



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 27, 2016 – 04:00 AM BST

PDB ID : 2MX6
Title : Complex structure of Dvl PDZ domain with ligand
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Deposited on : 2014-12-15

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

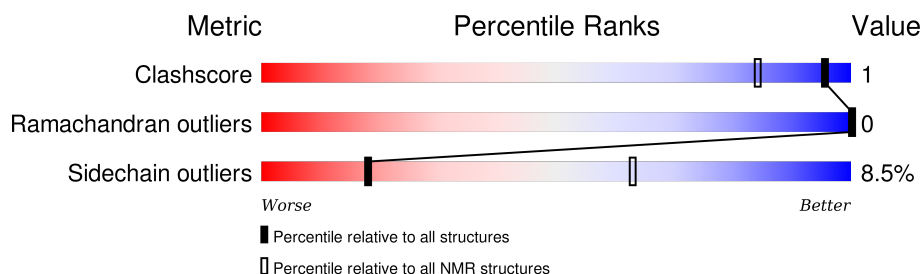
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 7%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	90	
2	B	3	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:248-A:269, A:277-A:337, B:2-B:3 (85)	0.17	10

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 4, 7, 8, 9, 16, 19
2	5, 6, 12, 13, 15, 18, 20
3	1, 3, 10, 11, 14
Single-model clusters	17

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1408 atoms, of which 703 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	90	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1350	414	677	121	134	4	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called (PHQ)WV peptide.

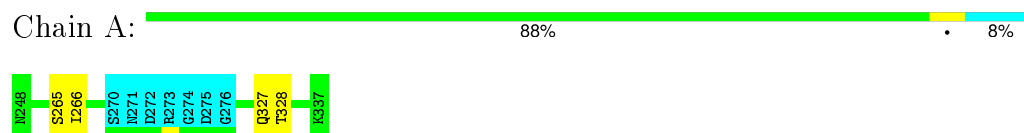
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
2	B	3	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			58	24	26	3	5	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

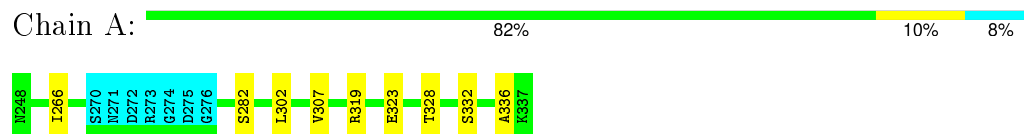


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1




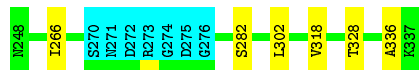
- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



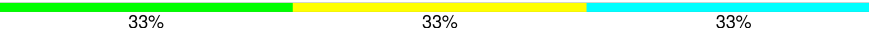
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A:  86% 7% 8%




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

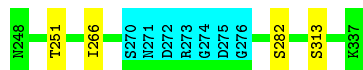
Chain B:  33% 33% 33%



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A:  88% • 8%




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

Chain B:  33% 33% 33%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A:  83% 9% 8%




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

Chain B:  33% 33% 33%



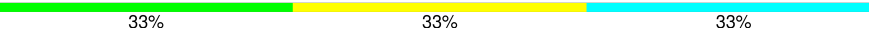
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

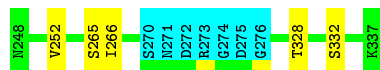
Chain B: 



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

Chain B: 



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

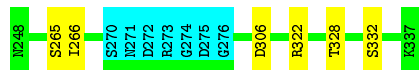
Chain B: 



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

Chain B: 



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 




- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

Chain B: 



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 



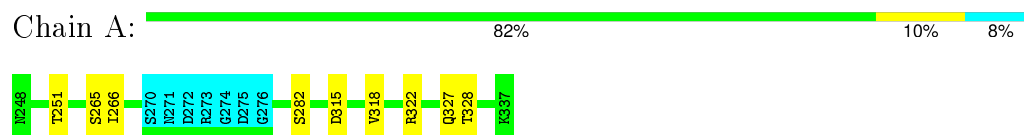
- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

Chain B: 



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

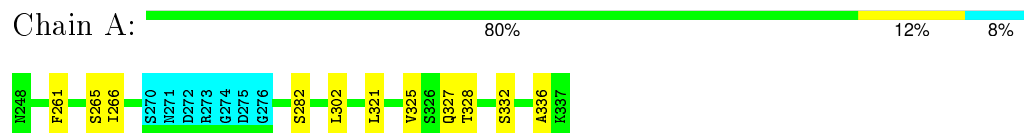


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

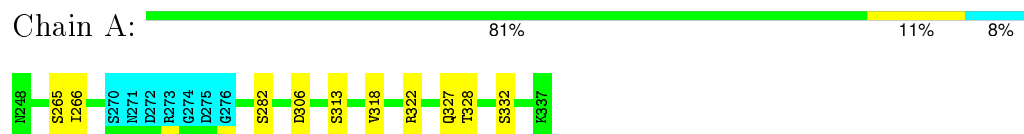


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

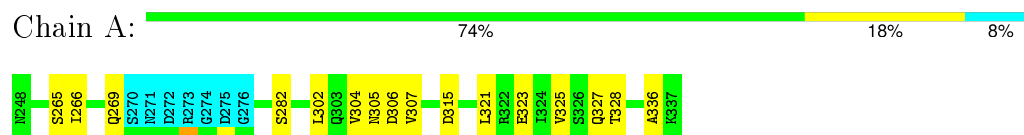


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

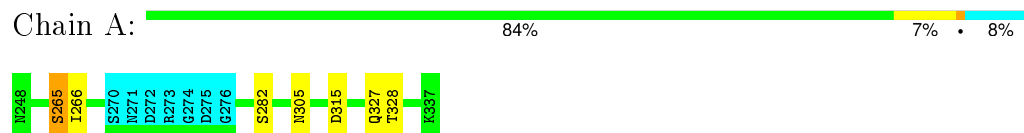


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

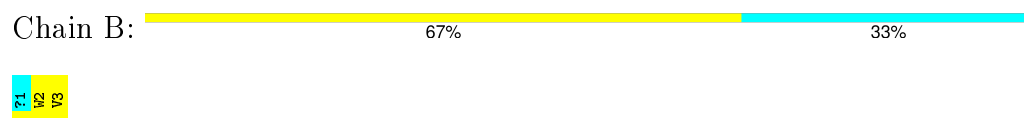


4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

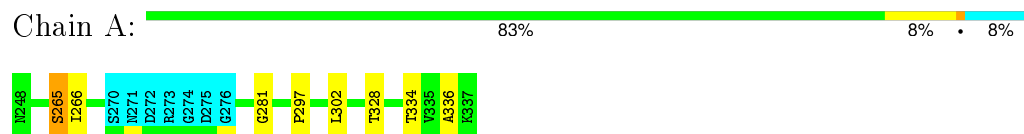


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

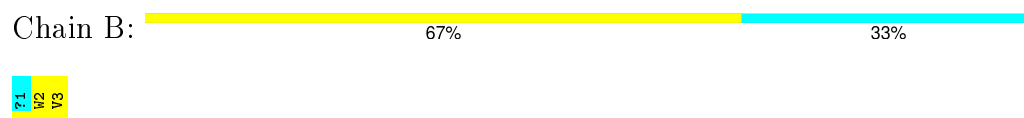


4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

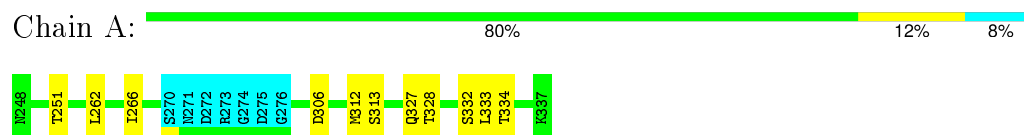


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

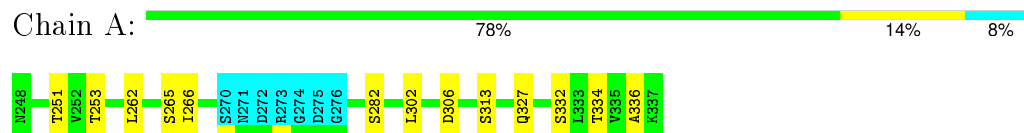


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

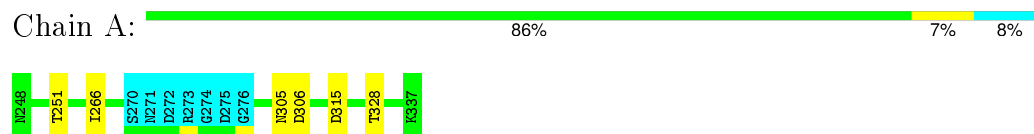


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

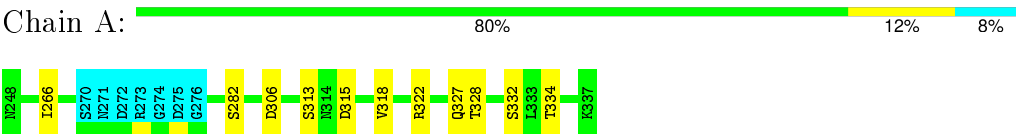


- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide

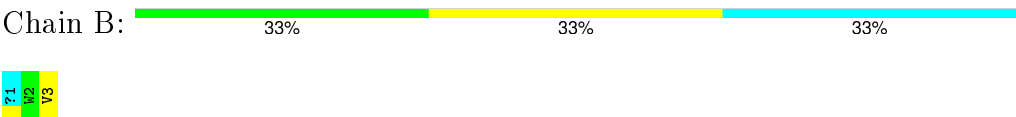


4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



- Molecule 2: (PHQ)WV peptide



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	structure solution	
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2mx6_cs.str
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	89
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	89
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	7%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality ⓘ

6.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PHQ

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	624	639	634	2±1
2	B	22	19	18	0±1
All	All	12920	13160	13040	35

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:302:LEU:HD11	1:A:336:ALA:HB2	0.64	1.68	16	10
1:A:304:VAL:O	1:A:307:VAL:HG22	0.53	2.02	14	1
1:A:318:VAL:O	1:A:322:ARG:HG3	0.49	2.07	13	5
1:A:322:ARG:HA	2:B:3:VAL:HG11	0.48	1.84	8	3
1:A:265:SER:HB3	2:B:2:TRP:CE2	0.47	2.45	6	3
1:A:305:ASN:O	1:A:306:ASP:HB2	0.45	2.11	14	3
1:A:265:SER:HB3	2:B:2:TRP:CZ2	0.44	2.47	6	2
1:A:319:ARG:O	1:A:323:GLU:HG2	0.43	2.13	1	1
1:A:252:VAL:O	1:A:332:SER:HA	0.42	2.14	6	1
1:A:261:PHE:HB2	2:B:3:VAL:O	0.42	2.15	12	1
1:A:281:GLY:O	1:A:297:PRO:HB3	0.41	2.15	16	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:321:LEU:O	1:A:325:VAL:HG23	0.41	2.16	14	2
1:A:251:THR:HA	1:A:333:LEU:O	0.41	2.16	17	1
1:A:305:ASN:HD21	1:A:331:ILE:HG23	0.40	1.75	10	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	81/90 (90%)	75±1 (93±1%)	6±1 (7±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
2	B	0	-	-	-	-	-
All	All	1620/1860 (87%)	1503 (93%)	117 (7%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	69/74 (93%)	64±2 (93±3%)	5±2 (7±3%)	22	68
2	B	2/2 (100%)	1±0 (50±0%)	1±0 (50±0%)	0	1
All	All	1420/1520 (93%)	1299 (91%)	121 (9%)	18	63

All 19 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	3	VAL	20
1	A	328	THR	18

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	327	GLN	11
1	A	265	SER	11
1	A	282	SER	10
1	A	332	SER	9
1	A	313	SER	8
1	A	315	ASP	7
1	A	306	ASP	6
1	A	334	THR	5
1	A	251	THR	5
1	A	262	LEU	2
1	A	269	GLN	2
1	A	307	VAL	2
1	A	253	THR	1
1	A	318	VAL	1
1	A	312	MET	1
1	A	305	ASN	1
1	A	323	GLU	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 7% for the well-defined parts and 6% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2mx6_cs.str

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	89
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	89
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	1	—	—
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	10	0.00 \pm 0.00	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	—
^{15}N	0	—	—

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 7%, i.e. 70 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1006. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	5/421 (1%)	4/168 (2%)	1/170 (1%)	0/83 (0%)
Sidechain	60/531 (11%)	36/305 (12%)	24/203 (12%)	0/23 (0%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	5/54 (9%)	5/28 (18%)	0/21 (0%)	0/5 (0%)
Overall	70/1006 (7%)	45/501 (9%)	25/394 (6%)	0/111 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 6%, i.e. 70 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1077. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	5/456 (1%)	4/182 (2%)	1/184 (1%)	0/90 (0%)
Sidechain	60/567 (11%)	36/326 (11%)	24/214 (11%)	0/27 (0%)
Aromatic	5/54 (9%)	5/28 (18%)	0/21 (0%)	0/5 (0%)
Overall	70/1077 (6%)	45/536 (8%)	25/419 (6%)	0/122 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	325	VAL	HB	15.44	3.59 – 0.39	42.0
1	A	289	VAL	CA	24.09	76.93 – 48.03	-13.3
1	A	325	VAL	CB	15.60	41.76 – 23.66	-9.5

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

No *random coil index* (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (assigned_chem_shift_list_1). RCI is only applicable to proteins.