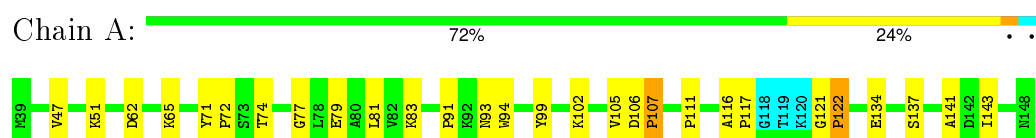
### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



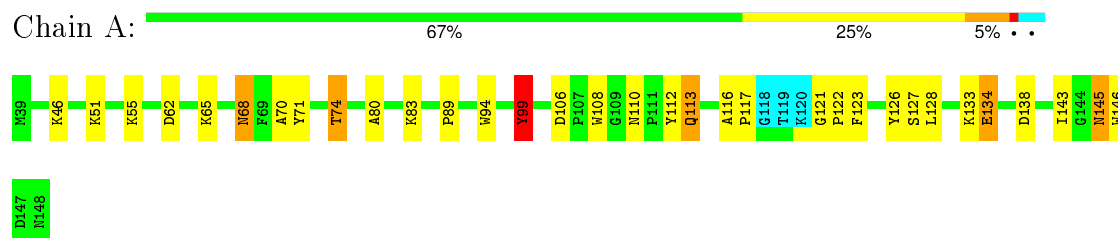
### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



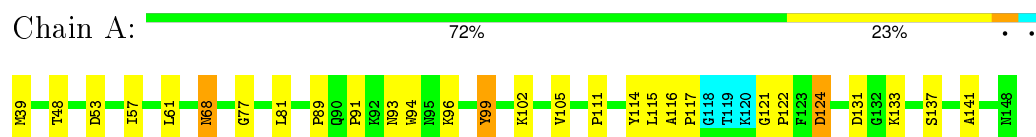
### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

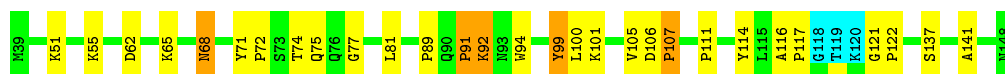
- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G





#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



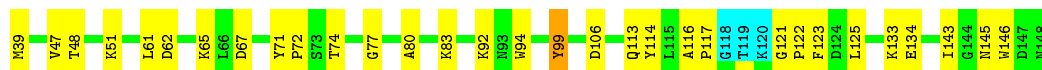
#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

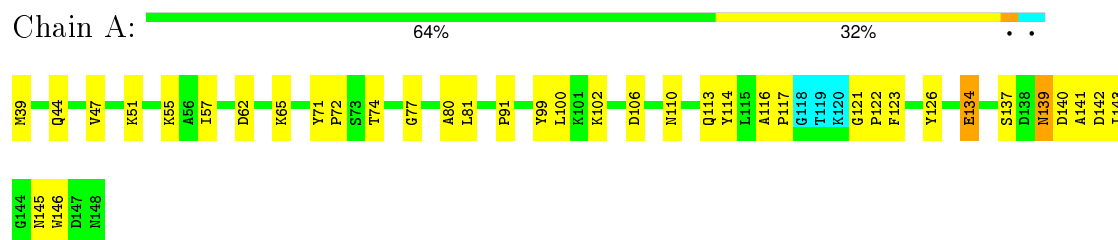
- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

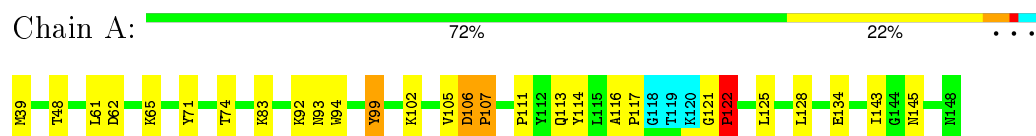
- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G





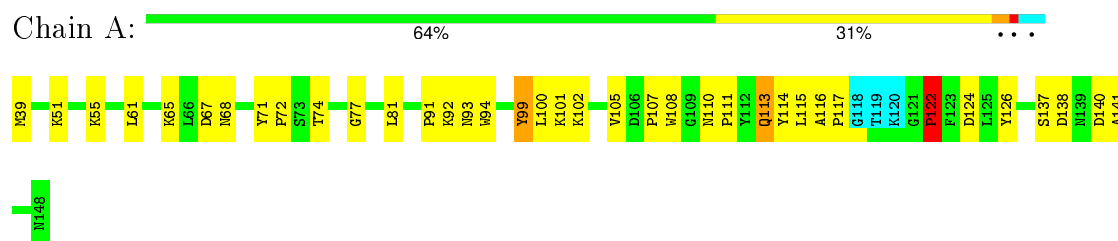
#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



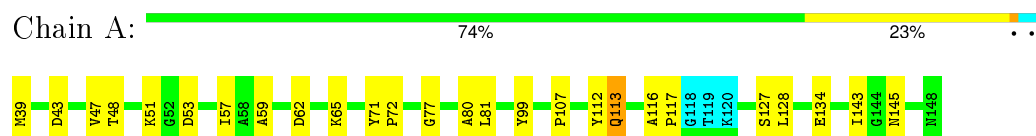
#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: General secretion pathway protein G



K39	Y47	K51	K55	D62	K65	M68	Y71	P72	S73	I74	Q75	Q76	G77	A80	K83	P89	H94	Y99	K102	V105	D106	P107	P111	Y114	L115	A116	P117	G118	T119	K120	G121	I143	G144	N145	N148
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## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 60 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with acceptable covalent geometry*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
TALOS	geometry optimization	3.851
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	.

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 16164
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1218
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1218
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	85%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

## 6 Model quality ⓘ

### 6.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.2
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	41	ARG	Sidechain	1

### 6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	824	793	790	16±3
All	All	16480	15860	15800	323

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:116:ALA:HB1	1:A:117:PRO:HD2	0.68	1.66	18	20
1:A:117:PRO:HA	1:A:121:GLY:O	0.62	1.95	5	16

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:105:VAL:CG2	1:A:111:PRO:HA	0.60	2.26	8	10
1:A:39:MET:N	1:A:48:THR:HG1	0.60	1.94	3	9
1:A:108:TRP:HB2	1:A:110:ASN:ND2	0.59	2.12	18	2
1:A:53:ASP:O	1:A:57:ILE:HG13	0.57	1.99	19	7
1:A:94:TRP:HA	1:A:99:TYR:OH	0.57	1.99	2	13
1:A:65:LYS:HD3	1:A:71:TYR:CZ	0.55	2.37	17	4
1:A:134:GLU:HA	1:A:142:ASP:OD1	0.55	2.02	16	2
1:A:74:THR:HA	1:A:116:ALA:HB3	0.55	1.79	3	8
1:A:115:LEU:HB2	1:A:124:ASP:HB2	0.55	1.77	10	3
1:A:47:VAL:O	1:A:51:LYS:HG2	0.54	2.02	16	5
1:A:112:TYR:CD1	1:A:127:SER:HB2	0.54	2.37	9	3
1:A:137:SER:O	1:A:141:ALA:HB2	0.54	2.03	16	2
1:A:51:LYS:O	1:A:55:LYS:HD3	0.54	2.02	2	6
1:A:65:LYS:HD2	1:A:71:TYR:CZ	0.54	2.37	9	11
1:A:113:GLN:OE1	1:A:128:LEU:HG	0.54	2.02	13	6
1:A:105:VAL:HG21	1:A:111:PRO:HA	0.54	1.79	12	8
1:A:80:ALA:HA	1:A:83:LYS:O	0.53	2.04	9	6
1:A:54:ILE:O	1:A:57:ILE:HB	0.52	2.04	13	1
1:A:77:GLY:HA2	1:A:80:ALA:HB3	0.52	1.82	5	8
1:A:77:GLY:O	1:A:81:LEU:HG	0.51	2.05	8	12
1:A:62:ASP:O	1:A:65:LYS:HB3	0.51	2.06	1	11
1:A:123:PHE:O	1:A:146:TRP:HB2	0.51	2.06	16	5
1:A:143:ILE:HD12	1:A:143:ILE:O	0.50	2.07	8	6
1:A:92:LYS:HD3	1:A:93:ASN:N	0.49	2.22	4	5
1:A:143:ILE:O	1:A:143:ILE:HD12	0.49	2.07	3	9
1:A:106:ASP:CG	1:A:107:PRO:HD2	0.49	2.28	13	5
1:A:117:PRO:HD3	1:A:122:PRO:O	0.49	2.08	6	15
1:A:68:ASN:ND2	1:A:89:PRO:HB3	0.49	2.22	14	6
1:A:72:PRO:O	1:A:117:PRO:HD2	0.49	2.07	20	6
1:A:65:LYS:HB2	1:A:71:TYR:CE1	0.48	2.44	9	2
1:A:57:ILE:HB	1:A:125:LEU:HD21	0.48	1.86	5	1
1:A:106:ASP:HB3	1:A:112:TYR:CZ	0.47	2.43	5	2
1:A:65:LYS:HD2	1:A:71:TYR:CE1	0.47	2.44	4	1
1:A:67:ASP:HA	1:A:90:GLN:O	0.47	2.09	2	1
1:A:74:THR:CA	1:A:116:ALA:HB3	0.47	2.40	6	2
1:A:85:PRO:HD3	1:A:94:TRP:CD1	0.47	2.45	7	1
1:A:113:GLN:HG2	1:A:126:TYR:O	0.47	2.10	7	6
1:A:65:LYS:HA	1:A:70:ALA:O	0.47	2.10	9	2
1:A:39:MET:HB3	1:A:44:GLN:HB3	0.46	1.86	6	2
1:A:133:LYS:HA	1:A:133:LYS:HE2	0.46	1.87	15	1
1:A:72:PRO:CB	1:A:77:GLY:HA3	0.46	2.41	13	9

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:79:GLU:O	1:A:83:LYS:HG2	0.46	2.11	8	2
1:A:64:TYR:OH	1:A:85:PRO:HB3	0.46	2.11	12	3
1:A:137:SER:N	1:A:141:ALA:HB2	0.45	2.27	4	5
1:A:106:ASP:OD2	1:A:110:ASN:HB2	0.45	2.11	16	4
1:A:133:LYS:HD3	1:A:134:GLU:N	0.45	2.26	9	1
1:A:62:ASP:OD1	1:A:65:LYS:HE3	0.45	2.11	17	2
1:A:122:PRO:HD2	1:A:147:ASP:O	0.45	2.11	7	1
1:A:67:ASP:OD1	1:A:92:LYS:HB3	0.44	2.13	7	2
1:A:65:LYS:HB3	1:A:71:TYR:CE1	0.44	2.48	3	2
1:A:62:ASP:O	1:A:65:LYS:HG2	0.44	2.13	17	1
1:A:116:ALA:HB1	1:A:117:PRO:CD	0.44	2.42	17	7
1:A:67:ASP:HA	1:A:92:LYS:HD3	0.44	1.89	18	1
1:A:112:TYR:CD1	1:A:127:SER:HB3	0.43	2.48	5	1
1:A:137:SER:CB	1:A:140:ASP:HB3	0.43	2.44	6	1
1:A:58:ALA:HB2	1:A:145:ASN:ND2	0.43	2.29	2	1
1:A:47:VAL:O	1:A:51:LYS:HG3	0.43	2.14	19	1
1:A:72:PRO:HB2	1:A:77:GLY:HA3	0.43	1.89	7	3
1:A:131:ASP:OD2	1:A:133:LYS:HE2	0.42	2.14	10	1
1:A:100:LEU:HD23	1:A:101:LYS:N	0.42	2.29	11	2
1:A:94:TRP:CH2	1:A:96:LYS:HB3	0.42	2.48	10	1
1:A:71:TYR:CD2	1:A:122:PRO:HB3	0.42	2.49	18	3
1:A:122:PRO:HD2	1:A:148:ASN:HA	0.41	1.92	1	1
1:A:108:TRP:CG	1:A:130:ALA:HA	0.41	2.50	13	1
1:A:59:ALA:O	1:A:62:ASP:HB3	0.41	2.16	19	1
1:A:125:LEU:HB3	1:A:145:ASN:O	0.41	2.15	17	1
1:A:133:LYS:HA	1:A:133:LYS:CE	0.41	2.46	15	1
1:A:106:ASP:OD2	1:A:107:PRO:HD2	0.41	2.15	17	1
1:A:123:PHE:CE2	1:A:146:TRP:HA	0.41	2.50	13	1
1:A:81:LEU:HG	1:A:98:GLY:HA2	0.41	1.93	6	1
1:A:55:LYS:HD2	1:A:145:ASN:OD1	0.41	2.16	9	1
1:A:46:LYS:HD2	1:A:108:TRP:NE1	0.41	2.31	9	1
1:A:116:ALA:CB	1:A:117:PRO:HD2	0.41	2.44	18	1
1:A:113:GLN:OE1	1:A:128:LEU:HD13	0.41	2.16	12	1
1:A:57:ILE:HG12	1:A:100:LEU:HG	0.41	1.92	16	1
1:A:91:PRO:O	1:A:92:LYS:HE2	0.40	2.15	11	1
1:A:58:ALA:HB2	1:A:145:ASN:OD1	0.40	2.16	4	1
1:A:47:VAL:HG21	1:A:139:ASN:HA	0.40	1.93	16	1
1:A:51:LYS:O	1:A:55:LYS:HG2	0.40	2.16	18	1
1:A:67:ASP:OD1	1:A:92:LYS:HB2	0.40	2.16	15	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	105/110 (95%)	89±2 (85±2%)	14±2 (13±2%)	2±1 (2±1%)	14	56
All	All	2100/2200 (95%)	1782 (85%)	279 (13%)	39 (2%)	14	56

All 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	107	PRO	11
1	A	91	PRO	10
1	A	122	PRO	8
1	A	93	ASN	4
1	A	99	TYR	2
1	A	42	PRO	1
1	A	104	PRO	1
1	A	117	PRO	1
1	A	102	LYS	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	85/87 (98%)	78±2 (91±3%)	7±2 (9±3%)	18	63
All	All	1700/1740 (98%)	1555 (91%)	145 (9%)	18	63

All 31 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	99	TYR	17

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	102	LYS	15
1	A	74	THR	14
1	A	134	GLU	12
1	A	145	ASN	12
1	A	114	TYR	12
1	A	68	ASN	10
1	A	113	GLN	10
1	A	61	LEU	6
1	A	106	ASP	5
1	A	122	PRO	4
1	A	138	ASP	3
1	A	124	ASP	3
1	A	55	LYS	2
1	A	140	ASP	2
1	A	39	MET	2
1	A	125	LEU	2
1	A	83	LYS	1
1	A	43	ASP	1
1	A	76	GLN	1
1	A	88	ASN	1
1	A	100	LEU	1
1	A	93	ASN	1
1	A	148	ASN	1
1	A	90	GLN	1
1	A	139	ASN	1
1	A	107	PRO	1
1	A	92	LYS	1
1	A	42	PRO	1
1	A	75	GLN	1
1	A	84	LYS	1

### 6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 85% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 16164

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1218
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1218
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	11

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	109	$2.46 \pm 0.13$	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	98	$2.67 \pm 0.16$	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}'$	100	$2.91 \pm 0.14$	Should be applied
$^{15}\text{N}$	100	$0.17 \pm 0.48$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1078 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1263. 12 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	503/515 (98%)	203/204 (100%)	203/214 (95%)	97/97 (100%)
Sidechain	521/646 (81%)	336/382 (88%)	172/237 (73%)	13/27 (48%)

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	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Aromatic	54/102 (53%)	51/52 (98%)	0/47 (0%)	3/3 (100%)
Overall	1078/1263 (85%)	590/638 (92%)	375/498 (75%)	113/127 (89%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1102 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1295. 12 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Backbone	518/530 (98%)	209/210 (100%)	209/220 (95%)	100/100 (100%)
Sidechain	530/663 (80%)	343/392 (88%)	174/243 (72%)	13/28 (46%)
Aromatic	54/102 (53%)	51/52 (98%)	0/47 (0%)	3/3 (100%)
Overall	1102/1295 (85%)	603/654 (92%)	383/510 (75%)	116/131 (89%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	84	LYS	HE2	1.40	3.87 – 1.97	-8.0
1	A	84	LYS	HE3	1.40	3.86 – 1.96	-8.0
1	A	99	TYR	HE2	5.00	7.86 – 5.56	-7.4
1	A	99	TYR	HE1	5.00	7.86 – 5.56	-7.4
1	A	84	LYS	HD2	0.13	2.76 – 0.46	-6.4
1	A	84	LYS	HD3	0.13	2.75 – 0.45	-6.4
1	A	99	TYR	HD2	5.16	8.44 – 5.44	-5.9
1	A	99	TYR	HD1	5.16	8.44 – 5.44	-5.9
1	A	100	LEU	CG	20.25	32.55 – 21.05	-5.7
1	A	95	ASN	HB3	1.05	4.41 – 1.11	-5.2
1	A	115	LEU	CG	20.88	32.55 – 21.05	-5.2

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

