



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 01:01 PM GMT

PDB ID : 3SH9  
Title : Crystal structure of fluorophore-labeled beta-lactamase PenP in complex with cefotaxime  
Authors : Wong, W.-T.; Zhao, Y.-X.; Leung, Y.-C.  
Deposited on : 2011-06-16  
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20026688  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

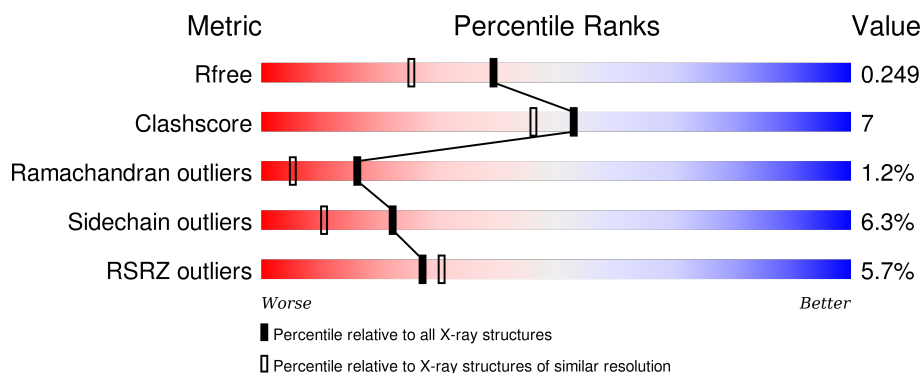
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	4755 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	102246	5398 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	5338 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	100360	5339 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	91569	4766 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	266	<div> <div>7%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>83%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div> </div>
1	B	266	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>80%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	BB0	A	2	-	-	-	X
3	BB0	B	2	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4318 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

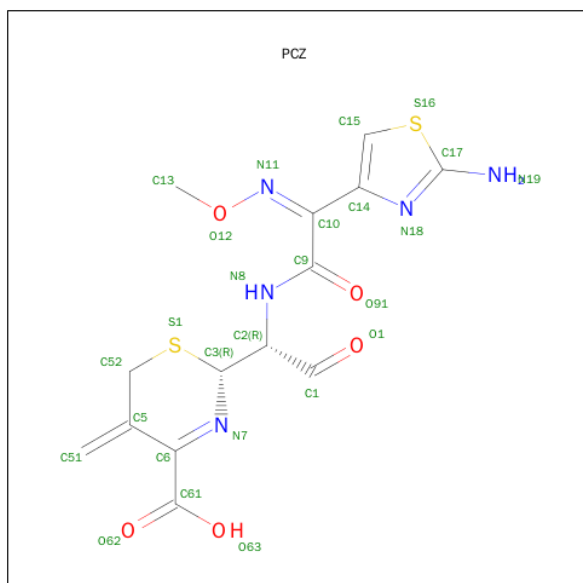
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-lactamase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	254	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1983	1243	344	392	4			
1	B	256	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2000	1254	346	396	4			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

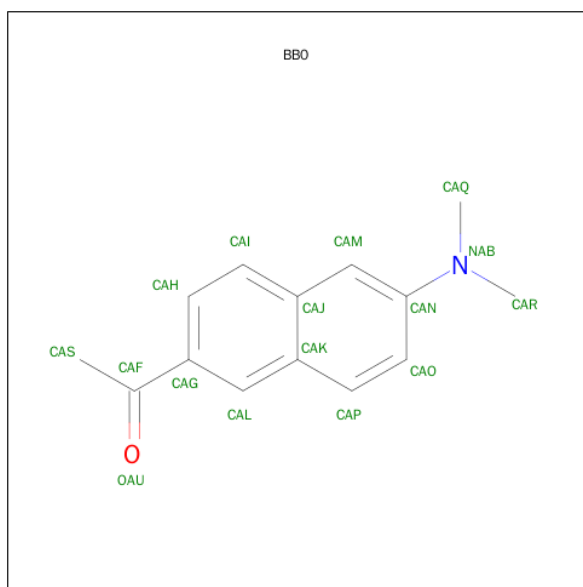
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	25	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP P00808
A	166	CYS	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P00808
B	25	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP P00808
B	166	CYS	GLU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P00808

- Molecule 2 is (2R)-2-[(1R)-1-{[(2Z)-2-(2-AMINO-1,3-THIAZOL-4-YL)-2-(METHOXYIMINO)ACETYL]AMINO}-2-OXOETHYL]-5-METHYLIDENE-5,6-DIHYDRO-2H-1,3-THIAZINE-4-CARBOXYLIC ACID (three-letter code: PCZ) (formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			26	14	5	5	2		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			26	14	5	5	2		

- Molecule 3 is 1-[6-(DIMETHYLAMINO)NAPHTHALEN-2-YL]ETHANONE (three-letter code: BB0) (formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			16	14	1	1		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			16	14	1	1		

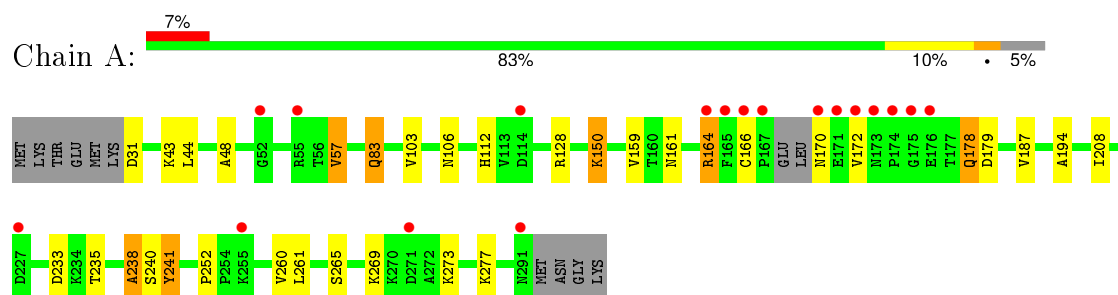
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	116	Total	O	0	0
			116	116		
4	B	135	Total	O	0	0
			135	135		

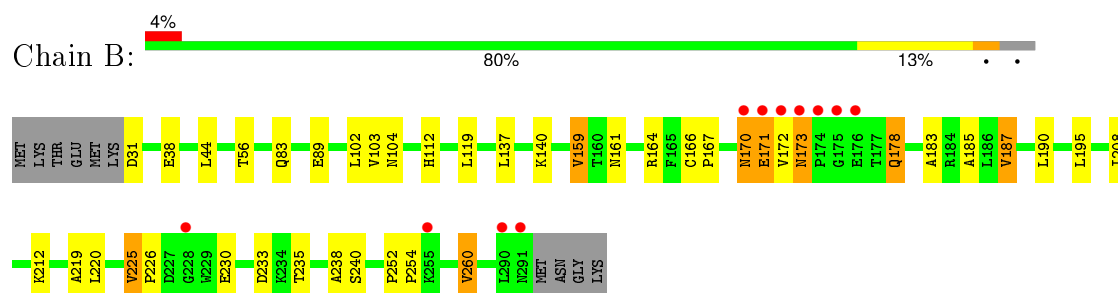
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Beta-lactamase



#### • Molecule 1: Beta-lactamase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	43.39Å 91.63Å 66.01Å 90.00° 104.50° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.00 – 1.90 38.18 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (40.00-1.90) 99.9 (38.18-1.90)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.31 (at 1.89Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.197 , 0.246 0.206 , 0.249	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1983 reflections (5.31%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.042	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 40.2	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 39364 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4318	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.65% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PCZ, BB0

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.76	5/2012 (0.2%)	0.81	6/2723 (0.2%)
1	B	0.71	2/2030 (0.1%)	0.82	3/2749 (0.1%)
All	All	0.74	7/4042 (0.2%)	0.82	9/5472 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	252	PRO	C-N	12.23	1.57	1.34
1	B	83	GLN	C-N	10.39	1.57	1.34
1	A	57	VAL	C-N	10.05	1.57	1.34
1	A	83	GLN	C-N	9.47	1.55	1.34
1	B	238	ALA	C-N	8.51	1.53	1.34
1	A	241	TYR	CD2-CE2	-5.29	1.31	1.39
1	A	235	THR	C-N	-5.12	1.23	1.33

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	238	ALA	O-C-N	-12.90	102.06	122.70
1	A	83	GLN	O-C-N	-11.98	103.53	122.70
1	B	252	PRO	O-C-N	-10.80	100.58	121.10
1	A	238	ALA	C-N-CA	7.76	141.10	121.70

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	252	PRO	CA-C-N	7.67	138.59	117.10
1	A	128	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.86	123.73	120.30
1	A	128	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.13	117.23	120.30
1	A	44	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.71	128.43	115.30
1	B	170	ASN	N-CA-C	5.22	125.10	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	238	ALA	Mainchain
1	A	57	VAL	Mainchain
1	A	83	GLN	Mainchain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1983	0	1996	14	0
1	B	2000	0	2014	38	0
2	A	26	0	13	1	0
2	B	26	0	13	2	0
3	A	16	0	15	4	1
3	B	16	0	15	8	1
4	A	116	0	0	3	0
4	B	135	0	0	10	0
All	All	4318	0	4066	54	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (54) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:166:CYS:SG	3:B:2:BB0:HAS	1.68	1.34

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:166:CYS:SG	3:A:2:BB0:CAS	2.28	1.21
1:A:166:CYS:SG	3:A:2:BB0:HASA	1.83	1.16
1:B:166:CYS:SG	3:B:2:BB0:CAS	2.34	1.15
1:A:166:CYS:SG	3:A:2:BB0:HAS	1.98	1.03
1:B:166:CYS:SG	3:B:2:BB0:CAF	2.63	0.86
1:B:166:CYS:SG	3:B:2:BB0:OAU	2.36	0.83
1:A:150:LYS:HD2	4:A:305:HOH:O	1.79	0.82
1:B:170:ASN:HB3	1:B:171:GLU:HB2	1.62	0.79
2:A:3:PCZ:O63	2:A:3:PCZ:H512	1.87	0.74
1:B:254:PRO:HD2	4:B:375:HOH:O	1.89	0.72
1:B:159:VAL:HG11	1:B:185:ALA:HB2	1.72	0.71
1:B:166:CYS:CB	3:B:2:BB0:HAS	2.20	0.71
1:A:178:GLN:NE2	4:A:341:HOH:O	2.24	0.70
1:A:166:CYS:HG	3:A:2:BB0:HAS	1.60	0.64
1:B:220:LEU:CD1	4:B:376:HOH:O	2.46	0.63
1:A:240:SER:O	1:A:241:TYR:HB2	2.01	0.61
1:B:220:LEU:HD13	4:B:376:HOH:O	1.99	0.61
1:B:159:VAL:CG1	1:B:185:ALA:HB2	2.33	0.58
1:B:187:VAL:HB	1:B:260:VAL:HG22	1.87	0.57
1:B:38:GLU:HG3	4:B:409:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:187:VAL:HG13	1:A:260:VAL:HG13	1.89	0.55
1:B:178:GLN:H	1:B:178:GLN:NE2	2.06	0.54
1:B:208:ILE:CD1	4:B:402:HOH:O	2.56	0.53
1:B:112:HIS:HD2	4:B:296:HOH:O	1.91	0.53
1:B:31:ASP:N	4:B:306:HOH:O	2.41	0.52
1:B:164:ARG:NH1	1:B:166:CYS:O	2.43	0.52
1:B:170:ASN:CB	1:B:171:GLU:HB2	2.39	0.51
1:B:208:ILE:HD11	4:B:402:HOH:O	2.09	0.51
1:B:31:ASP:HB3	4:B:24:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:B:220:LEU:HD12	1:B:220:LEU:N	2.26	0.50
1:B:220:LEU:HD22	1:B:235:THR:HG22	1.92	0.49
1:B:225:VAL:HG22	1:B:226:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.47
1:A:241:TYR:HA	1:A:269:LYS:O	2.14	0.47
2:B:301:PCZ:O63	2:B:301:PCZ:H512	2.14	0.47
1:B:104:ASN:HB3	3:B:2:BB0:CAI	2.44	0.46
1:B:166:CYS:HG	3:B:2:BB0:CAF	2.13	0.46
1:B:104:ASN:HB3	3:B:2:BB0:CAH	2.45	0.46
1:B:183:ALA:O	1:B:187:VAL:HG13	2.16	0.46
1:A:112:HIS:HD2	4:A:14:HOH:O	1.98	0.45
1:B:170:ASN:HB2	4:B:328:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:B:167:PRO:HB2	2:B:301:PCZ:H131	2.01	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:48:ALA:HB2	1:A:261:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.43
1:A:194:ALA:O	1:A:208:ILE:HD11	2.19	0.42
1:B:170:ASN:CB	1:B:171:GLU:CB	2.97	0.42
1:A:43:LYS:O	1:A:265:SER:HA	2.19	0.42
1:B:159:VAL:CG1	1:B:185:ALA:CB	2.97	0.42
1:B:220:LEU:CD1	1:B:220:LEU:N	2.83	0.42
1:A:164:ARG:HG3	1:A:179:ASP:OD2	2.20	0.41
1:B:212:LYS:HE2	1:B:230:GLU:HG2	2.02	0.41
1:B:219:ALA:C	1:B:220:LEU:HD12	2.41	0.41
1:B:172:VAL:O	1:B:173:ASN:C	2.59	0.41
1:B:159:VAL:HG13	1:B:185:ALA:CB	2.51	0.41
1:B:170:ASN:HB3	1:B:171:GLU:CB	2.41	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:2:BB0:OAU	3:B:2:BB0:CAI[2_656]	1.97	0.23

## 5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	250/266 (94%)	240 (96%)	8 (3%)	2 (1%)	24	11
1	B	254/266 (96%)	245 (96%)	5 (2%)	4 (2%)	12	3
All	All	504/532 (95%)	485 (96%)	13 (3%)	6 (1%)	16	5

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	171	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	172	VAL
1	B	240	SER
1	A	103	VAL
1	B	173	ASN
1	B	103	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	214/225 (95%)	203 (95%)	11 (5%)	29	17
1	B	216/225 (96%)	200 (93%)	16 (7%)	17	7
All	All	430/450 (96%)	403 (94%)	27 (6%)	22	10

All (27) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	31	ASP
1	A	106	ASN
1	A	150	LYS
1	A	159	VAL
1	A	161	ASN
1	A	164	ARG
1	A	170	ASN
1	A	178	GLN
1	A	233	ASP
1	A	273	LYS
1	A	277	LYS
1	B	44	LEU
1	B	56	THR
1	B	89	GLU
1	B	102	LEU
1	B	119	LEU
1	B	137	LEU
1	B	140	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	159	VAL
1	B	161	ASN
1	B	178	GLN
1	B	187	VAL
1	B	190	LEU
1	B	195	LEU
1	B	225	VAL
1	B	233	ASP
1	B	260	VAL

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	54	ASN
1	A	82	GLN
1	A	93	GLN
1	A	112	HIS
1	B	54	ASN
1	B	82	GLN
1	B	83	GLN
1	B	93	GLN
1	B	112	HIS
1	B	178	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
3	BB0	A	2	-	17,17,17	0.91	0	23,24,24	0.63	0
2	PCZ	A	3	1	16,27,27	3.18	5 (31%)	12,37,37	4.81	5 (41%)
3	BB0	B	2	-	17,17,17	0.88	0	23,24,24	0.61	0
2	PCZ	B	301	1	16,27,27	3.23	5 (31%)	12,37,37	5.31	5 (41%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	BB0	A	2	-	-	0/8/8/8	0/2/2/2
2	PCZ	A	3	1	-	0/10/38/38	0/1/2/2
3	BB0	B	2	-	-	0/8/8/8	0/2/2/2
2	PCZ	B	301	1	-	0/10/38/38	0/1/2/2

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	3	PCZ	C61-C6	-9.48	1.36	1.52
2	B	301	PCZ	C61-C6	-9.31	1.36	1.52
2	B	301	PCZ	C52-S1	-6.78	1.66	1.82
2	A	3	PCZ	C52-S1	-6.57	1.67	1.82
2	B	301	PCZ	C6-C5	-3.04	1.35	1.45
2	A	3	PCZ	C6-C5	-3.00	1.35	1.45
2	A	3	PCZ	C10-C9	-2.07	1.46	1.50
2	B	301	PCZ	C15-S16	2.52	1.74	1.70
2	A	3	PCZ	C10-N11	2.75	1.33	1.29
2	B	301	PCZ	C10-N11	3.27	1.34	1.29

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	3	PCZ	C14-C15-S16	-4.43	106.35	111.79

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	301	PCZ	C14-C15-S16	-4.10	106.75	111.79
2	B	301	PCZ	C5-C52-S1	3.49	119.30	111.92
2	A	3	PCZ	C5-C52-S1	4.01	120.38	111.92
2	A	3	PCZ	C52-S1-C3	4.29	102.62	94.36
2	B	301	PCZ	C52-S1-C3	4.86	103.74	94.36
2	B	301	PCZ	O12-N11-C10	9.97	122.99	111.11
2	A	3	PCZ	O12-N11-C10	10.00	123.04	111.11
2	A	3	PCZ	C13-O12-N11	10.86	120.91	108.47
2	B	301	PCZ	C13-O12-N11	13.56	123.99	108.47

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	2	BB0	4	1
2	A	3	PCZ	1	0
3	B	2	BB0	8	1
2	B	301	PCZ	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	254/266 (95%)	0.20	18 (7%) 19 21	10, 21, 42, 71	0
1	B	256/266 (96%)	-0.01	11 (4%) 39 42	11, 17, 34, 54	0
All	All	510/532 (95%)	0.10	29 (5%) 27 30	10, 19, 40, 71	0

All (29) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	174	PRO	7.5
1	A	170	ASN	6.1
1	A	172	VAL	5.6
1	A	173	ASN	5.4
1	B	173	ASN	5.0
1	A	171	GLU	4.6
1	A	176	GLU	4.5
1	A	166	CYS	4.4
1	B	255	LYS	4.1
1	B	172	VAL	3.6
1	B	175	GLY	3.4
1	B	176	GLU	3.4
1	A	175	GLY	3.4
1	A	167	PRO	3.4
1	A	291	ASN	3.4
1	B	171	GLU	3.3
1	A	174	PRO	3.2
1	A	164	ARG	2.9
1	B	170	ASN	2.9
1	A	271	ASP	2.9
1	A	165	PHE	2.7
1	A	227	ASP	2.5
1	A	255	LYS	2.4
1	B	290	LEU	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	52	GLY	2.2
1	B	291	ASN	2.1
1	A	55	ARG	2.1
1	B	228	GLY	2.0
1	A	114	ASP	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	BB0	A	2	16/16	0.69	0.49	2.19	126,126,126,126	0
3	BB0	B	2	16/16	0.47	0.34	1.38	85,85,85,85	0
2	PCZ	B	301	26/26	0.90	0.12	0.41	15,22,24,25	0
2	PCZ	A	3	26/26	0.91	0.14	0.03	14,25,34,34	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.