



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 03:46 PM BST

PDB ID : 1LPW  
Title : Solution structure of the yeast spliceosomal U2 snRNA-intron branch site helix featuring a conserved pseudouridine  
Authors : Newby, M.I.; Greenbaum, N.L.  
Deposited on : 2002-05-08

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)  
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

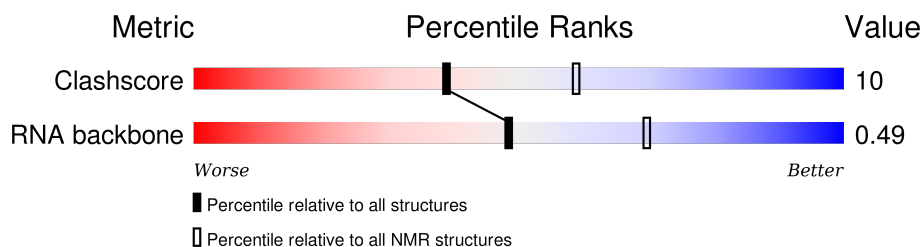
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

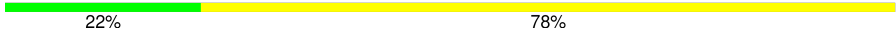

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 25%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
RNA backbone	3027	600

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	9	 22% 78%
2	B	10	 50% 50%

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 9 models. This entry does not contain protein, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 606 atoms, of which 208 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	9	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			291	87	98	36	62	8	

- Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	10	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			315	94	110	36	66	9	

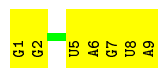
## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

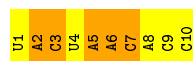
- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

Chain B: 

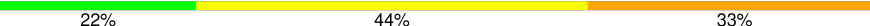


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A: 



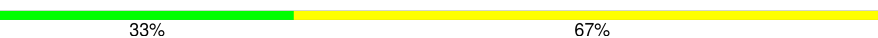
- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

Chain B: 



### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

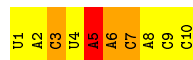
- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  33% 67%



- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

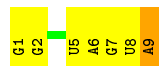
Chain B:  60% 30% 10%




### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

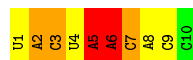
- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  22% 67% 11%



- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

Chain B:  10% 40% 30% 20%



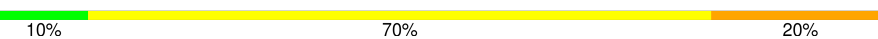
### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  44% 56%



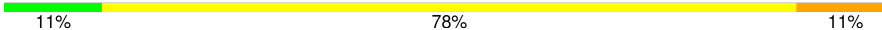
- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

Chain B:  10% 70% 20%



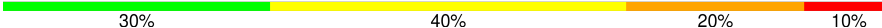
### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

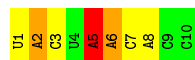
- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  11% 78% 11%



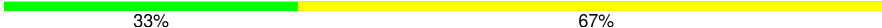
- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

Chain B:  30% 40% 20% 10%



### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

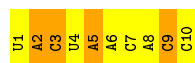
- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  33% 67%



- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

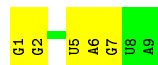
Chain B:  60% 40%



### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

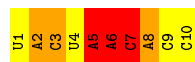
- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  44% 56%



- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

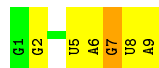
Chain B:  40% 30% 30%




#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  33% 56% 11%



- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

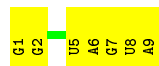
Chain B:  10% 60% 20% 10%




#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

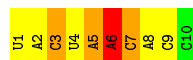
- Molecule 1: 5'-R(\*GP\*GP\*UP\*GP\*(PSU)P\*AP\*GP\*UP\*A)-3'

Chain A:  22% 78%



- Molecule 2: 5'-R(\*UP\*AP\*CP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*CP\*C)-3'

Chain B:  10% 50% 30% 10%



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle molecular dynamics followed by conjugate gradient minimization*.

Of the 800 calculated structures, 9 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy structures that did not violate data from fluorescence experiments*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
VNMR	structure solution	3.851
X-PLOR	refinement	3.851

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 5394
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	95
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	95
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	25%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

## 6 Model quality

### 6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PSU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.80±0.01	0±0/194 (0.0±0.0%)	1.70±0.02	5±1/302 (1.6±0.3%)
2	B	0.79±0.01	0±0/228 (0.0±0.0%)	1.88±0.06	8±1/352 (2.4±0.4%)
All	All	0.80	0/3798 (0.0%)	1.80	118/5886 (2.0%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	8	A	O4'-C1'-N9	9.63	115.91	108.20	8	9
2	B	1	U	O4'-C1'-N1	8.38	114.90	108.20	9	9
1	A	2	G	O4'-C1'-N9	7.87	114.50	108.20	5	9
2	B	2	A	O4'-C1'-N9	7.80	114.44	108.20	9	8
2	B	5	A	C3'-C2'-C1'	-7.28	95.68	101.50	8	2
2	B	5	A	P-O3'-C3'	7.25	128.40	119.70	7	1
2	B	3	C	O4'-C1'-N1	7.24	114.00	108.20	6	9
1	A	1	G	O4'-C1'-N9	7.11	113.89	108.20	5	3
2	B	6	A	P-O3'-C3'	7.06	128.18	119.70	9	1
1	A	9	A	O4'-C1'-N9	7.06	113.85	108.20	9	3
2	B	6	A	O4'-C1'-N9	6.73	113.58	108.20	4	2
2	B	5	A	O4'-C1'-N9	6.67	113.53	108.20	5	4
1	A	3	U	O4'-C1'-N1	6.61	113.48	108.20	1	3
2	B	6	A	C4'-C3'-C2'	-6.41	96.19	102.60	3	2
2	B	9	C	O4'-C1'-N1	5.98	112.98	108.20	6	2
1	A	8	U	O4'-C1'-N1	5.90	112.92	108.20	8	8
2	B	7	C	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.85	96.75	102.60	7	3
2	B	6	A	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.78	100.02	105.80	9	2
2	B	5	A	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.67	96.92	102.60	1	2
2	B	7	C	N1-C2-O2	5.43	122.16	118.90	7	5

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	1	G	C3'-C2'-C1'	-5.39	97.19	101.50	9	4
2	B	3	C	N1-C2-O2	5.33	122.09	118.90	5	7
1	A	7	G	C3'-C2'-C1'	-5.32	97.24	101.50	7	7
2	B	10	C	O4'-C1'-N1	5.30	112.44	108.20	8	4
2	B	7	C	O4'-C1'-N1	5.23	112.38	108.20	4	1
1	A	6	A	C3'-C2'-C1'	-5.15	97.38	101.50	1	1
1	A	1	G	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.14	97.46	102.60	2	3
2	B	1	U	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.13	97.47	102.60	1	1
1	A	9	A	C3'-C2'-C1'	-5.06	97.45	101.50	4	2
2	B	10	C	N1-C2-O2	5.02	121.91	118.90	6	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	193	98	98	3±2
2	B	205	110	110	4±1
All	All	3582	1872	1872	52

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:6:A:O2'	2:B:7:C:H6	0.58	1.82	7	1
2:B:3:C:O2'	2:B:4:U:H5'	0.56	2.01	9	7
2:B:5:A:O2'	2:B:6:A:C8	0.54	2.59	3	2
1:A:5:PSU:O4	1:A:5:PSU:H3'	0.54	2.02	3	1
1:A:5:PSU:H6	1:A:5:PSU:O5'	0.53	1.87	6	5
1:A:5:PSU:O2'	1:A:6:A:H5'	0.52	2.05	8	4
1:A:6:A:H8	1:A:6:A:O5'	0.48	1.91	9	3
2:B:5:A:O3'	2:B:6:A:H8	0.47	1.93	9	3

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:B:9:C:O5'	2:B:9:C:H6	0.46	1.94	7	6
2:B:6:A:O2'	2:B:7:C:C6	0.46	2.65	7	3
1:A:9:A:C2	2:B:2:A:C2	0.45	3.04	3	4
1:A:6:A:C2	1:A:7:G:C4	0.45	3.05	5	2
1:A:6:A:C2'	2:B:6:A:H61	0.44	2.26	3	1
2:B:5:A:H2'	2:B:6:A:C8	0.44	2.48	6	1
2:B:2:A:C6	2:B:3:C:C4	0.43	3.05	1	2
1:A:7:G:C6	1:A:8:U:C4	0.42	3.08	1	1
1:A:6:A:O5'	1:A:6:A:H8	0.41	1.98	5	2
2:B:9:C:H6	2:B:9:C:O5'	0.41	1.99	6	1
1:A:5:PSU:C2	2:B:5:A:N6	0.40	2.90	5	1
2:B:8:A:H2'	2:B:9:C:C6	0.40	2.52	7	1
1:A:5:PSU:O5'	1:A:5:PSU:H6	0.40	1.98	5	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
1	A	8/9 (89%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0.63±0.04
2	B	9/10 (90%)	3±0 (30±5%)	1±1 (9±9%)	0.36±0.03
All	All	153/171 (89%)	24 (16%)	7 (5%)	0.49

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.49.

All unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	5	A	9
2	B	7	C	9
2	B	6	A	6

All unique RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	5	A	4
2	B	6	A	2
2	B	7	C	1

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	PSU	A	5	1,2	13,21,22	2.44±0.06	1±0 (7±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	PSU	A	5	1,2	16,30,33	1.12±0.23	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PSU	A	5	1,2	-	0±0,7,25,26	0±0,2,2,2

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	5	PSU	C6-N1	7.49	1.46	1.35	4	9

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 25% for the well-defined parts and 25% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 5394

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	44
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	44
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 11%, i.e. 37 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 338. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Backbone	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Sidechain	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Aromatic	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	37/338 (11%)	37/194 (19%)	0/122 (0%)	0/22 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 11%, i.e. 37 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 338. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Backbone	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Sidechain	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Aromatic	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	37/338 (11%)	37/194 (19%)	0/122 (0%)	0/22 (0%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

No *random coil index* (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (`assigned_chem_shift_list_1`). RCI is only applicable to proteins.

## 7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: BMRB entry 5394

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_2*

#### 7.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	51
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	51
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

#### 7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 14%, i.e. 49 atoms were assigned a chemical

shift out of a possible 338. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Backbone	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Sidechain	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Aromatic	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	49/338 (14%)	49/194 (25%)	0/122 (0%)	0/22 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 14%, i.e. 49 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 338. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Backbone	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Sidechain	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Aromatic	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	49/338 (14%)	49/194 (25%)	0/122 (0%)	0/22 (0%)

## 7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

## 7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

No *random coil index* (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_2). RCI is only applicable to proteins.