



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 27, 2016 – 04:08 AM BST

PDB ID : 2N5F
Title : Solution structure of the dehydroascorbate reductase 3A from Populus tri-chocarpa
Authors : Roret, T.; Tsan, P.
Deposited on : 2015-07-15

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

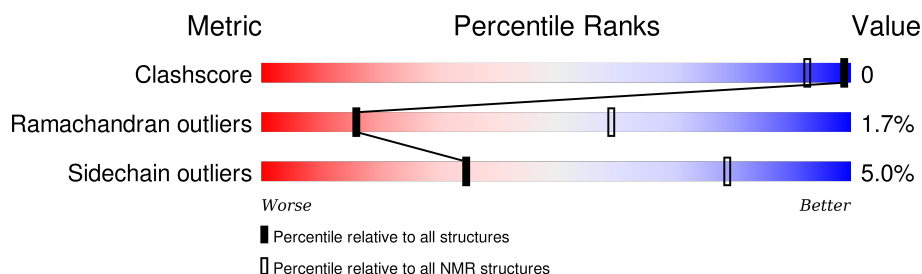
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR


The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 63%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	218	 91% . . .

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 11 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:3-A:208 (206)	0.55	11

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 11 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	6, 11, 17
2	12, 20
3	3, 5
4	4, 16
Single-model clusters	1; 2; 7; 8; 9; 10; 13; 14; 15; 18; 19

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3352 atoms, of which 1691 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	212	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			3352	1085	1691	272	300	4	

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

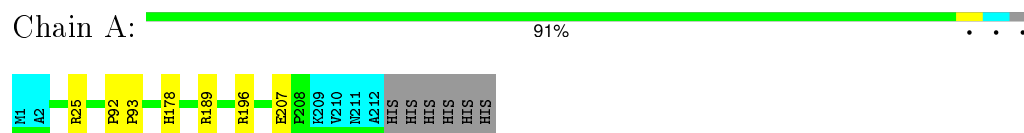
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	40	HIS	TYR	CONFLICT	UNP B9HM36
A	171	PRO	THR	CONFLICT	UNP B9HM36
A	213	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP B9HM36
A	214	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP B9HM36
A	215	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP B9HM36
A	216	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP B9HM36
A	217	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP B9HM36
A	218	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP B9HM36

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein

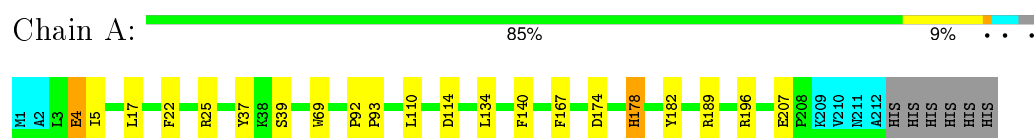


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

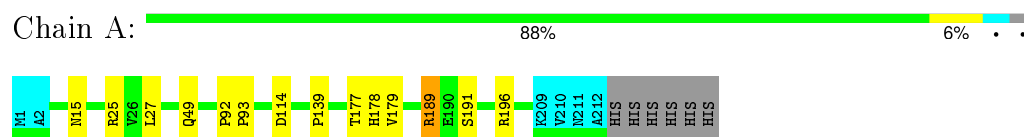
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



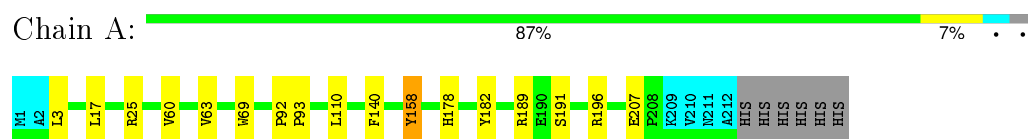
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



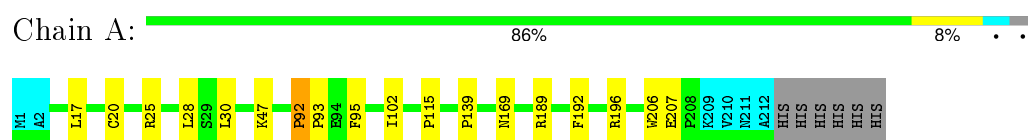
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



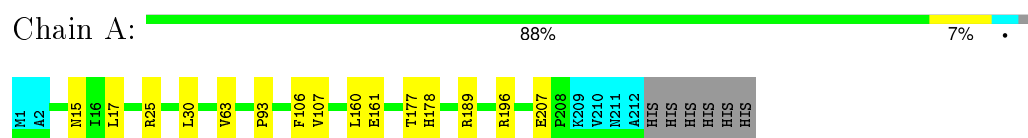
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



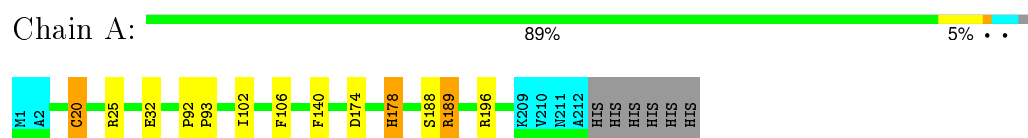
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



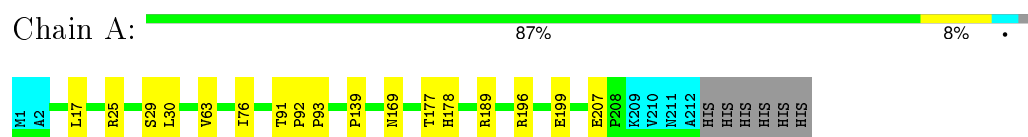
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



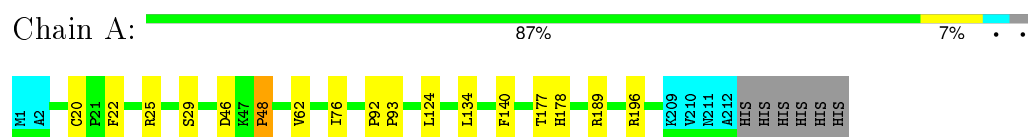
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



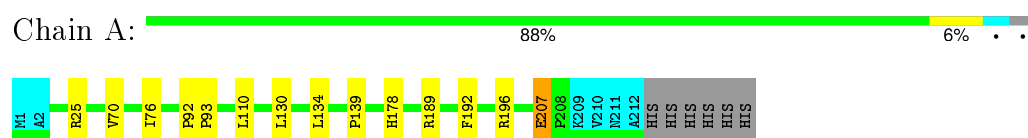
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



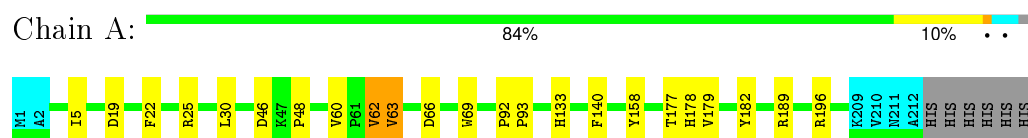
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



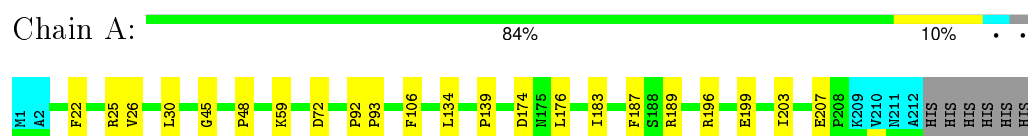
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



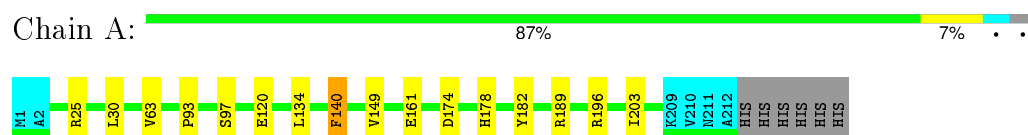
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



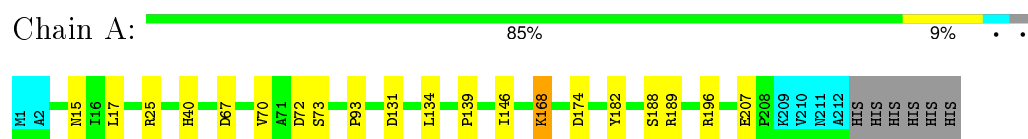
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



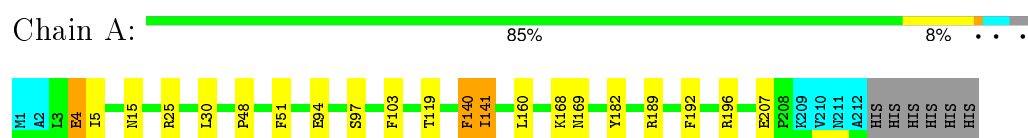
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



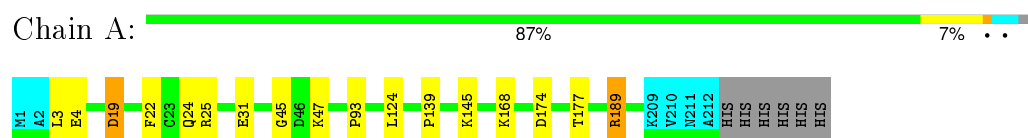
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



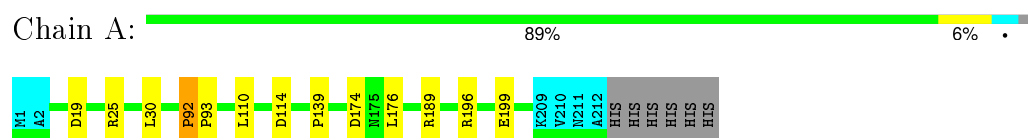
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



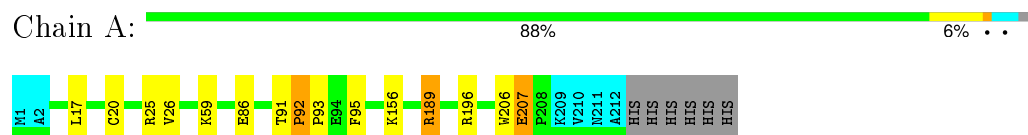
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



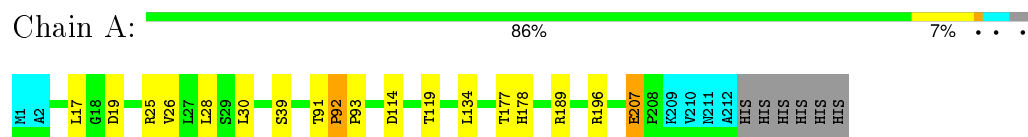
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



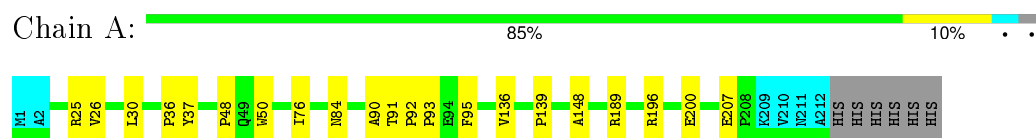
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



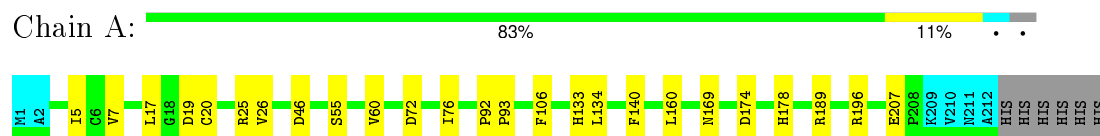
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Dehydroascorbate reductase family protein



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, water refinement*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	structure solution	v 2.3
ARIA	refinement	v 2.3
CNS	refinement	v 1.21
CNS	structure solution	v 1.21

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	2n5f_cs.str
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1854
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1854
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	63%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.59±0.02	0±0/1665 (0.0±0.0%)	0.95±0.03	5±1/2266 (0.2±0.1%)
All	All	0.59	0/33300 (0.0%)	0.95	100/45320 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	1.8±1.3
All	All	0	35

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.35	125.47	120.30	6	20
1	A	189	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.84	125.22	120.30	1	20
1	A	196	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.62	125.11	120.30	14	19
1	A	174	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	8.35	125.81	118.30	6	5
1	A	114	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.54	124.18	118.30	16	1
1	A	207	GLU	C-N-CD	6.28	141.59	128.40	18	11
1	A	189	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.15	117.23	120.30	5	2
1	A	25	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.13	117.24	120.30	6	5
1	A	67	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.04	123.73	118.30	13	1
1	A	196	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.92	117.34	120.30	12	2
1	A	66	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.90	123.61	118.30	10	1
1	A	19	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.59	123.33	118.30	15	2
1	A	4	GLU	N-CA-C	-5.45	96.29	111.00	14	2
1	A	17	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.27	127.41	115.30	20	1
1	A	46	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.24	123.01	118.30	20	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	72	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.20	96.96	111.00	20	2
1	A	72	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.19	122.97	118.30	11	1
1	A	20	CYS	N-CA-C	-5.12	97.16	111.00	6	1
1	A	48	PRO	N-CA-C	5.08	125.30	112.10	8	1
1	A	174	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.01	113.79	118.30	6	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	140	PHE	Peptide	7
1	A	19	ASP	Peptide	4
1	A	182	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	114	ASP	Peptide	3
1	A	168	LYS	Peptide	2
1	A	45	GLY	Peptide	2
1	A	158	TYR	Sidechain	2
1	A	62	VAL	Peptide	2
1	A	36	PRO	Peptide	1
1	A	207	GLU	Peptide	1
1	A	86	GLU	Peptide	1
1	A	84	ASN	Peptide	1
1	A	3	LEU	Peptide	1
1	A	115	PRO	Peptide	1
1	A	70	VAL	Peptide	1
1	A	37	TYR	Sidechain	1
1	A	141	ILE	Peptide	1
1	A	4	GLU	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1619	1642	1651	0±1
All	All	32380	32840	33006	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:55:SER:OG	1:A:60:VAL:HG22	0.47	2.10	20	1
1:A:90:ALA:HA	1:A:148:ALA:HB2	0.45	1.89	19	1
1:A:199:GLU:CD	1:A:199:GLU:H	0.43	2.16	11	1
1:A:134:LEU:HD13	1:A:178:HIS:CD2	0.43	2.48	1	1
1:A:178:HIS:CD2	1:A:178:HIS:C	0.42	2.92	6	1
1:A:178:HIS:C	1:A:178:HIS:CD2	0.42	2.94	1	1

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/218 (94%)	186±3 (90±1%)	17±2 (8±1%)	4±1 (2±1%)	16	59
All	All	4120/4360 (94%)	3719 (90%)	331 (8%)	70 (2%)	16	59

All 17 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	93	PRO	19
1	A	92	PRO	15
1	A	139	PRO	9
1	A	48	PRO	5
1	A	189	ARG	4
1	A	169	ASN	4
1	A	15	ASN	2
1	A	140	PHE	2
1	A	207	GLU	2
1	A	187	PHE	1
1	A	62	VAL	1
1	A	39	SER	1
1	A	141	ILE	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	49	GLN	1
1	A	5	ILE	1
1	A	94	GLU	1
1	A	63	VAL	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	179/189 (95%)	170±2 (95±1%)	9±2 (5±1%)	35	79
All	All	3580/3780 (95%)	3401 (95%)	179 (5%)	35	79

All 72 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	178	HIS	12
1	A	30	LEU	10
1	A	17	LEU	8
1	A	134	LEU	7
1	A	177	THR	7
1	A	22	PHE	5
1	A	76	ILE	5
1	A	20	CYS	5
1	A	26	VAL	5
1	A	63	VAL	5
1	A	110	LEU	4
1	A	91	THR	4
1	A	106	PHE	4
1	A	92	PRO	4
1	A	95	PHE	3
1	A	5	ILE	3
1	A	160	LEU	3
1	A	192	PHE	3
1	A	174	ASP	3
1	A	182	TYR	3
1	A	69	TRP	3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	28	LEU	2
1	A	119	THR	2
1	A	102	ILE	2
1	A	161	GLU	2
1	A	207	GLU	2
1	A	206	TRP	2
1	A	199	GLU	2
1	A	15	ASN	2
1	A	203	ILE	2
1	A	191	SER	2
1	A	59	LYS	2
1	A	29	SER	2
1	A	133	HIS	2
1	A	124	LEU	2
1	A	4	GLU	2
1	A	97	SER	2
1	A	60	VAL	2
1	A	188	SER	2
1	A	176	LEU	2
1	A	168	LYS	2
1	A	47	LYS	2
1	A	179	VAL	2
1	A	200	GLU	1
1	A	146	ILE	1
1	A	167	PHE	1
1	A	120	GLU	1
1	A	50	TRP	1
1	A	73	SER	1
1	A	51	PHE	1
1	A	27	LEU	1
1	A	145	LYS	1
1	A	149	VAL	1
1	A	136	VAL	1
1	A	140	PHE	1
1	A	107	VAL	1
1	A	131	ASP	1
1	A	3	LEU	1
1	A	183	ILE	1
1	A	46	ASP	1
1	A	37	TYR	1
1	A	156	LYS	1
1	A	31	GLU	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	130	LEU	1
1	A	7	VAL	1
1	A	40	HIS	1
1	A	32	GLU	1
1	A	39	SER	1
1	A	103	PHE	1
1	A	70	VAL	1
1	A	158	TYR	1
1	A	24	GLN	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 63% for the well-defined parts and 63% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: 2n5f_cs.str

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1854
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1854
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	196	-0.24 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	160	0.36 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	186	-0.15 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	192	0.66 ± 0.27	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 63%, i.e. 1607 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2547. 0 out of 41 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	945/994 (95%)	384/394 (97%)	375/412 (91%)	186/188 (99%)
Sidechain	598/1349 (44%)	431/793 (54%)	157/516 (30%)	10/40 (25%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	64/204 (31%)	61/114 (54%)	0/86 (0%)	3/4 (75%)
Overall	1607/2547 (63%)	876/1301 (67%)	532/1014 (52%)	199/232 (86%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 63%, i.e. 1639 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2615. 0 out of 42 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Backbone	963/1024 (94%)	392/406 (97%)	382/424 (90%)	189/194 (97%)
Sidechain	612/1387 (44%)	440/815 (54%)	160/530 (30%)	12/42 (29%)
Aromatic	64/204 (31%)	61/114 (54%)	0/86 (0%)	3/4 (75%)
Overall	1639/2615 (63%)	893/1335 (67%)	542/1040 (52%)	204/240 (85%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	209	LYS	NZ	113.12	49.86 – 18.16	25.0
1	A	73	SER	CB	29.93	71.24 – 56.34	-22.7

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

