



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 10:15 AM GMT

PDB ID : 3LDN
Title : Crystal structure of human GRP78 (70kDa heat shock protein 5 / BIP) AT-Pase domain in apo form
Authors : Dokurno, P.; Surgenor, A.E.; Shaw, T.; Macias, A.T.; Massey, A.J.; Williamson, D.S.
Deposited on : 2010-01-13
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

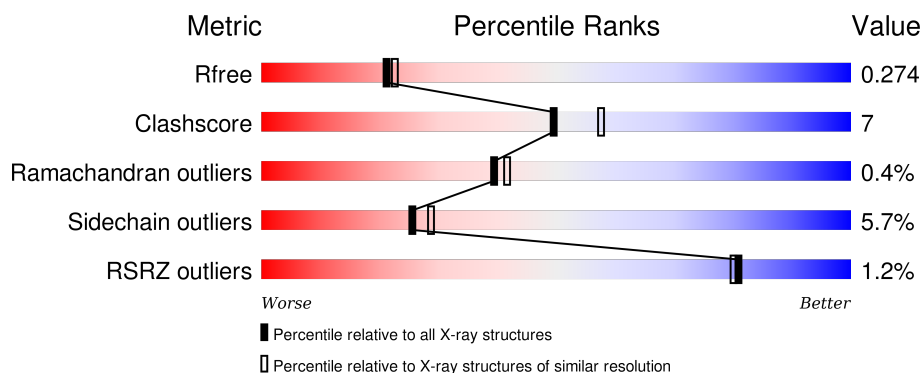
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	3774 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	102246	4477 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	4404 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	100360	4405 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	91569	3781 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	384	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; top: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; bottom: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 83%, yellow 83%, yellow 94%, orange 94%, grey 94%);"></div> <div style="position: absolute; bottom: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 83%, green 83%, green 94%, yellow 94%, orange 94%, grey 94%);"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 50%; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 83%, green 83%, green 94%, yellow 94%, orange 94%, grey 94%);"></div> </div> <div>83% 14% ..</div> </div>
1	B	384	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; top: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; bottom: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 83%, yellow 83%, yellow 94%, orange 94%, grey 94%);"></div> <div style="position: absolute; bottom: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 83%, green 83%, green 94%, yellow 94%, orange 94%, grey 94%);"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 50%; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 83%, green 83%, green 94%, yellow 94%, orange 94%, grey 94%);"></div> </div> <div>83% 14% ..</div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6335 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called 78 kDa glucose-regulated protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	382	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2946	1855	509	575	7			
1	B	382	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2960	1863	513	577	7			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	24	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P11021
A	25	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P11021
B	24	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P11021
B	25	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P11021

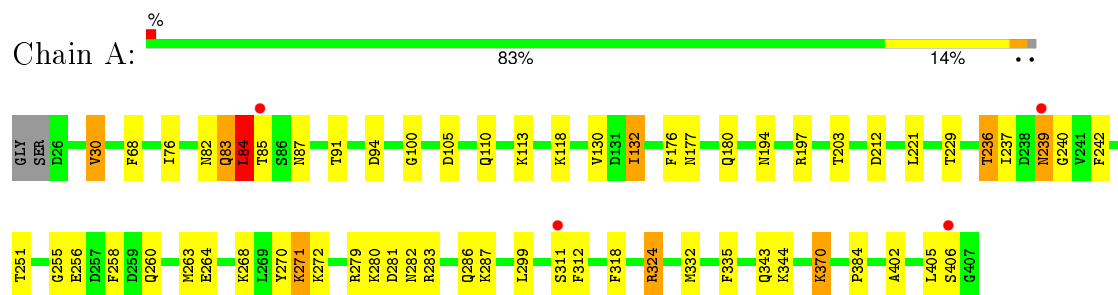
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	216	Total	O	0	0
			216	216		
2	B	213	Total	O	0	0
			213	213		

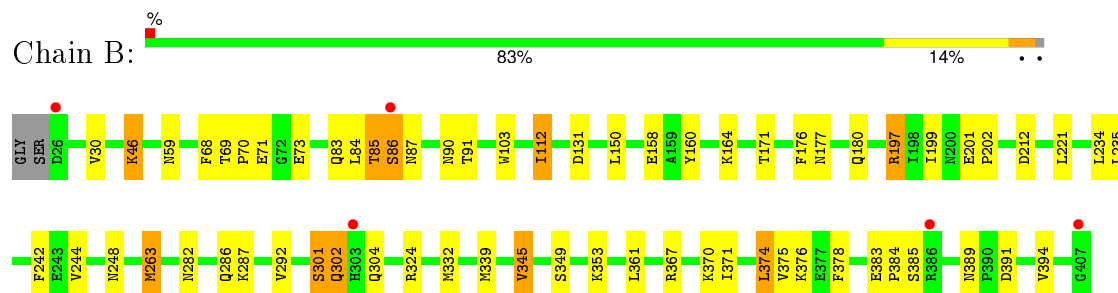
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($\text{RSRZ} > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 78 kDa glucose-regulated protein



- Molecule 1: 78 kDa glucose-regulated protein



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	55.83Å 75.22Å 89.65Å 90.00° 99.18° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 2.20 14.99 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.3 (15.00-2.20) 97.3 (14.99-2.20)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.59 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.194 , 0.276 0.193 , 0.274	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2565 reflections (7.62%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.110	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 41.2	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	1 of 36247 reflections (0.003%)	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	6335	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.55% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.79	0/2991	0.79	3/4038 (0.1%)
1	B	0.81	0/3005	0.81	1/4054 (0.0%)
All	All	0.80	0/5996	0.80	4/8092 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	2
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	94	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.16	112.75	118.30
1	A	94	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.04	123.74	118.30
1	B	234	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-6.02	101.45	115.30
1	A	105	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.62	123.36	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	405	LEU	Peptide
1	B	85	THR	Peptide
1	B	86	SER	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2946	0	2949	41	0
1	B	2960	0	2975	43	0
2	A	216	0	0	10	0
2	B	213	0	0	5	0
All	All	6335	0	5924	84	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (84) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:84:LEU:HD11	1:B:287:LYS:HG3	1.43	0.99
1:B:90:ASN:ND2	1:B:131:ASP:O	2.08	0.87
1:B:86:SER:HB3	1:B:282:ASN:HB3	1.62	0.81
1:B:235:LEU:HD22	1:B:244:VAL:HG22	1.66	0.76
1:B:86:SER:CB	1:B:282:ASN:HD22	1.99	0.75
1:B:177:ASN:H	1:B:180:GLN:HE21	1.30	0.75
1:B:84:LEU:HD21	1:B:287:LYS:HD2	1.69	0.74
1:A:130:VAL:HG23	1:A:132:ILE:CD1	2.19	0.73
1:A:76:ILE:HD13	2:A:420:HOH:O	1.88	0.73
1:A:177:ASN:H	1:A:180:GLN:HE21	1.38	0.72
1:A:237:ILE:HD11	1:A:240:GLY:HA2	1.72	0.71
1:B:46:LYS:HE3	1:B:160:TYR:CE2	2.25	0.70
1:A:68:PHE:HD2	2:A:529:HOH:O	1.75	0.68
1:B:177:ASN:H	1:B:180:GLN:NE2	1.92	0.68
1:A:281:ASP:OD2	1:A:283:ARG:HD2	1.96	0.66
1:B:367:ARG:NH2	1:B:391:ASP:OD2	2.28	0.66
1:A:82:ASN:ND2	2:A:518:HOH:O	2.29	0.66
1:B:84:LEU:CD1	1:B:287:LYS:HG3	2.27	0.62
1:A:332:MET:SD	1:A:370:LYS:HD3	2.39	0.62
1:A:177:ASN:H	1:A:180:GLN:NE2	2.00	0.60
1:A:283:ARG:HA	2:A:595:HOH:O	2.01	0.60
1:B:367:ARG:HG2	2:B:580:HOH:O	2.02	0.59
1:B:70:PRO:HD2	1:B:71:GLU:OE2	2.03	0.59

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:86:SER:HB3	1:B:282:ASN:HD22	1.66	0.59
1:B:361:LEU:HD12	2:B:478:HOH:O	2.05	0.57
1:A:299:LEU:O	1:A:324:ARG:HD2	2.05	0.57
1:B:370:LYS:O	1:B:374:LEU:HD23	2.04	0.56
1:B:90:ASN:HD21	1:B:131:ASP:HB2	1.71	0.55
1:A:68:PHE:CE1	1:A:130:VAL:HG21	2.44	0.53
1:B:235:LEU:CD2	1:B:244:VAL:HG22	2.38	0.52
1:B:389:ASN:OD1	1:B:391:ASP:HB2	2.08	0.52
1:A:280:LYS:HE3	2:A:549:HOH:O	2.09	0.51
1:A:212:ASP:HB3	1:A:242:PHE:CZ	2.46	0.51
1:B:103:TRP:CZ3	1:B:112:ILE:HD11	2.46	0.50
1:A:203:THR:HG23	1:A:242:PHE:CG	2.47	0.49
1:A:30:VAL:HG13	2:A:521:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:B:171:THR:HA	1:B:199:ILE:O	2.12	0.49
1:B:176:PHE:CD2	1:B:180:GLN:HB3	2.48	0.49
1:B:371:ILE:O	1:B:375:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.49
1:A:176:PHE:CD2	1:A:180:GLN:HB3	2.48	0.49
1:A:256:GLU:O	1:A:260:GLN:HG3	2.12	0.48
1:A:130:VAL:HG23	1:A:132:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.48
1:B:86:SER:OG	1:B:282:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.48
1:B:201:GLU:HG2	1:B:394:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.48
1:A:283:ARG:O	1:A:287:LYS:HD3	2.13	0.48
1:B:212:ASP:HB3	1:B:242:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.48
1:A:270:TYR:C	1:A:272:LYS:H	2.16	0.48
1:A:84:LEU:HB2	1:A:91:THR:HG21	1.95	0.48
1:B:197:ARG:NH1	2:B:543:HOH:O	2.39	0.48
1:B:384:PRO:HD3	2:B:503:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:236:THR:HG22	2:A:481:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:239:ASN:HB2	2:A:503:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:85:THR:HG22	1:A:282:ASN:ND2	2.29	0.47
1:B:376:LYS:HD2	1:B:383:GLU:OE2	2.13	0.47
1:B:69:THR:HB	1:B:70:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.47
1:A:83:GLN:HE22	1:A:87:ASN:HD22	1.63	0.47
1:A:229:THR:HG22	1:A:251:THR:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:237:ILE:HD11	1:A:240:GLY:CA	2.42	0.46
1:A:260:GLN:HG2	2:A:524:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:201:GLU:N	1:B:202:PRO:HD2	2.32	0.45
1:B:353:LYS:HD3	1:B:378:PHE:O	2.17	0.45
1:B:59:ASN:ND2	2:B:424:HOH:O	2.45	0.45
1:A:264:GLU:O	1:A:268:LYS:HD3	2.16	0.45
1:B:332:MET:HE1	1:B:370:LYS:HE3	1.99	0.44

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:86:SER:CB	1:B:282:ASN:HB3	2.40	0.44
1:A:30:VAL:HG22	1:A:402:ALA:HB1	1.99	0.44
1:B:339:MET:CE	1:B:374:LEU:HB3	2.48	0.43
1:B:301:SER:O	1:B:324:ARG:NH2	2.51	0.43
1:B:46:LYS:HE3	1:B:160:TYR:HE2	1.81	0.43
1:B:248:ASN:HB2	1:B:345:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.43
1:A:384:PRO:HD3	2:A:541:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:255:GLY:HA2	1:A:258:PHE:CD2	2.54	0.42
1:A:85:THR:OG1	1:A:286:GLN:HG2	2.20	0.42
1:A:100:GLY:HA3	1:A:180:GLN:HA	2.02	0.42
1:B:158:GLU:OE2	1:B:164:LYS:HD3	2.20	0.41
1:B:68:PHE:HA	1:B:73:GLU:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:271:LYS:HG3	1:A:271:LYS:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:263:MET:HE1	1:B:292:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:A:83:GLN:OE1	1:A:84:LEU:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:130:VAL:HG23	1:A:132:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.41
1:A:335:PHE:CD2	1:A:370:LYS:HG2	2.56	0.41
1:B:301:SER:HB2	1:B:302:GLN:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:312:PHE:CD2	1:A:318:PHE:HB2	2.56	0.40
1:A:110:GLN:HE22	1:A:113:LYS:NZ	2.19	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	380/384 (99%)	370 (97%)	8 (2%)	2 (0%)	34	35
1	B	380/384 (99%)	367 (97%)	12 (3%)	1 (0%)	46	50
All	All	760/768 (99%)	737 (97%)	20 (3%)	3 (0%)	39	42

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	84	LEU
1	A	271	LYS
1	B	83	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	315/320 (98%)	297 (94%)	18 (6%)	25	29
1	B	318/320 (99%)	300 (94%)	18 (6%)	25	29
All	All	633/640 (99%)	597 (94%)	36 (6%)	25	29

All (36) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	30	VAL
1	A	83	GLN
1	A	84	LEU
1	A	118	LYS
1	A	132	ILE
1	A	194	ASN
1	A	197	ARG
1	A	221	LEU
1	A	236	THR
1	A	239	ASN
1	A	263	MET
1	A	279	ARG
1	A	311	SER
1	A	324	ARG
1	A	343	GLN
1	A	344	LYS
1	A	370	LYS
1	A	406	SER
1	B	30	VAL
1	B	46	LYS
1	B	85	THR

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	87	ASN
1	B	91	THR
1	B	112	ILE
1	B	150	LEU
1	B	197	ARG
1	B	221	LEU
1	B	263	MET
1	B	286	GLN
1	B	301	SER
1	B	302	GLN
1	B	304	GLN
1	B	345	VAL
1	B	349	SER
1	B	374	LEU
1	B	385	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	83	GLN
1	A	110	GLN
1	A	180	GLN
1	A	194	ASN
1	A	239	ASN
1	A	260	GLN
1	A	302	GLN
1	A	372	GLN
1	A	401	GLN
1	B	110	GLN
1	B	180	GLN
1	B	282	ASN
1	B	286	GLN
1	B	302	GLN
1	B	373	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	382/384 (99%)	-0.05	4 (1%) 84 83	16, 29, 51, 58	15 (3%)
1	B	382/384 (99%)	-0.06	5 (1%) 79 78	15, 29, 43, 49	16 (4%)
All	All	764/768 (99%)	-0.06	9 (1%) 81 80	15, 29, 47, 58	31 (4%)

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	407	GLY	4.1
1	A	406	SER	3.3
1	A	85	THR	2.7
1	B	303	HIS	2.7
1	A	239	ASN	2.7
1	B	86	SER	2.4
1	A	311	SER	2.1
1	B	26	ASP	2.1
1	B	386	ARG	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.