



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 27, 2016 – 02:38 AM BST

PDB ID : 2MBT  
Title : NMR study of PaDsbA  
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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)  
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : unknown  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

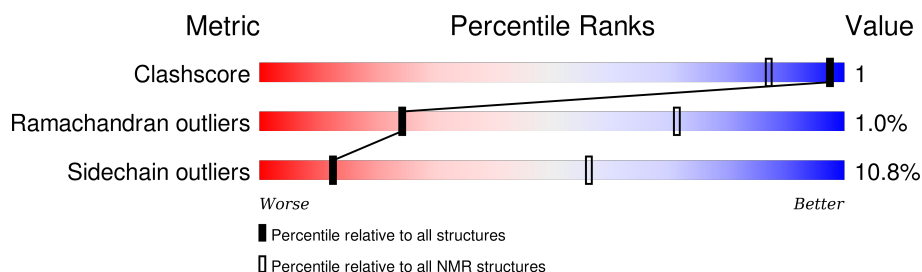
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 78%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	190	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:4-A:84, A:93-A:188 (177)	0.45	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20
2	2, 11, 12, 17

### 3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2956 atoms, of which 1467 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	190	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2956	965	1467	242	274	8	

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

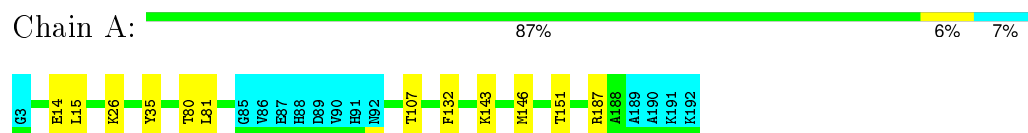
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	3	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P0C2B2

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA

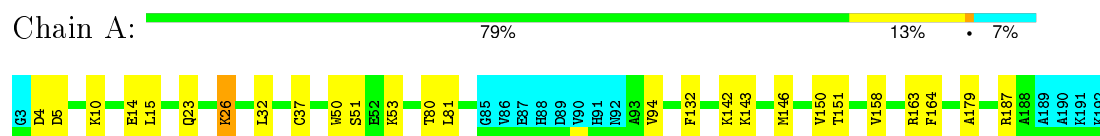


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

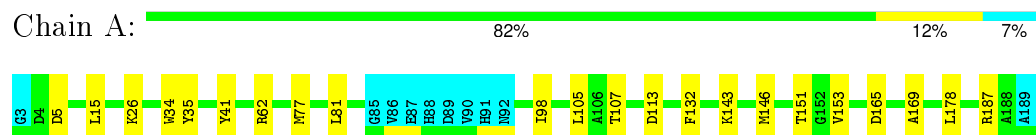
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



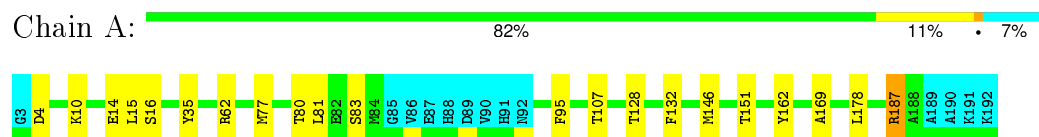
#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



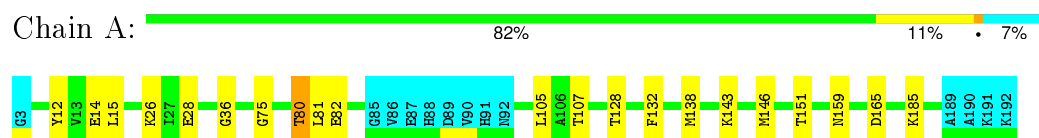
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



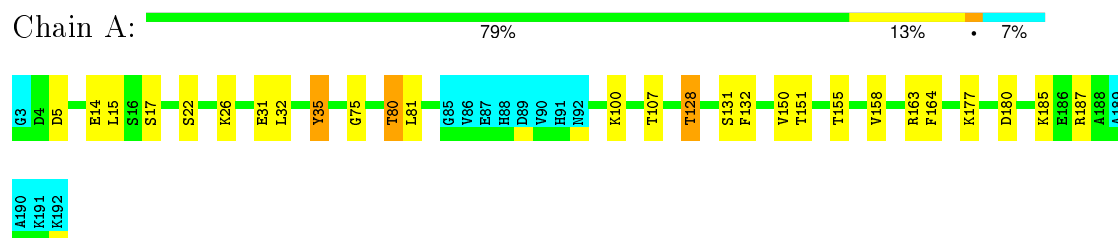
### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



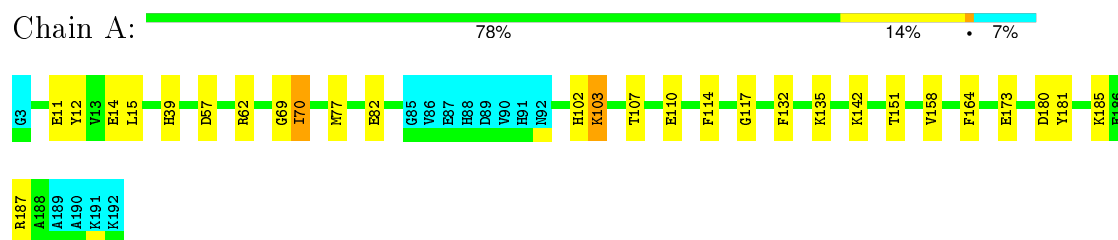
### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



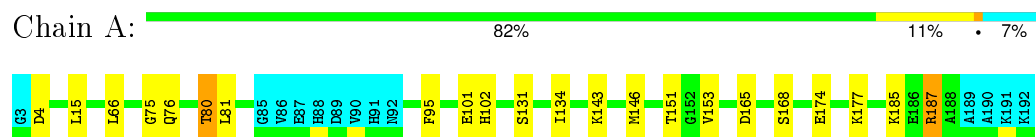
### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



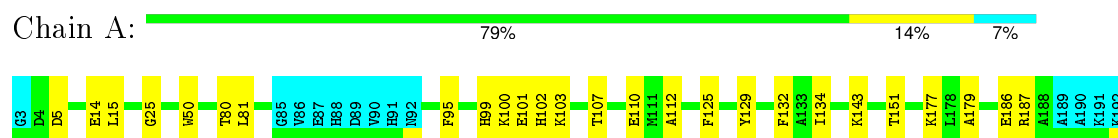
### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



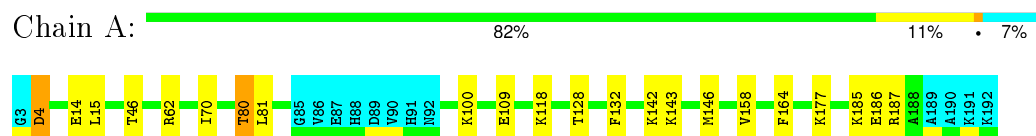
### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



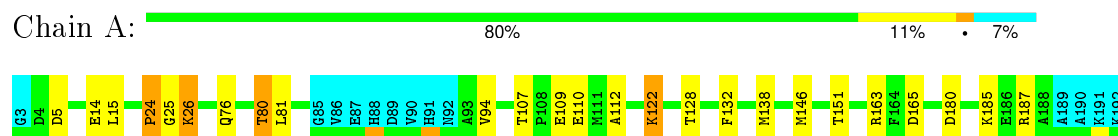
### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



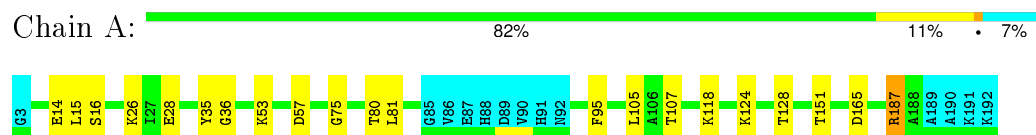
### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



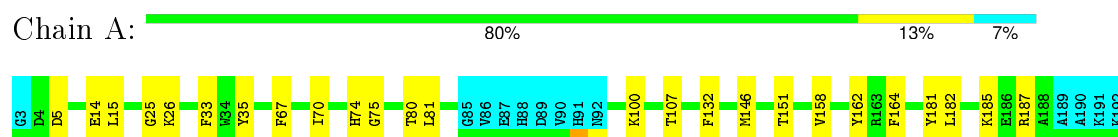
### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



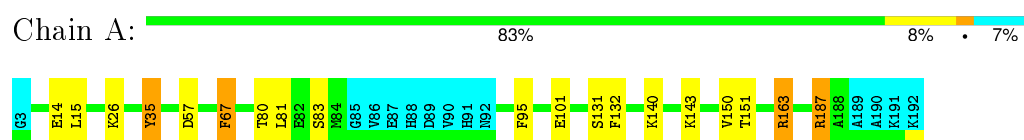
#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



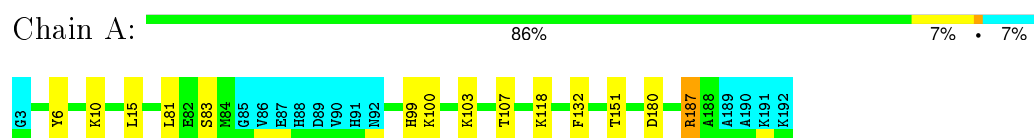
#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



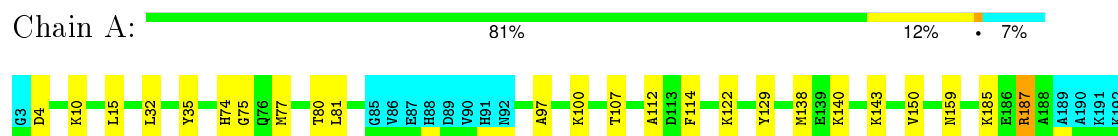
#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



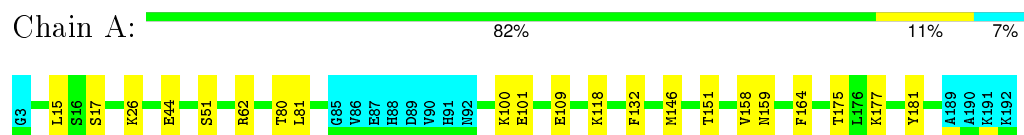
#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

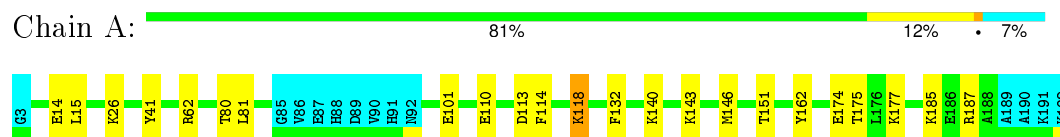
- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA





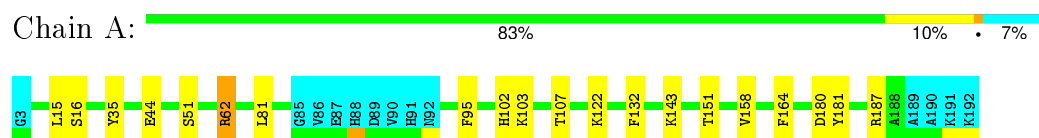
#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



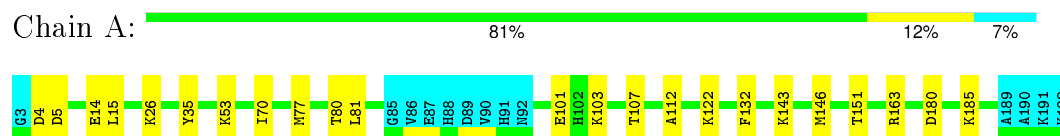
#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



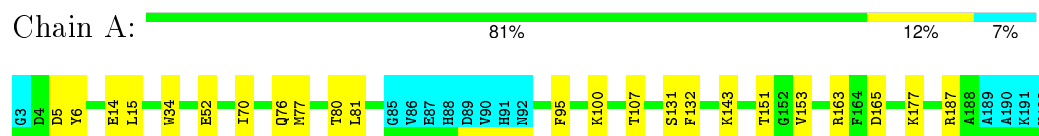
#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein DsbA



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *water refinement*.

Of the 40 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	3.0
OPALp	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2mbt_cs.str
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1988
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1988
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	78%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

## 6 Model quality i

### 6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.64±0.01	0±0/1434 (0.0±0.0%)	0.99±0.02	1±1/1943 (0.1±0.0%)
All	All	0.64	0/28680 (0.0%)	0.99	21/38860 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	1.2±0.7
All	All	0	25

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	187	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.65	124.12	120.30	1	1
1	A	35	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-7.50	116.50	121.00	15	1
1	A	187	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.15	116.73	120.30	1	2
1	A	35	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.95	116.83	121.00	11	6
1	A	67	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-6.74	116.08	120.80	13	1
1	A	6	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-6.05	117.37	121.00	20	2
1	A	181	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.97	117.42	121.00	12	2
1	A	162	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.78	117.53	121.00	3	1
1	A	62	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.43	117.58	120.30	9	1
1	A	37	CYS	CA-CB-SG	5.37	123.67	114.00	1	1
1	A	181	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.22	117.87	121.00	16	2
1	A	12	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.15	117.91	121.00	4	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	187	ARG	Sidechain	5
1	A	163	ARG	Sidechain	5
1	A	62	ARG	Sidechain	4
1	A	35	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	41	TYR	Sidechain	2
1	A	129	TYR	Sidechain	2
1	A	162	TYR	Sidechain	1
1	A	36	GLY	Peptide	1
1	A	67	PHE	Peptide	1
1	A	12	TYR	Sidechain	1

## 6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1394	1377	1377	2±1
All	All	27880	27540	27540	45

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:150:VAL:HG22	1:A:163:ARG:NH2	0.70	2.02	13	1
1:A:150:VAL:HG22	1:A:155:THR:HG21	0.62	1.71	5	1
1:A:169:ALA:HB1	1:A:178:LEU:HD23	0.58	1.75	3	2
1:A:80:THR:CG2	1:A:128:THR:HG23	0.57	2.30	3	2
1:A:32:LEU:HD22	1:A:150:VAL:HG21	0.57	1.75	1	2
1:A:80:THR:HG22	1:A:128:THR:HG23	0.56	1.76	9	4
1:A:80:THR:HA	1:A:134:ILE:HD11	0.51	1.83	8	2
1:A:112:ALA:HB1	1:A:122:LYS:HG3	0.49	1.83	10	1
1:A:34:TRP:CB	1:A:153:VAL:HG21	0.49	2.37	20	2
1:A:112:ALA:HB1	1:A:122:LYS:CG	0.49	2.38	10	2
1:A:158:VAL:HG23	1:A:164:PHE:CE1	0.48	2.43	18	7
1:A:98:ILE:HD13	1:A:105:LEU:HD12	0.46	1.86	2	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:98:ILE:CD1	1:A:105:LEU:HD12	0.46	2.41	2	1
1:A:26:LYS:HE3	1:A:26:LYS:H	0.44	1.73	1	1
1:A:114:PHE:CZ	1:A:118:LYS:HE3	0.44	2.47	17	1
1:A:162:TYR:CG	1:A:182:LEU:HD22	0.43	2.48	12	1
1:A:97:ALA:HB1	1:A:114:PHE:CE1	0.42	2.49	15	1
1:A:124:LYS:O	1:A:128:THR:HG22	0.42	2.14	11	1
1:A:112:ALA:HB2	1:A:125:PHE:CD2	0.42	2.50	8	1
1:A:32:LEU:CD2	1:A:150:VAL:HG21	0.41	2.45	15	1
1:A:103:LYS:HE3	1:A:114:PHE:CE1	0.41	2.49	6	1
1:A:150:VAL:HG22	1:A:163:ARG:HH22	0.41	1.72	13	1
1:A:50:TRP:CH2	1:A:179:ALA:HB1	0.41	2.50	1	1
1:A:24:PRO:C	1:A:26:LYS:H	0.41	2.19	10	1
1:A:69:GLY:O	1:A:70:ILE:HG22	0.41	2.15	6	1
1:A:50:TRP:CZ2	1:A:179:ALA:HB1	0.41	2.51	8	1
1:A:112:ALA:HB1	1:A:122:LYS:HG2	0.40	1.92	19	1
1:A:95:PHE:CD2	1:A:99:HIS:CD2	0.40	3.09	8	1
1:A:34:TRP:HB3	1:A:153:VAL:HG21	0.40	1.92	20	1
1:A:118:LYS:HA	1:A:118:LYS:HE2	0.40	1.94	14	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	177/190 (93%)	155±3 (87±2%)	20±3 (11±2%)	2±1 (1±1%)	24	71
All	All	3540/3800 (93%)	3097 (87%)	407 (11%)	36 (1%)	24	71

All 18 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	75	GLY	6
1	A	151	THR	3
1	A	102	HIS	3
1	A	70	ILE	3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	25	GLY	3
1	A	4	ASP	2
1	A	159	ASN	2
1	A	105	LEU	2
1	A	74	HIS	2
1	A	94	VAL	2
1	A	36	GLY	1
1	A	66	LEU	1
1	A	99	HIS	1
1	A	24	PRO	1
1	A	39	HIS	1
1	A	16	SER	1
1	A	117	GLY	1
1	A	10	LYS	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	147/156 (94%)	131±3 (89±2%)	16±3 (11±2%)	12	56
All	All	2940/3120 (94%)	2622 (89%)	318 (11%)	12	56

All 64 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	15	LEU	20
1	A	81	LEU	19
1	A	132	PHE	17
1	A	187	ARG	16
1	A	151	THR	15
1	A	14	GLU	14
1	A	107	THR	14
1	A	80	THR	13
1	A	143	LYS	12
1	A	26	LYS	11
1	A	146	MET	11

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	185	LYS	9
1	A	5	ASP	8
1	A	100	LYS	8
1	A	177	LYS	7
1	A	77	MET	6
1	A	180	ASP	6
1	A	101	GLU	6
1	A	165	ASP	6
1	A	95	PHE	6
1	A	4	ASP	5
1	A	103	LYS	5
1	A	131	SER	4
1	A	118	LYS	4
1	A	110	GLU	4
1	A	62	ARG	3
1	A	51	SER	3
1	A	53	LYS	3
1	A	138	MET	3
1	A	83	SER	3
1	A	76	GLN	3
1	A	10	LYS	3
1	A	142	LYS	3
1	A	109	GLU	3
1	A	140	LYS	3
1	A	57	ASP	3
1	A	122	LYS	2
1	A	28	GLU	2
1	A	175	THR	2
1	A	70	ILE	2
1	A	82	GLU	2
1	A	16	SER	2
1	A	174	GLU	2
1	A	17	SER	2
1	A	35	TYR	2
1	A	113	ASP	2
1	A	44	GLU	2
1	A	67	PHE	1
1	A	33	PHE	1
1	A	23	GLN	1
1	A	186	GLU	1
1	A	128	THR	1
1	A	135	LYS	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	102	HIS	1
1	A	46	THR	1
1	A	168	SER	1
1	A	153	VAL	1
1	A	159	ASN	1
1	A	31	GLU	1
1	A	173	GLU	1
1	A	52	GLU	1
1	A	11	GLU	1
1	A	163	ARG	1
1	A	22	SER	1

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 78% for the well-defined parts and 76% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2mbt\_cs.str

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1988
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1988
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	8

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	185	$-0.01 \pm 0.12$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	171	$0.37 \pm 0.10$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	—
$^{15}\text{N}$	163	$-0.24 \pm 0.24$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 78%, i.e. 1678 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2157. 29 out of 29 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	662/863 (77%)	330/343 (96%)	176/354 (50%)	156/166 (94%)
Sidechain	880/1068 (82%)	539/629 (86%)	333/407 (82%)	8/32 (25%)

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	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Aromatic	136/226 (60%)	82/120 (68%)	50/97 (52%)	4/9 (44%)
Overall	1678/2157 (78%)	951/1092 (87%)	559/858 (65%)	168/207 (81%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 1745 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2302. 30 out of 31 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	<b>Total</b>	<b><sup>1</sup>H</b>	<b><sup>13</sup>C</b>	<b><sup>15</sup>N</b>
Backbone	694/928 (75%)	346/369 (94%)	185/380 (49%)	163/179 (91%)
Sidechain	911/1134 (80%)	558/667 (84%)	344/432 (80%)	9/35 (26%)
Aromatic	140/240 (58%)	84/128 (66%)	52/101 (51%)	4/11 (36%)
Overall	1745/2302 (76%)	988/1164 (85%)	581/913 (64%)	176/225 (78%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	54	LEU	CG	33.51	32.55 – 21.05	5.8
1	A	182	LEU	HD21	-0.75	2.14 – -0.66	-5.3
1	A	182	LEU	HD22	-0.75	2.14 – -0.66	-5.3
1	A	182	LEU	HD23	-0.75	2.14 – -0.66	-5.3
1	A	47	ILE	HB	0.27	3.24 – 0.34	-5.3
1	A	94	VAL	HG13	-0.53	2.13 – -0.47	-5.2
1	A	94	VAL	HG11	-0.53	2.13 – -0.47	-5.2
1	A	94	VAL	HG12	-0.53	2.13 – -0.47	-5.2

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

