



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 10:10 AM GMT

PDB ID : 3L4T
Title : Crystal complex of N-terminal Human Maltase-Glucoamylase with BJ2661
Authors : Sim, L.; Rose, D.R.
Deposited on : 2009-12-21
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

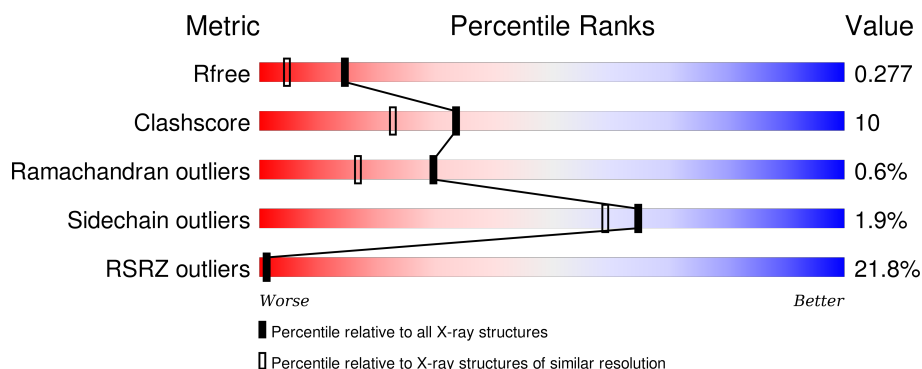
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	4755 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	102246	5398 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	5338 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	100360	5339 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	91569	4766 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	875	<div> <div>21%</div> <div>80%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>..</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	A	2001	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7452 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

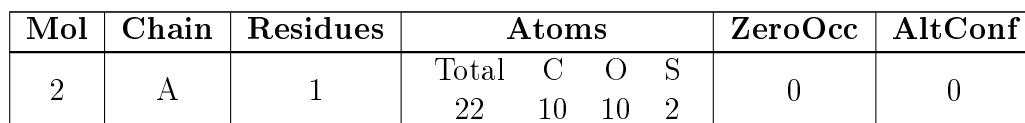
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Maltase-glucoamylase, intestinal.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	856	Total	C	N	O	S	0	19	0
			6964	4466	1173	1295	30			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	772	ASP	ASN	VARIANT	UNP O43451
A	869	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O43451
A	870	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O43451
A	871	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O43451
A	872	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O43451
A	873	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O43451
A	874	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O43451
A	875	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O43451

- Molecule 2 is (1R,2S)-1-[(1S)-1,2-DIHYDROXYETHYL]-3-[(2R,3S,4S)-3,4-DIHYDROXY-2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENIUM-1-YL]-2-HYDROXYPROPYL SULFATE (three-letter code: BJ1) (formula: C₁₀H₂₀O₁₀S₂).



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- Chemical structure of NAG (N-Acetylglucosamine) showing atom labels and stereochemistry. The structure is a six-membered pyranose ring with an acetyl group attached to the nitrogen at C2. The atoms are labeled as follows:
- O1: Hydroxyl group at C1 (dashed bond, red text)
 - O5: Ring oxygen at C5 (red text)
 - O6: Hydroxyl group at C6 (red text)
 - C6: Carbon atom at C6 (green text)
 - O4: Hydroxyl group at C4 (red text)
 - O3: Hydroxyl group at C3 (red text)
 - C3(R): Carbon atom at C3 (green text)
 - C4(S): Carbon atom at C4 (green text)
 - C5(R): Carbon atom at C5 (green text)
 - C1(R): Carbon atom at C1 (green text)
 - C2(R): Carbon atom at C2 (green text)
 - N2: Nitrogen atom at C2 (blue text)
 - C7: Carbonyl carbon at C2 (green text)
 - O: Carbonyl oxygen at C2 (red text)
 - C8: Methyl group at C2 (green text)

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
3	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

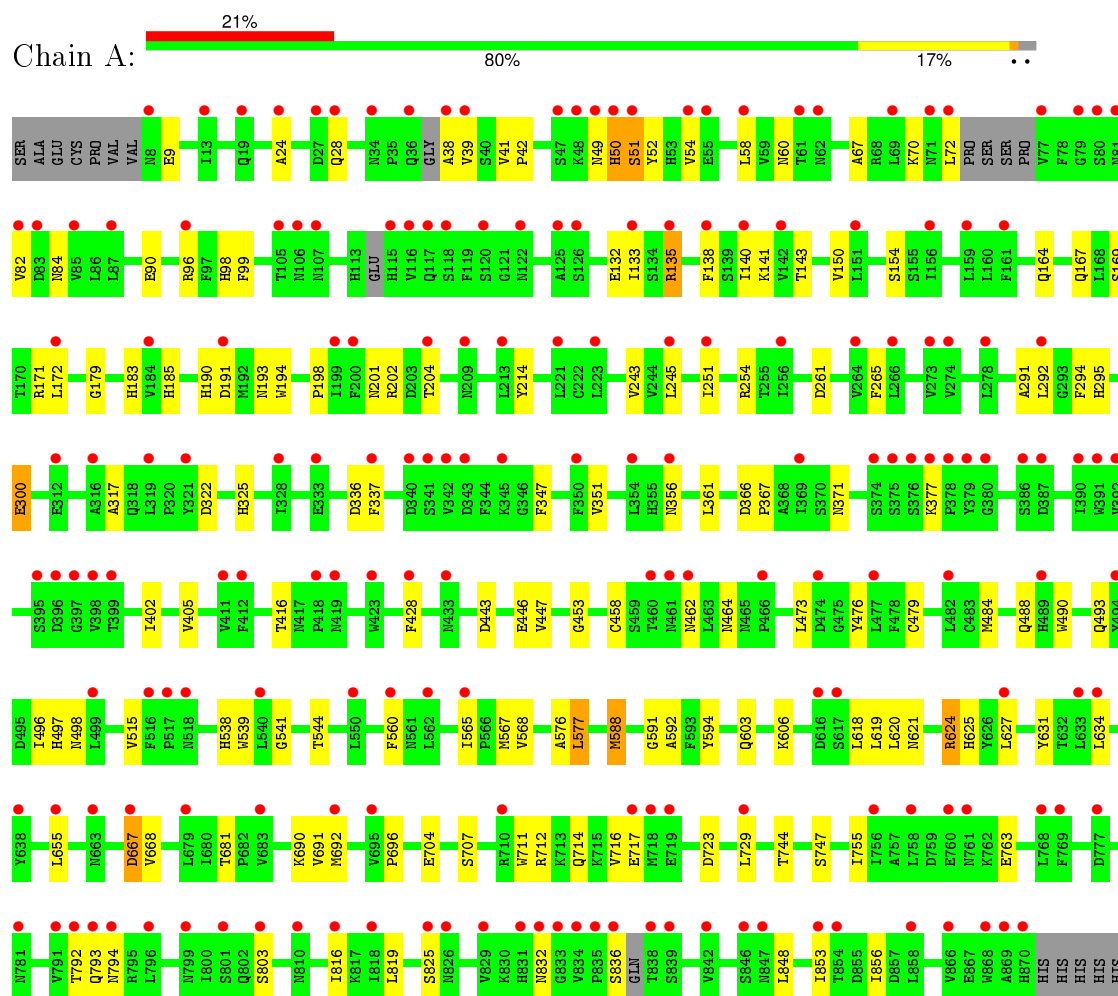
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	438	Total 438	O 438	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($\text{RSRZ} > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Maltase-glucoamylase, intestinal



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	92.78Å 108.44Å 110.76Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.99 – 1.90 18.96 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.3 (19.99-1.90) 95.3 (18.96-1.90)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.20 (at 1.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.252 , 0.291 0.239 , 0.277	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4206 reflections (5.25%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	32.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.082	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.56 , 72.6	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.013 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	1 of 84262 reflections (0.001%)	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	7452	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, BJ1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.72	0/7215	0.75	2/9831 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	624	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.94	124.27	120.30
1	A	624	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.52	116.54	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6964	0	6731	138	0
2	A	22	0	20	0	0
3	A	28	0	26	1	0
4	A	438	0	0	18	0
All	All	7452	0	6777	139	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 139 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:204:THR:HG21	1:A:473:LEU:HD23	1.14	1.12
1:A:204:THR:CG2	1:A:473:LEU:HD23	1.83	1.09
1:A:729[B]:LEU:CD1	1:A:755[B]:ILE:HD11	1.80	1.09
1:A:692:MET:SD	1:A:717:GLU:HG2	1.97	1.04
1:A:479[A]:CYS:SG	4:A:4105:HOH:O	2.16	1.04

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	865/875 (99%)	824 (95%)	36 (4%)	5 (1%)	30 17

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	50	HIS
1	A	832	ASN
1	A	51	SER
1	A	300	GLU
1	A	405	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	768/767 (100%)	753 (98%)	15 (2%)	63 57

5 of 15 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	588[A]	MET
1	A	588[B]	MET
1	A	803	SER
1	A	577	LEU
1	A	707	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 27 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	239	ASN
1	A	464	ASN
1	A	714	GLN
1	A	295	HIS
1	A	107	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length

(or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	BJ1	A	1001	-	18,22,22	1.00	1 (5%)	18,32,32	1.08	1 (5%)
3	NAG	A	2001	1	14,14,15	0.66	0	15,19,21	1.51	4 (26%)
3	NAG	A	2002	1	14,14,15	0.39	0	15,19,21	1.52	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BJ1	A	1001	-	-	0/20/37/37	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	2001	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	2002	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1001	BJ1	OAN-SAV	-2.65	1.48	1.57

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	2001	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.60	117.29	122.06
2	A	1001	BJ1	CAP-CAR-CAS	-2.09	103.94	106.75
3	A	2001	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.04	125.66	123.04
3	A	2001	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.27	115.13	112.25
3	A	2001	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.47	120.84	116.11

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	2001	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	856/875 (97%)	1.19	187 (21%) 1 1	17, 27, 43, 55	0

The worst 5 of 187 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	72	LEU	7.8
1	A	39	VAL	7.5
1	A	50	HIS	7.2
1	A	38	ALA	7.1
1	A	838	THR	6.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	NAG	A	2001	14/15	0.77	0.22	3.39	34,37,41,44	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	BJ1	A	1001	22/22	0.91	0.15	0.63	25,31,36,37	0
3	NAG	A	2002	14/15	0.81	0.18	-0.08	37,38,40,40	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.