



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 10:20 AM GMT

PDB ID : 3LQ5  
Title : Structure of CDK9/CyclinT in complex with S-CR8  
Authors : Hole, A.J.; Endicott, J.A.; Baumli, S.  
Deposited on : 2010-02-08  
Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

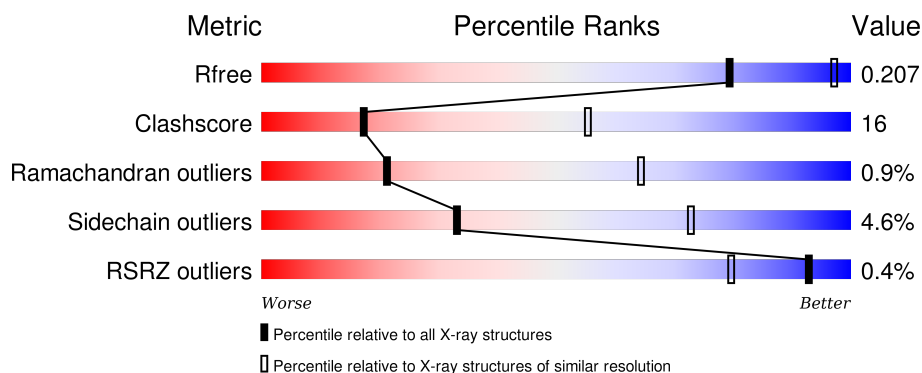
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	1578 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	102246	1912 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1853 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1856 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1592 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	331	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 1%, orange 1%, yellow 60%, green 29%, grey 7%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>%</span> <span>60%</span> <span>29%</span> <span>• 7%</span> </div> </div>
2	B	260	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, green 71%, yellow 25%, grey 4%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span></span> <span>71%</span> <span>25%</span> <span>• •</span> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4589 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cell division protein kinase 9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	308	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2495	1601	429	449	1	15			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	0	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P50750
A	1	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P50750

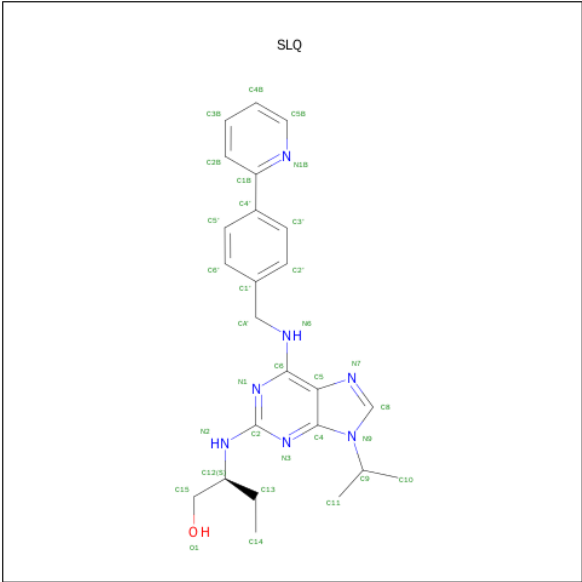
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cyclin-T1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	251	Total	C	N	O	S		0	0	0
			2053	1314	358	372	9				

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	0	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O60563
B	1	PRO	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP O60563
B	77	ARG	GLN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP O60563
B	96	GLY	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP O60563
B	241	LEU	PHE	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP O60563

- Molecule 3 is (2S)-2-({9-(1-METHYLETHYL)-6-[(4-PYRIDIN-2-YLBENZYL)AMINO]-9H-PURIN-2-YL}AMINO)BUTAN-1-OL (three-letter code: SLQ) (formula: C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			32	24	7	1		

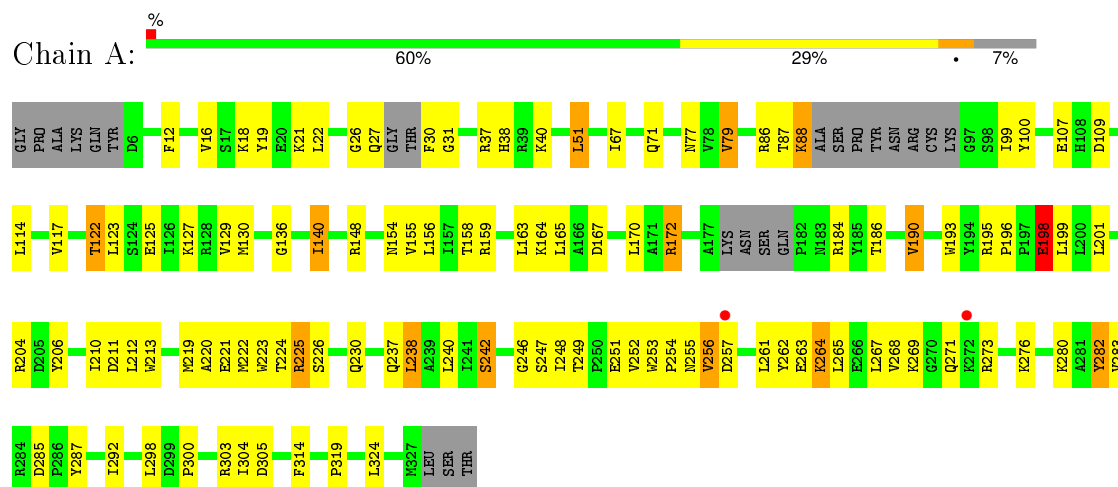
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		
4	B	4	Total	O	0	0
			4	4		

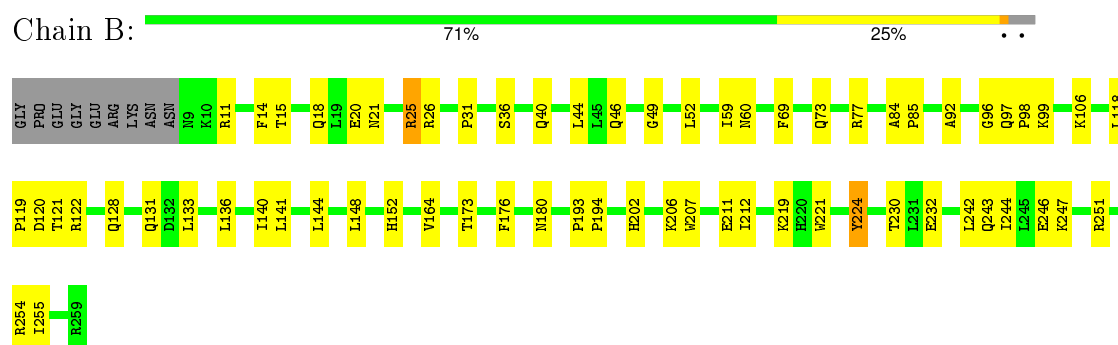
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Cell division protein kinase 9



#### • Molecule 2: Cyclin-T1



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	173.25Å 173.25Å 99.24Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.34 – 3.00 38.38 – 3.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.4 (37.34-3.00) 98.4 (38.38-3.00)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.07	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.04 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.5_2)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.162 , 0.215 0.161 , 0.207	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1095 reflections (5.27%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	86.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.182	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 61.9	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.015 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 21864 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	4589	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	97.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.67% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality ⓘ

### 5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, SLQ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.40	0/2532	0.58	0/3412
2	B	0.45	0/2106	0.60	0/2868
All	All	0.42	0/4638	0.59	0/6280

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2495	0	2543	108	0
2	B	2053	0	2043	41	0
3	A	32	0	27	7	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	B	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	4589	0	4613	148	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

All (148) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:26:GLY:HA2	1:A:27:GLN:HB2	1.56	0.86
1:A:186:TPO:HG22	1:A:186:TPO:O2P	1.76	0.85
1:A:123:LEU:HD23	1:A:319:PRO:HD2	1.60	0.84
2:B:212:ILE:HG21	2:B:221:TRP:HD1	1.44	0.82
1:A:155:VAL:CG1	1:A:163:LEU:HD11	2.10	0.81
1:A:186:TPO:O2P	1:A:186:TPO:CG2	2.30	0.78
1:A:79:VAL:HG21	3:A:331:SLQ:H11A	1.66	0.78
1:A:88:LYS:H	1:A:88:LYS:HD3	1.50	0.75
1:A:253:TRP:O	1:A:256:VAL:HG22	1.87	0.75
1:A:167:ASP:HB2	3:A:331:SLQ:H14	1.69	0.74
1:A:252:VAL:HG22	1:A:273:ARG:HH21	1.59	0.68
2:B:242:LEU:O	2:B:246:GLU:HG3	1.92	0.68
1:A:30:PHE:CD2	1:A:51:LEU:HD11	2.28	0.67
1:A:155:VAL:HG13	1:A:163:LEU:HD11	1.75	0.67
1:A:148:ARG:NH1	1:A:172:ARG:HB3	2.09	0.67
1:A:38:HIS:HE1	1:A:40:LYS:HB2	1.61	0.65
1:A:248:ILE:CG2	1:A:256:VAL:HG11	2.26	0.65
1:A:38:HIS:CE1	1:A:40:LYS:HB2	2.32	0.65
2:B:46:GLN:HA	2:B:59:ILE:HD13	1.80	0.63
1:A:167:ASP:HB2	3:A:331:SLQ:C14	2.28	0.63
1:A:21:LYS:O	1:A:22:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.63
1:A:198:GLU:HG2	1:A:300:PRO:HG3	1.79	0.62
2:B:244:ILE:HA	2:B:247:LYS:HE3	1.80	0.62
1:A:67:ILE:O	1:A:71:GLN:HG3	2.00	0.61
2:B:25:ARG:NH1	2:B:31:PRO:HA	2.16	0.61
2:B:211:GLU:H	2:B:211:GLU:CD	2.05	0.61
1:A:213:TRP:HE3	1:A:303:ARG:HE	1.48	0.60
1:A:155:VAL:HG12	1:A:163:LEU:HD11	1.84	0.60
1:A:300:PRO:HA	1:A:303:ARG:NH1	2.17	0.59
2:B:118:LEU:HD12	2:B:119:PRO:HD2	1.85	0.58
2:B:212:ILE:HG21	2:B:221:TRP:CD1	2.33	0.58
1:A:107:GLU:OE1	1:A:158:THR:HA	2.04	0.58
1:A:148:ARG:HH11	1:A:172:ARG:HB3	1.67	0.57
2:B:96:GLY:C	2:B:98:PRO:HD3	2.25	0.57
1:A:79:VAL:HB	1:A:165:LEU:O	2.05	0.57
1:A:127:LYS:HG2	1:A:314:PHE:CZ	2.41	0.56
1:A:196:PRO:HD2	1:A:199:LEU:HD12	1.87	0.56
1:A:88:LYS:N	1:A:88:LYS:HD3	2.21	0.56
2:B:193:PRO:HB2	2:B:194:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.56
1:A:267:LEU:HD12	1:A:267:LEU:O	2.07	0.55
1:A:261:LEU:HD13	1:A:261:LEU:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:148:ARG:CZ	1:A:172:ARG:HD2	2.38	0.54

Continued on next page...



*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:198:GLU:CG	1:A:300:PRO:HG3	2.38	0.54
1:A:122:THR:HG23	1:A:125:GLU:HG3	1.90	0.54
1:A:298:LEU:O	1:A:300:PRO:HD3	2.07	0.53
2:B:84:ALA:HB3	2:B:85:PRO:HD3	1.89	0.53
1:A:123:LEU:HD23	1:A:319:PRO:CD	2.36	0.53
1:A:248:ILE:HG23	1:A:256:VAL:HG11	1.90	0.53
1:A:324:LEU:N	1:A:324:LEU:HD12	2.24	0.52
1:A:276:LYS:O	1:A:280:LYS:HG3	2.10	0.52
2:B:44:LEU:HD23	2:B:84:ALA:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:A:172:ARG:HG3	1:A:172:ARG:HH11	1.75	0.52
1:A:136:GLY:O	1:A:140:ILE:HG23	2.09	0.52
1:A:30:PHE:HD2	1:A:51:LEU:HD11	1.74	0.51
2:B:52:LEU:O	2:B:99:LYS:HE2	2.11	0.51
1:A:193:TRP:CD1	1:A:230:GLN:HA	2.45	0.51
1:A:252:VAL:HG22	1:A:273:ARG:NH2	2.23	0.51
1:A:18:LYS:HE2	1:A:19:TYR:CE2	2.45	0.51
1:A:212:LEU:HD13	1:A:304:ILE:O	2.11	0.50
2:B:120:ASP:C	2:B:122:ARG:H	2.15	0.50
2:B:20:GLU:O	2:B:25:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.50
1:A:263:GLU:C	1:A:265:LEU:H	2.15	0.49
1:A:86:ARG:HA	1:A:99:ILE:HD13	1.94	0.49
2:B:207:TRP:NE1	2:B:255:ILE:HG13	2.27	0.49
1:A:257:ASP:HA	1:A:262:TYR:CD2	2.47	0.49
1:A:129:VAL:HG12	1:A:130:MET:N	2.28	0.49
1:A:254:PRO:O	1:A:255:ASN:HB2	2.11	0.49
1:A:148:ARG:HD3	1:A:170:LEU:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:127:LYS:HG2	1:A:314:PHE:CE1	2.48	0.49
1:A:198:GLU:CD	1:A:300:PRO:HG3	2.33	0.49
1:A:79:VAL:CG2	3:A:331:SLQ:H11A	2.38	0.48
1:A:219:MET:SD	1:A:292:ILE:HG12	2.53	0.48
1:A:26:GLY:CA	1:A:27:GLN:HB2	2.36	0.48
1:A:253:TRP:CD2	1:A:256:VAL:HG13	2.48	0.48
1:A:201:LEU:CD2	1:A:238:LEU:HD11	2.44	0.48
1:A:223:TRP:CD2	1:A:283:VAL:HG22	2.49	0.47
2:B:133:LEU:HD23	2:B:133:LEU:C	2.33	0.47
1:A:30:PHE:HA	1:A:31:GLY:HA2	1.50	0.47
2:B:128:GLN:O	2:B:131:GLN:HB2	2.14	0.47
1:A:253:TRP:CG	1:A:256:VAL:HG13	2.49	0.47
2:B:96:GLY:O	2:B:98:PRO:HD3	2.15	0.47
2:B:219:LYS:HB3	2:B:224:TYR:HE1	1.80	0.47
1:A:268:VAL:HG12	1:A:269:LYS:H	1.80	0.47

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:114:LEU:HD13	1:A:221:GLU:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:148:ARG:HH22	1:A:186:TPO:P	2.38	0.46
1:A:268:VAL:HG12	1:A:269:LYS:N	2.30	0.46
2:B:21:ASN:OD1	2:B:26:ARG:HD2	2.15	0.46
2:B:36:SER:O	2:B:40:GLN:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:A:16:VAL:HG11	1:A:100:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.46
1:A:99:ILE:HD13	1:A:99:ILE:HA	1.78	0.46
1:A:195:ARG:HG2	1:A:196:PRO:HD2	1.97	0.46
1:A:247:SER:OG	1:A:271:GLN:HB2	2.15	0.46
1:A:264:LYS:HG3	1:A:264:LYS:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:249:THR:OG1	1:A:251:GLU:HG2	2.15	0.46
2:B:173:THR:O	2:B:176:PHE:HB3	2.15	0.45
1:A:163:LEU:O	1:A:164:LYS:HD3	2.17	0.45
1:A:79:VAL:HG21	3:A:331:SLQ:C11	2.40	0.45
1:A:252:VAL:CG2	1:A:273:ARG:HH21	2.28	0.45
2:B:251:ARG:O	2:B:254:ARG:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:A:190:VAL:HB	1:A:195:ARG:HG3	1.99	0.45
2:B:15:THR:OG1	2:B:18:GLN:HG3	2.16	0.44
2:B:141:LEU:HA	2:B:141:LEU:HD23	1.80	0.44
1:A:282:TYR:CD1	1:A:282:TYR:N	2.84	0.44
2:B:202:HIS:NE2	2:B:206:LYS:HE3	2.33	0.44
2:B:69:PHE:CZ	2:B:73:GLN:HG3	2.52	0.44
1:A:148:ARG:NH2	1:A:186:TPO:OG1	2.50	0.44
1:A:252:VAL:HG13	1:A:273:ARG:HH21	1.82	0.44
1:A:107:GLU:CD	1:A:159:ARG:H	2.19	0.44
1:A:237:GLN:O	1:A:240:LEU:N	2.51	0.44
1:A:172:ARG:HG3	1:A:172:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.44
1:A:114:LEU:O	1:A:225:ARG:HD2	2.17	0.44
2:B:140:ILE:O	2:B:144:LEU:HG	2.17	0.44
2:B:120:ASP:C	2:B:122:ARG:N	2.71	0.43
1:A:220:ALA:C	1:A:222:MET:H	2.21	0.43
1:A:210:ILE:HG13	1:A:211:ASP:N	2.31	0.43
1:A:77:ASN:HA	1:A:163:LEU:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:252:VAL:HG13	1:A:273:ARG:NH2	2.34	0.43
2:B:92:ALA:HB1	2:B:97:GLN:O	2.18	0.43
2:B:164:VAL:HG12	2:B:164:VAL:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:193:TRP:HA	1:A:237:GLN:HE22	1.84	0.43
2:B:224:TYR:N	2:B:224:TYR:CD1	2.87	0.43
1:A:140:ILE:HG21	1:A:140:ILE:HD13	1.72	0.43
2:B:211:GLU:O	2:B:212:ILE:HD13	2.19	0.43
1:A:167:ASP:CB	3:A:331:SLQ:H14	2.45	0.42

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:242:SER:HA	1:A:246:GLY:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:107:GLU:N	1:A:107:GLU:OE1	2.46	0.42
1:A:195:ARG:HA	1:A:196:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.42
1:A:184:ARG:HG2	1:A:204:ARG:HH21	1.84	0.42
1:A:184:ARG:NH1	1:A:184:ARG:HB2	2.35	0.42
1:A:253:TRP:CD1	1:A:253:TRP:C	2.92	0.42
1:A:199:LEU:HD21	1:A:206:TYR:CD1	2.55	0.42
1:A:154:ASN:OD1	3:A:331:SLQ:H14A	2.20	0.42
1:A:261:LEU:HD11	1:A:265:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.42
2:B:49:GLY:HA3	2:B:59:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:A:220:ALA:O	1:A:222:MET:N	2.54	0.41
2:B:60:ASN:HB3	2:B:152:HIS:CE1	2.55	0.41
2:B:14:PHE:N	2:B:14:PHE:CD2	2.89	0.41
1:A:123:LEU:O	1:A:127:LYS:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:A:163:LEU:HG	1:A:164:LYS:N	2.34	0.41
1:A:220:ALA:C	1:A:222:MET:N	2.74	0.41
1:A:224:THR:C	1:A:226:SER:H	2.24	0.41
2:B:180:ASN:OD1	2:B:251:ARG:HD2	2.21	0.41
2:B:232:GLU:CD	2:B:232:GLU:H	2.24	0.40
1:A:12:PHE:CE2	2:B:11:ARG:HD3	2.56	0.40
1:A:285:ASP:OD1	1:A:287:TYR:HB2	2.20	0.40
1:A:251:GLU:HG3	1:A:252:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.40
2:B:193:PRO:N	2:B:194:PRO:CD	2.84	0.40
1:A:109:ASP:HB3	1:A:156:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	299/331 (90%)	263 (88%)	32 (11%)	4 (1%)	15 53

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	249/260 (96%)	233 (94%)	15 (6%)	1 (0%)	39	80
All	All	548/591 (93%)	496 (90%)	47 (9%)	5 (1%)	21	64

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	225	ARG
1	A	264	LYS
1	A	190	VAL
2	B	121	THR
1	A	198	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	272/291 (94%)	257 (94%)	15 (6%)	27	65
2	B	229/236 (97%)	221 (96%)	8 (4%)	43	80
All	All	501/527 (95%)	478 (95%)	23 (5%)	33	73

All (23) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	37	ARG
1	A	51	LEU
1	A	79	VAL
1	A	87	THR
1	A	88	LYS
1	A	117	VAL
1	A	122	THR
1	A	140	ILE
1	A	172	ARG
1	A	198	GLU
1	A	238	LEU

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	242	SER
1	A	256	VAL
1	A	282	TYR
1	A	305	ASP
2	B	25	ARG
2	B	77	ARG
2	B	106	LYS
2	B	136	LEU
2	B	148	LEU
2	B	224	TYR
2	B	230	THR
2	B	243	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	255	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	TPO	A	186	1	8,10,11	1.14	0	7,14,16	1.72	2 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means

no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	A	186	1	-	0/8/11/13	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	186	TPO	O-C-CA	-2.90	117.78	125.44
1	A	186	TPO	C-CA-N	2.11	114.24	109.83

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	186	TPO	4	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	SLQ	A	331	-	31,35,35	2.12	3 (9%)	39,48,48	6.85	13 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical

component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	SLQ	A	331	-	-	0/21/21/21	0/4/4/4

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	331	SLQ	C4'-C1B	-6.22	1.39	1.48
3	A	331	SLQ	C9-N9	-2.19	1.45	1.49
3	A	331	SLQ	C2-N2	8.70	1.45	1.34

All (13) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	331	SLQ	N3-C2-N1	-4.40	119.47	126.22
3	A	331	SLQ	C4B-C5B-N1B	-2.72	118.89	123.44
3	A	331	SLQ	C3'-C4'-C1B	-2.31	117.47	121.24
3	A	331	SLQ	C1'-CA'-N6	-2.07	108.92	113.73
3	A	331	SLQ	C5B-N1B-C1B	2.10	120.09	117.20
3	A	331	SLQ	C11-C9-N9	2.13	113.58	110.15
3	A	331	SLQ	N2-C2-N1	2.19	120.15	116.95
3	A	331	SLQ	N2-C2-N3	2.21	120.18	116.95
3	A	331	SLQ	C6'-C1'-C2'	2.73	122.50	118.13
3	A	331	SLQ	C10-C9-N9	3.12	115.18	110.15
3	A	331	SLQ	C2-N3-C4	4.47	120.47	115.09
3	A	331	SLQ	CA'-N6-C6	26.13	155.92	123.16
3	A	331	SLQ	C2-N2-C12	31.90	158.99	123.51

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	331	SLQ	7	0

## 5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	307/331 (92%)	-0.39	2 (0%) 89 70	54, 101, 162, 216	0
2	B	251/260 (96%)	-0.28	0 100 100	52, 78, 141, 190	0
All	All	558/591 (94%)	-0.34	2 (0%) 93 80	52, 90, 157, 216	0

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	272	LYS	2.1
1	A	257	ASP	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	TPO	A	186	11/12	0.95	0.13	-	77,100,111,121	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	SLQ	A	331	32/32	0.95	0.28	1.11	79,102,127,129	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.