



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 27, 2016 – 12:32 AM BST

PDB ID : 2L3R
Title : NMR structure of UHRF1 Tandem Tudor Domains in a complex with Histone H3 peptide
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Deposited on : 2010-09-21

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

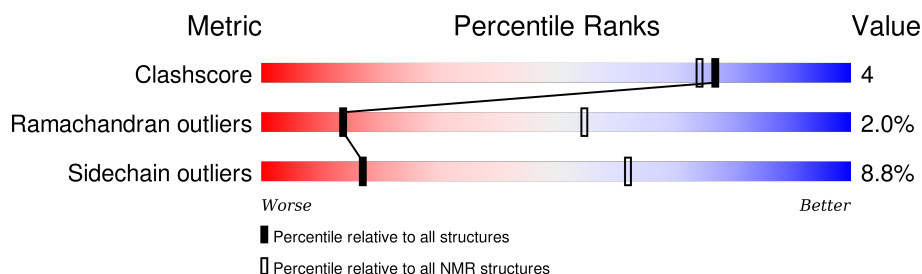
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 80%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	162	
2	B	11	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 15 models. Model 12 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:127-A:163, A:177-A:283, B:2-B:8, B:10-B:10 (152)	0.47	12

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12
2	11, 13, 14, 15
3	3, 6
Single-model clusters	1; 8

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2785 atoms, of which 1372 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	161	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2591	823	1268	235	259	6	

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	124	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96T88
A	125	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q96T88

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H3.

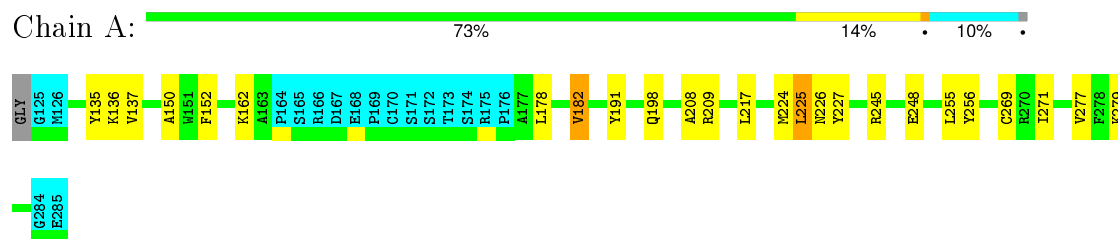
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
2	B	11	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			194	53	104	20	17	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1



- Molecule 2: Histone H3

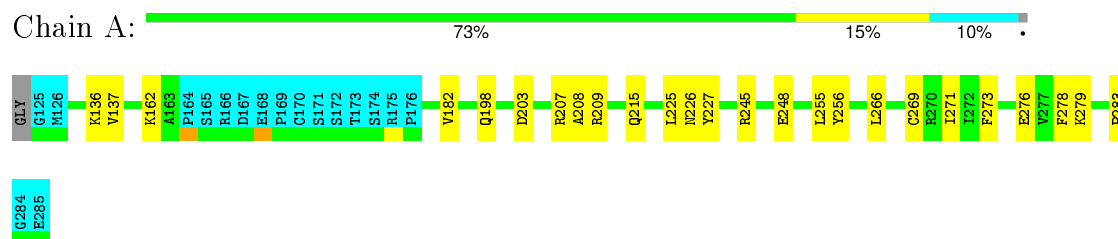


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

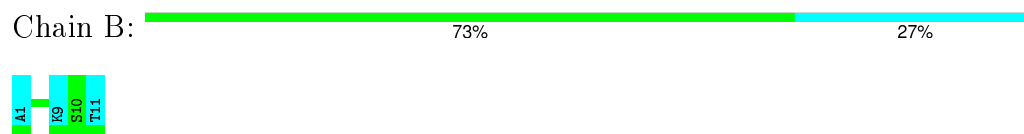
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

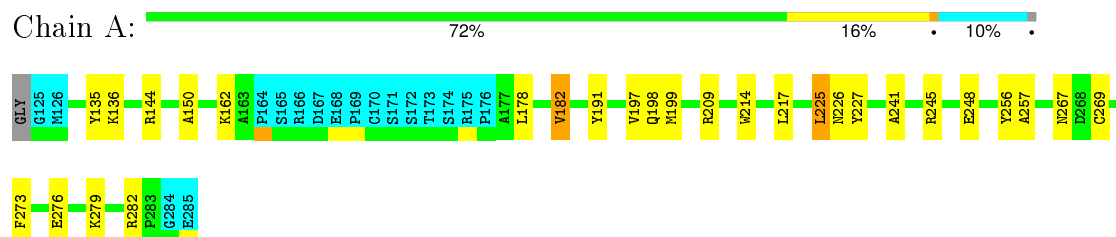


- Molecule 2: Histone H3



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

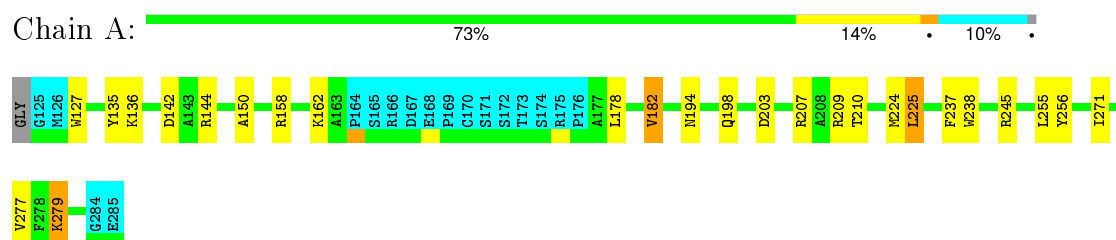


- Molecule 2: Histone H3

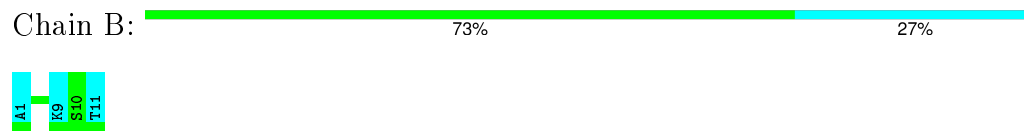


4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

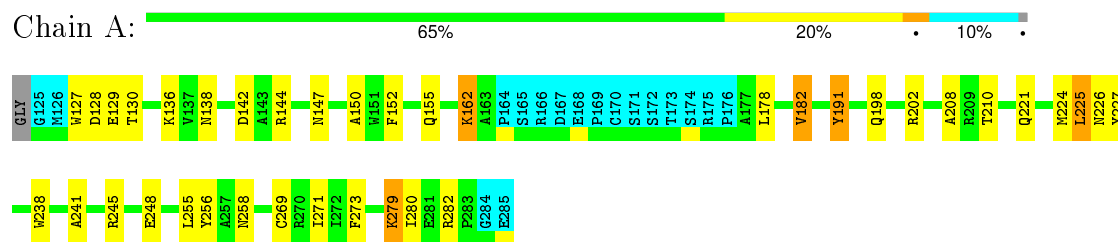


- Molecule 2: Histone H3



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

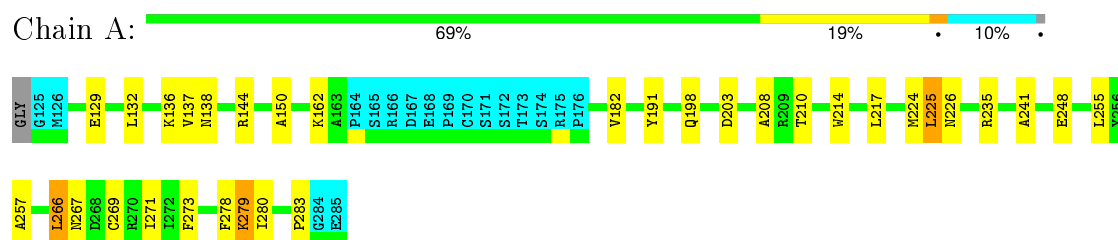


- Molecule 2: Histone H3

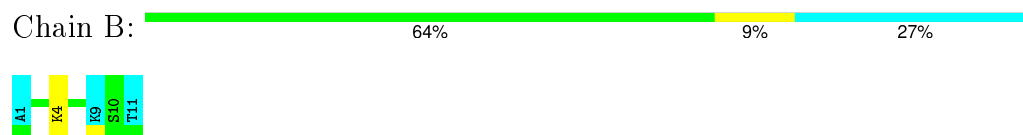


4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

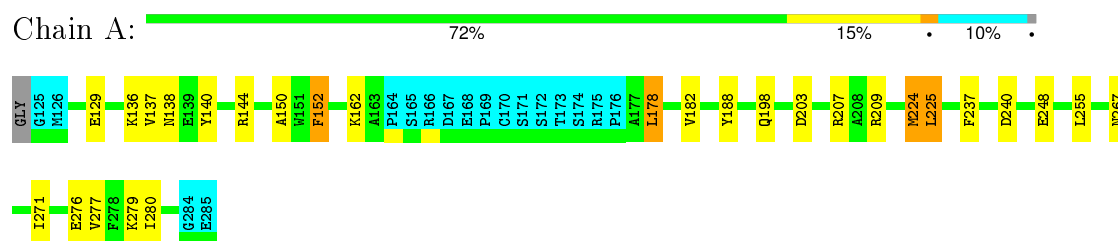


- Molecule 2: Histone H3



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1



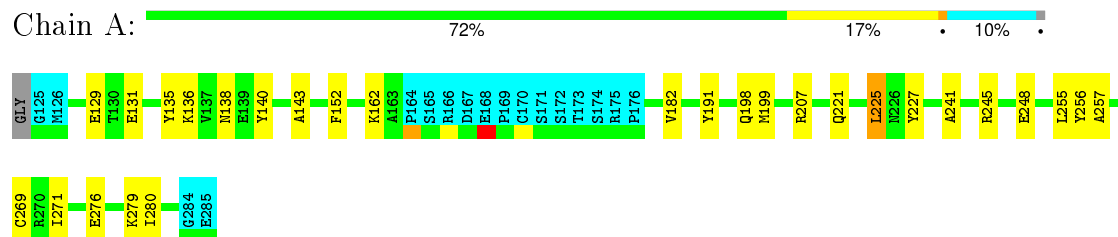
- Molecule 2: Histone H3



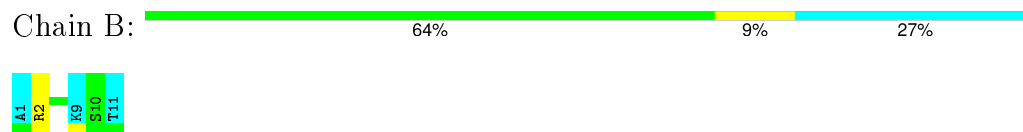


4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

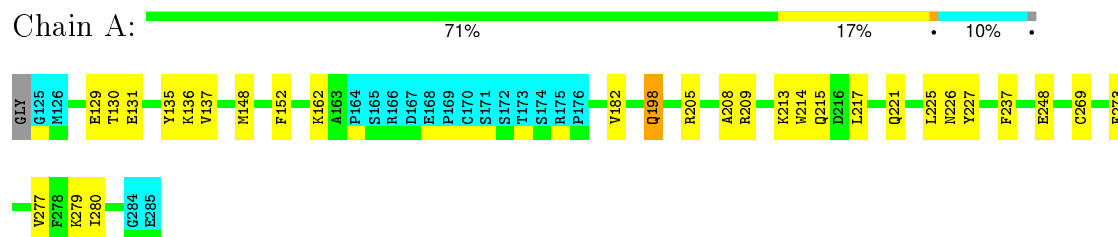


- Molecule 2: Histone H3

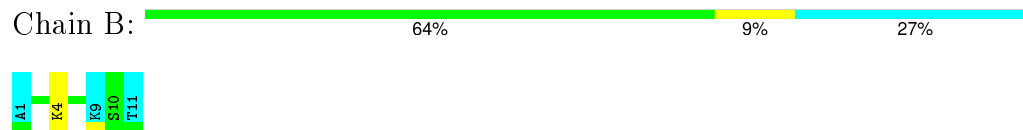


4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1



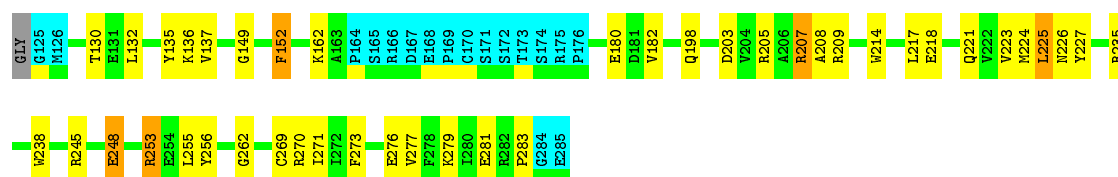
- Molecule 2: Histone H3



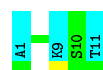
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1



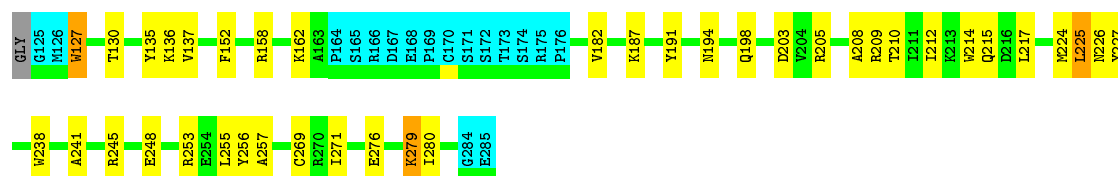


- Molecule 2: Histone H3



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

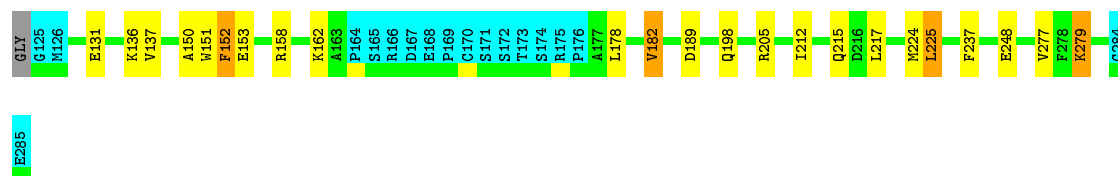


- Molecule 2: Histone H3



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1



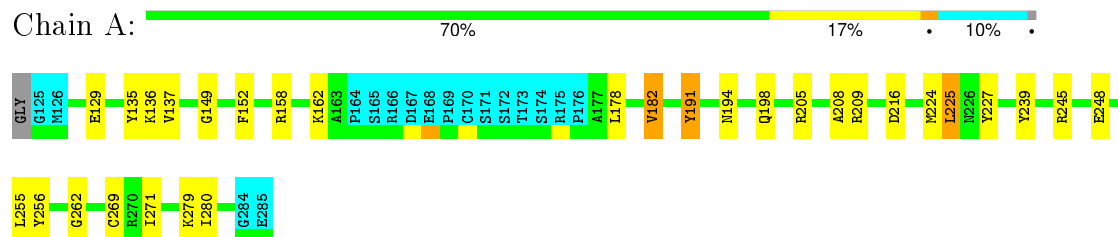
- Molecule 2: Histone H3



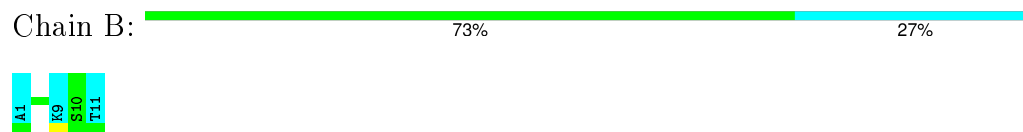


4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

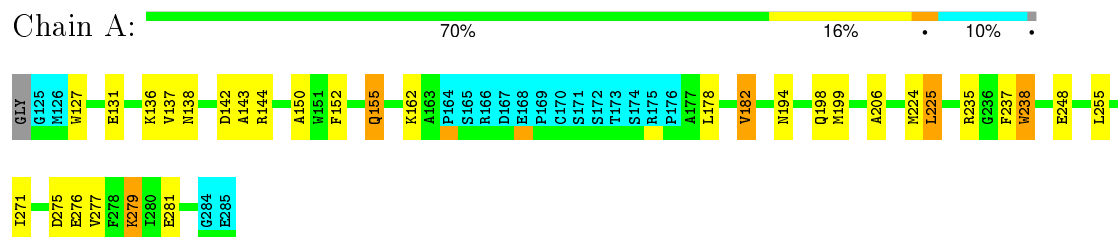


- Molecule 2: Histone H3



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1



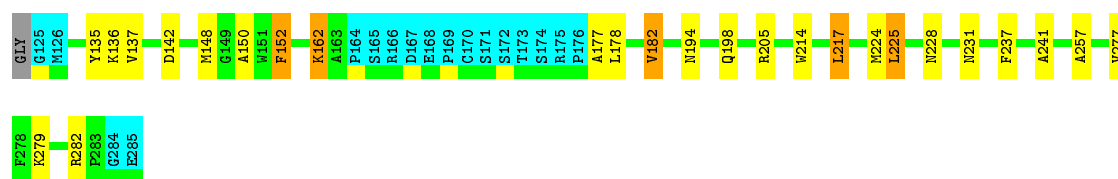
- Molecule 2: Histone H3



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1





- Molecule 2: Histone H3

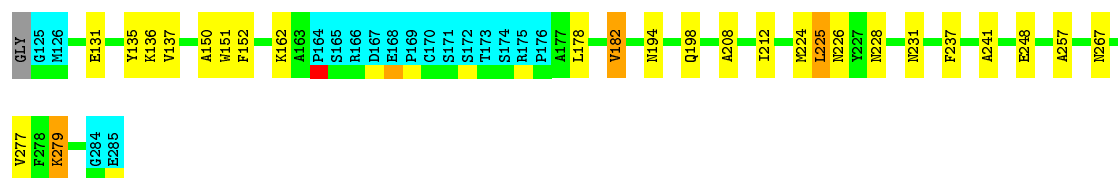
Chain B: 55% 18% 27%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UHRF1

Chain A: 73% 14% 10%



- Molecule 2: Histone H3

Chain B: 64% 9% 27%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 15 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	3.0
CNS	refinement	
TALOS	geometry optimization	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 17200
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1926
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1926
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	80%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: M3L

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.87±0.01	0±0/1225 (0.0±0.0%)	0.81±0.01	1±0/1663 (0.1±0.0%)
2	B	0.87±0.07	0±0/64 (0.0±0.0%)	0.77±0.07	0±0/83 (0.0±0.0%)
All	All	0.87	0/19335 (0.0%)	0.81	19/26190 (0.1%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	225	LEU	N-CA-C	-6.46	93.57	111.00	15	15
1	A	225	LEU	CA-C-N	-5.42	105.29	117.20	6	4

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1200	1158	1157	9±2
2	B	65	71	71	1±1
All	All	18975	18435	18420	140

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:150:ALA:HB1	1:A:237:PHE:HB2	0.69	1.65	3	6
1:A:142:ASP:HB2	1:A:207:ARG:HA	0.63	1.70	3	1
1:A:255:LEU:HB2	1:A:271:ILE:HB	0.62	1.68	12	10
1:A:224:MET:O	1:A:277:VAL:HA	0.60	1.97	15	6
1:A:226:ASN:HB3	1:A:273:PHE:HB2	0.59	1.74	9	5
1:A:214:TRP:HA	1:A:217:LEU:HD12	0.59	1.75	2	4
1:A:205:ARG:NH2	1:A:224:MET:SD	0.58	2.77	14	1
1:A:208:ALA:HB3	2:B:4:LYS:HE3	0.56	1.77	10	2
1:A:227:TYR:CZ	1:A:269:CYS:SG	0.56	2.99	2	2
1:A:143:ALA:HB1	1:A:199:MET:SD	0.54	2.42	13	2
1:A:138:ASN:HA	1:A:155:GLN:NE2	0.54	2.18	4	2
1:A:131:GLU:HA	1:A:280:ILE:HG21	0.53	1.79	7	2
1:A:227:TYR:CE1	1:A:269:CYS:SG	0.53	3.02	12	7
1:A:208:ALA:HB1	1:A:278:PHE:HB3	0.52	1.81	1	2
1:A:129:GLU:HB2	1:A:221:GLN:HG3	0.52	1.80	8	2
1:A:266:LEU:HB2	1:A:269:CYS:SG	0.52	2.45	5	1
1:A:208:ALA:HB2	1:A:224:MET:SD	0.51	2.45	9	2
1:A:276:GLU:HG2	2:B:2:ARG:HB3	0.50	1.82	2	1
1:A:147:ASN:HB2	2:B:10:SER:HB2	0.50	1.83	4	1
1:A:140:TYR:HB3	1:A:207:ARG:HD3	0.49	1.83	6	1
1:A:241:ALA:HB1	1:A:257:ALA:HB1	0.48	1.85	7	6
1:A:248:GLU:HA	1:A:253:ARG:HA	0.48	1.84	10	2
1:A:226:ASN:HB2	1:A:273:PHE:HB2	0.47	1.86	2	1
1:A:210:THR:HB	1:A:279:LYS:HD2	0.47	1.84	3	1
1:A:152:PHE:HB3	2:B:6:THR:HG21	0.47	1.87	14	1
1:A:245:ARG:HB3	1:A:256:TYR:HB2	0.47	1.84	4	8
1:A:217:LEU:HD21	1:A:277:VAL:HG11	0.47	1.87	9	3
2:B:3:THR:HG22	2:B:4:LYS:HG2	0.47	1.86	6	1
1:A:208:ALA:HB3	2:B:4:LYS:HD2	0.46	1.86	8	1
1:A:224:MET:SD	1:A:278:PHE:HB2	0.46	2.51	5	1
1:A:223:VAL:HG23	1:A:225:LEU:HD23	0.46	1.86	9	1
1:A:228:ASN:HB3	1:A:231:ASN:O	0.46	2.11	14	2
1:A:132:LEU:HB3	1:A:283:PRO:HD3	0.46	1.87	5	2
1:A:205:ARG:HD3	1:A:224:MET:SD	0.45	2.52	12	1
1:A:178:LEU:HD23	1:A:178:LEU:H	0.45	1.71	6	1
1:A:153:GLU:HG3	1:A:189:ASP:HB3	0.44	1.88	11	1
1:A:129:GLU:HG3	1:A:280:ILE:HG13	0.44	1.88	6	4
1:A:207:ARG:O	1:A:281:GLU:HG3	0.43	2.13	9	1
1:A:210:THR:HB	1:A:279:LYS:HE3	0.43	1.90	10	3

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:140:TYR:HB2	1:A:207:ARG:HD3	0.43	1.89	7	1
1:A:151:TRP:O	1:A:237:PHE:HB3	0.43	2.13	11	2
1:A:144:ARG:HA	1:A:150:ALA:O	0.43	2.14	5	6
1:A:212:ILE:HD11	1:A:279:LYS:HB3	0.43	1.91	15	2
1:A:178:LEU:O	1:A:182:VAL:HG13	0.43	2.14	14	8
1:A:130:THR:HG21	1:A:282:ARG:HG2	0.43	1.91	4	1
1:A:198:GLN:HE21	1:A:198:GLN:N	0.43	2.12	8	1
1:A:148:MET:SD	1:A:237:PHE:CD1	0.43	3.11	14	1
1:A:279:LYS:NZ	1:A:281:GLU:HA	0.43	2.29	13	1
1:A:276:GLU:HG2	2:B:2:ARG:HB2	0.42	1.90	6	1
1:A:226:ASN:HD22	1:A:276:GLU:HG3	0.42	1.73	10	2
1:A:225:LEU:HD23	1:A:239:TYR:O	0.42	2.15	12	1
1:A:218:GLU:HB2	1:A:221:GLN:HB2	0.41	1.92	9	1
1:A:238:TRP:CH2	2:B:4:LYS:HA	0.41	2.50	13	1
1:A:127:TRP:HZ3	1:A:212:ILE:HD12	0.41	1.75	10	1
1:A:276:GLU:HG2	2:B:2:ARG:N	0.41	2.30	7	1
1:A:197:VAL:HG12	1:A:199:MET:SD	0.41	2.56	2	1
1:A:149:GLY:HA3	1:A:262:GLY:N	0.41	2.31	12	2
1:A:205:ARG:HH22	1:A:208:ALA:HB2	0.41	1.74	12	1
1:A:205:ARG:HD2	1:A:224:MET:SD	0.41	2.56	10	1
1:A:241:ALA:HA	1:A:258:ASN:O	0.41	2.16	4	1
1:A:217:LEU:HD13	1:A:255:LEU:HG	0.40	1.93	5	1
1:A:127:TRP:HB3	1:A:221:GLN:NE2	0.40	2.31	4	1

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	144/162 (89%)	124±2 (86±1%)	17±2 (12±1%)	3±1 (2±1%)	14	56
2	B	8/11 (73%)	5±1 (67±16%)	2±1 (30±12%)	0±0 (3±6%)	8	39
All	All	2280/2595 (88%)	1937 (85%)	297 (13%)	46 (2%)	14	55

All 16 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	182	VAL	15
1	A	137	VAL	11
1	A	217	LEU	3
1	A	127	TRP	3
1	A	162	LYS	2
1	A	131	GLU	2
1	A	177	ALA	1
2	B	3	THR	1
1	A	280	ILE	1
1	A	206	ALA	1
1	A	130	THR	1
2	B	10	SER	1
1	A	283	PRO	1
2	B	2	ARG	1
2	B	8	ARG	1
1	A	253	ARG	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	128/143 (90%)	116±2 (91±2%)	12±2 (9±2%)	16	61
2	B	7/8 (88%)	7±0 (94±7%)	0±0 (6±7%)	30	75
All	All	2025/2265 (89%)	1846 (91%)	179 (9%)	17	62

All 41 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	136	LYS	15
1	A	162	LYS	15
1	A	279	LYS	15
1	A	198	GLN	15
1	A	248	GLU	12
1	A	225	LEU	11
1	A	135	TYR	9
1	A	209	ARG	8
1	A	152	PHE	7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	203	ASP	6
1	A	194	ASN	6
1	A	238	TRP	5
1	A	267	ASN	4
2	B	2	ARG	4
1	A	215	GLN	4
1	A	158	ARG	4
1	A	205	ARG	3
1	A	191	TYR	3
1	A	138	ASN	3
1	A	235	ARG	3
1	A	142	ASP	3
1	A	276	GLU	2
1	A	214	TRP	2
1	A	266	LEU	2
1	A	207	ARG	2
1	A	213	LYS	1
1	A	180	GLU	1
1	A	128	ASP	1
1	A	237	PHE	1
2	B	4	LYS	1
1	A	240	ASP	1
1	A	270	ARG	1
1	A	202	ARG	1
1	A	226	ASN	1
2	B	10	SER	1
1	A	155	GLN	1
1	A	224	MET	1
1	A	187	LYS	1
1	A	216	ASP	1
1	A	178	LEU	1
1	A	131	GLU	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics

could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	M3L	B	9	2	9,11,12	1.26±0.11	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	M3L	B	9	2	12,14,16	0.77±0.07	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	M3L	B	9	2	-	0±0,8,10,12	0±0,0,0,0

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 80% for the well-defined parts and 79% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 17200

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1926
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1926
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	4

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	155	-0.24 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	146	0.09 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	141	0.09 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	145	-0.40 ± 0.41	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 80%, i.e. 1578 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1984. 24 out of 25 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	684/752 (91%)	283/300 (94%)	268/304 (88%)	133/148 (90%)
Sidechain	790/1076 (73%)	500/626 (80%)	277/380 (73%)	13/70 (19%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	104/156 (67%)	66/80 (82%)	36/70 (51%)	2/6 (33%)
Overall	1578/1984 (80%)	849/1006 (84%)	581/754 (77%)	148/224 (66%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 79%, i.e. 1718 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2187. 24 out of 25 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	748/841 (89%)	309/335 (92%)	294/342 (86%)	145/164 (88%)
Sidechain	866/1190 (73%)	550/696 (79%)	303/418 (72%)	13/76 (17%)
Aromatic	104/156 (67%)	66/80 (82%)	36/70 (51%)	2/6 (33%)
Overall	1718/2187 (79%)	925/1111 (83%)	633/830 (76%)	160/246 (65%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

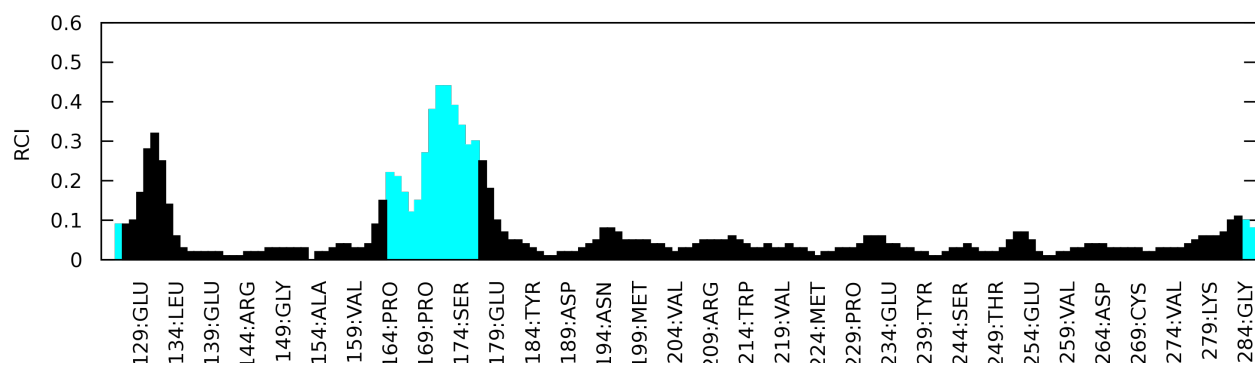
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	226	ASN	HB2	0.26	4.36 – 1.26	-8.2
1	A	226	ASN	HB3	0.26	4.41 – 1.11	-7.6
1	A	144	ARG	HG2	0.05	2.92 – 0.22	-5.6
1	A	144	ARG	HG3	0.00	3.00 – 0.10	-5.3

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The images below report *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

