



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2017 – 01:56 PM EST

PDB ID : 5UJ8  
Title : Human Origin Recognition Complex subunits 2 and 3  
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Deposited on : 2017-01-17  
Resolution : 6.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20028442
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20028442

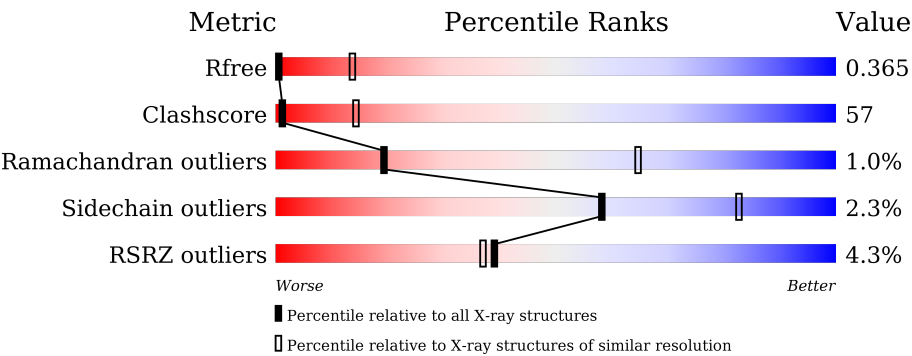
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	91344	1002 (8.30-3.66)
Clashscore	102246	1050 (8.30-3.70)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1023 (8.30-3.66)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1012 (8.30-3.64)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1001 (8.30-3.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	712	<div><div>3%</div><div>24%</div><div>50%</div><div>•</div><div>22%</div></div>
1	B	712	<div><div>3%</div><div>25%</div><div>50%</div><div>•</div><div>22%</div></div>
1	C	712	<div><div>5%</div><div>23%</div><div>52%</div><div>•</div><div>22%</div></div>
1	D	712	<div><div>4%</div><div>26%</div><div>48%</div><div>•</div><div>22%</div></div>
2	E	347	<div><div>%</div><div>22%</div><div>29%</div><div>•</div><div>47%</div></div>
2	F	347	<div><div>2%</div><div>22%</div><div>29%</div><div>•</div><div>47%</div></div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	G	347	<div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>3%22%29%47%</div></div>
2	H	347	<div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div>%21%31%47%</div></div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 24144 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Origin recognition complex subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	553	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4524	2920	767	812	25			
1	B	553	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4524	2920	767	812	25			
1	C	553	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4524	2920	767	812	25			
1	D	553	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			4524	2920	767	812	25			

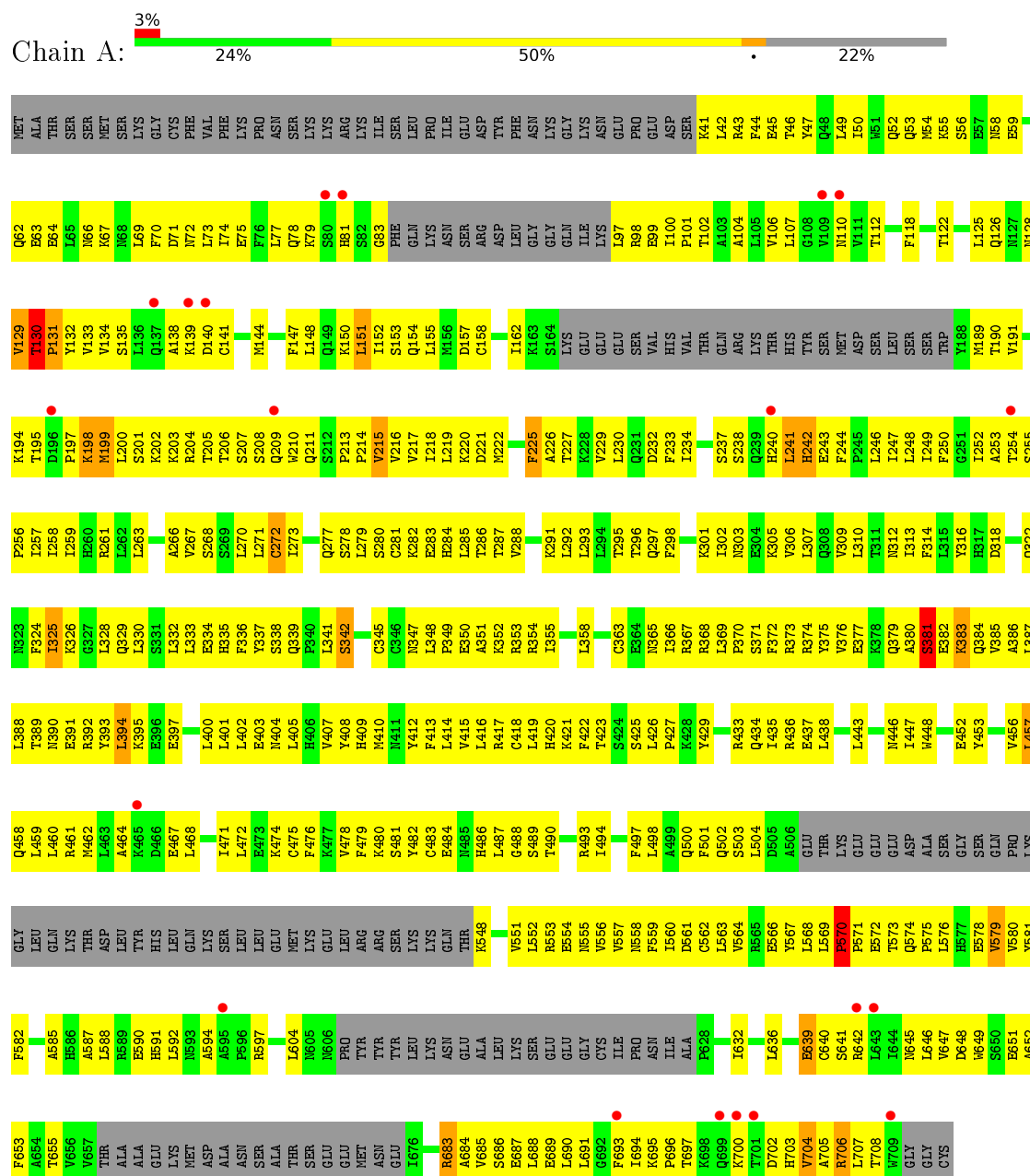
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Origin recognition complex subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	E	183	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1512	978	249	280	5			
2	F	183	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1512	978	249	280	5			
2	G	183	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1512	978	249	280	5			
2	H	183	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1512	978	249	280	5			

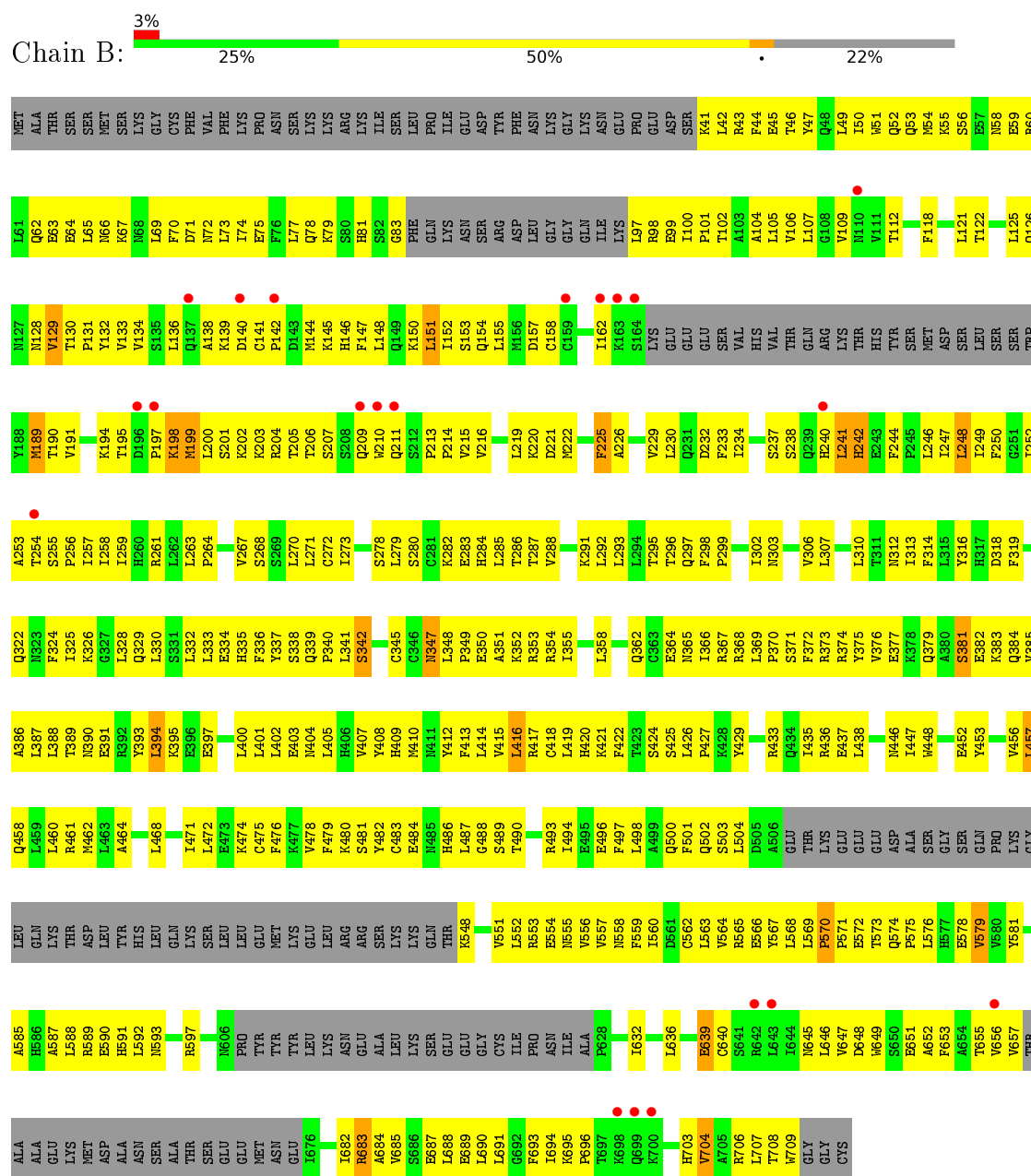
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

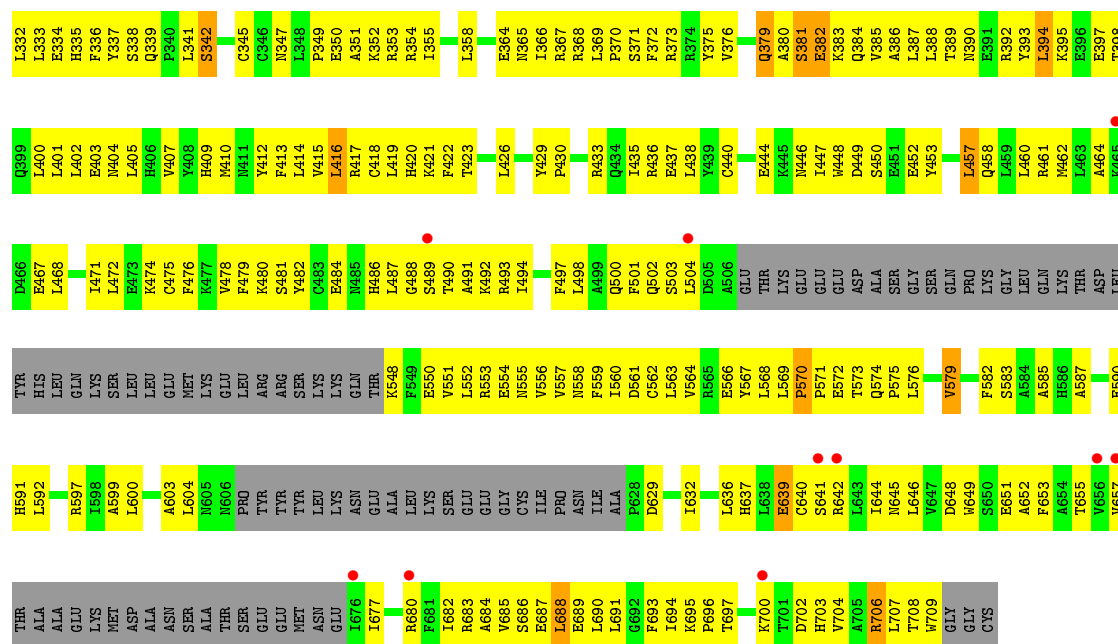
- Molecule 1: Origin recognition complex subunit 3



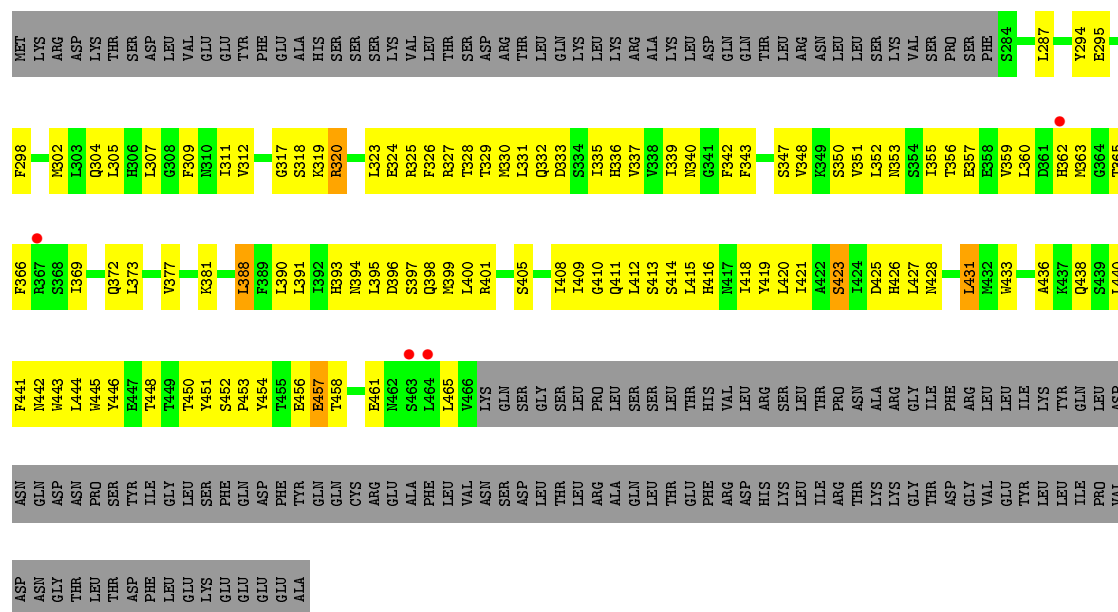
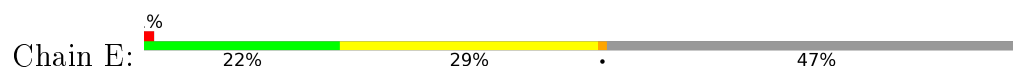
• Molecule 1: Origin recognition complex subunit 3



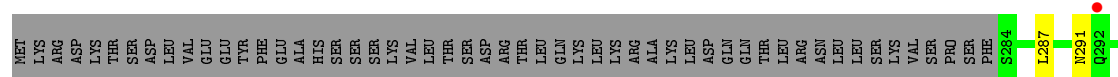
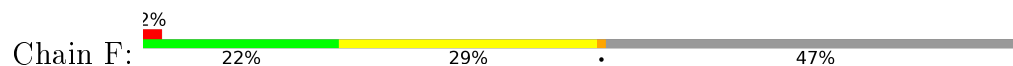




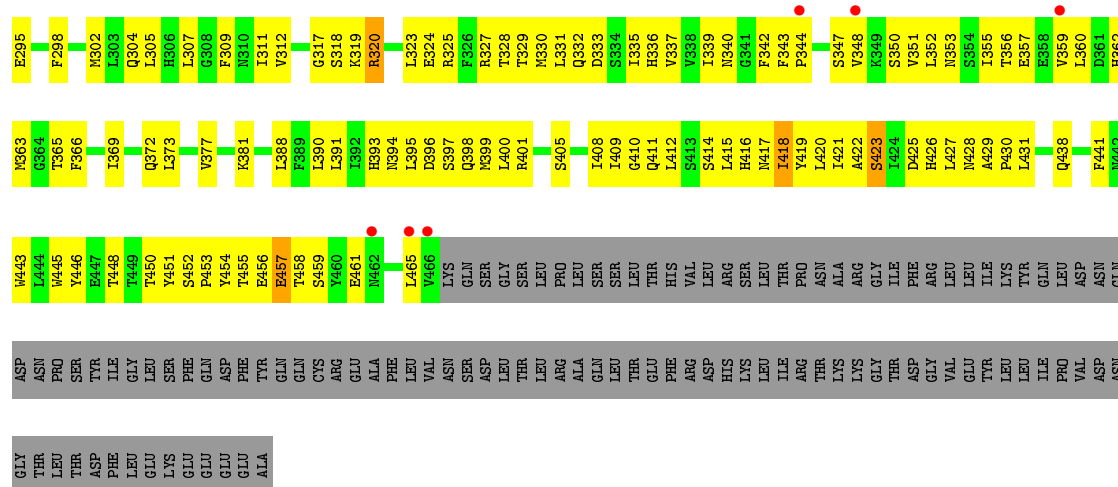
• Molecule 2: Origin recognition complex subunit 2



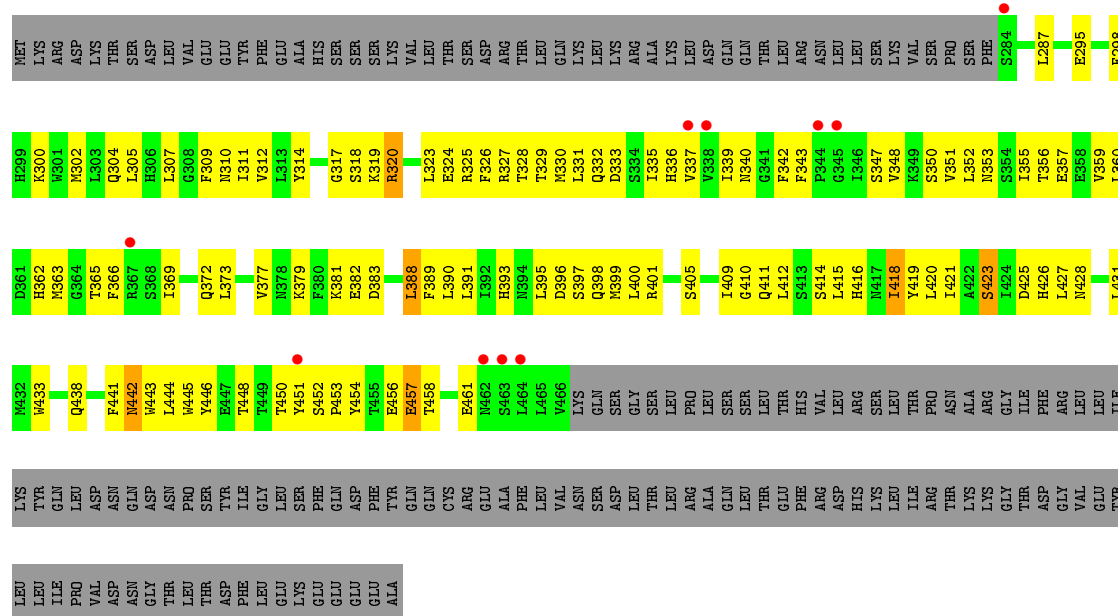
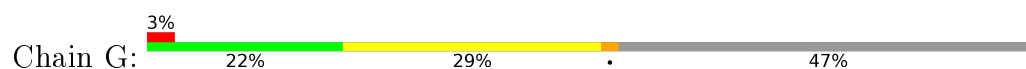
• Molecule 2: Origin recognition complex subunit 2



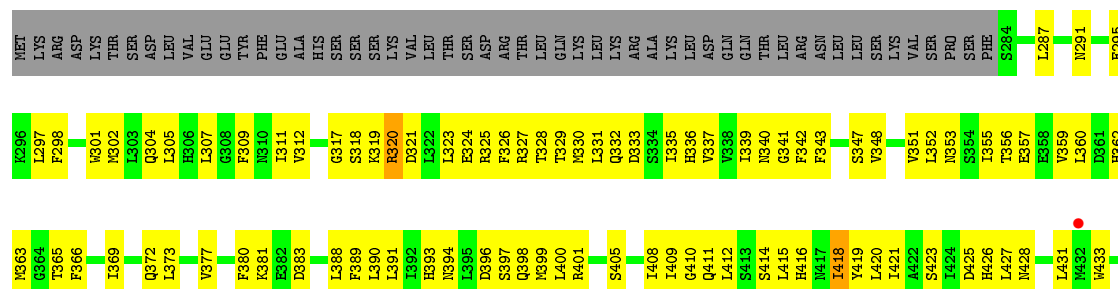
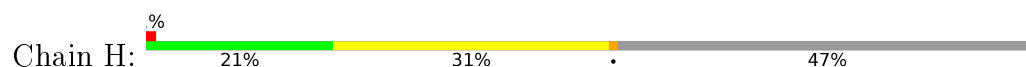




• Molecule 2: Origin recognition complex subunit 2



• Molecule 2: Origin recognition complex subunit 2



Q438	GLN	LEU	ILE
F441	ASP	ASP	VAL
M442	ASN	ASP	ASP
W443	GLN	ASN	GLY
L444	ASP	GLN	THR
W445	ASN	THR	LEU
Y446	PRO	LEU	THR
E447	SER	THR	ASP
T448	TYR	PHE	ASP
T449	ILE	LEU	LEU
T450	GLY	GLU	LYS
Y451	LEU	GLU	GLU
S452	SER	GLU	GLU
P453	PHE	GLU	GLU
Y454	GLN	GLU	GLU
T455	ASP	GLU	GLU
E456	PHE	GLU	ALA
E457	TYR	ALA	
T458	GLN		
S459	GLN		
Y460	CYS		
E461	ARG		
N462	GLU		
S463	ALA		
L464	PHE		
L465	LEU		
V466	VAL		
	LYS		
	GLN		
	SER		
	ASP		
	GLY		
	LEU		
	THR		
	LEU		
	LEU		
	ALA		
	GLN		
	SER		
	LEU		
	THR		
	GLU		
	PHE		
	HIS		
	VAL		
	ARG		
	ASP		
	LEU		
	HIS		
	LYS		
	LEU		
	ILE		
	THR		
	ARG		
	PRO		
	THR		
	ASN		
	ALA		
	ARG		
	LYS		
	GLY		
	THR		
	ILE		
	PHE		
	ASP		
	GLY		
	ARG		
	VAL		
	LEU		
	GLU		
	TYR		
	ILE		
	LYS		
	LEU		
	TYR		

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	87.26Å 114.96Å 316.45Å 90.00° 90.72° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.07 – 6.00 20.07 – 6.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.8 (20.07-6.00) 94.2 (20.07-6.00)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.50 (at 5.93Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10.1_2155: ???)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.318 , 0.368 0.324 , 0.365	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	752 reflections (4.95%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	287.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.393	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.25 , 190.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.42$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.24$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.155 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.86	EDS
Total number of atoms	24144	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	303.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 28.14 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 1.9421e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup> Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup> Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.45	0/4616	0.70	5/6244 (0.1%)
1	B	0.45	0/4616	0.69	4/6244 (0.1%)
1	C	1.12	9/4616 (0.2%)	0.75	7/6244 (0.1%)
1	D	0.48	0/4616	0.71	5/6244 (0.1%)
2	E	0.42	0/1548	0.70	2/2097 (0.1%)
2	F	0.39	0/1548	0.68	1/2097 (0.0%)
2	G	0.40	0/1548	0.69	2/2097 (0.1%)
2	H	0.41	0/1548	0.69	1/2097 (0.0%)
All	All	0.63	9/24656 (0.0%)	0.71	27/33364 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	5
1	B	0	5
1	C	0	3
1	D	0	3
All	All	0	16

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	199	MET	CG-SD	38.31	2.80	1.81
1	C	244	PHE	CE1-CZ	28.73	1.92	1.37
1	C	244	PHE	CE2-CZ	27.23	1.89	1.37
1	C	244	PHE	CD2-CE2	25.67	1.90	1.39
1	C	244	PHE	CD1-CE1	23.71	1.86	1.39

The worst 5 of 27 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	199	MET	CG-SD-CE	16.48	126.57	100.20
1	C	151	LEU	CA-CB-CG	10.74	140.00	115.30
1	D	151	LEU	CA-CB-CG	10.43	139.29	115.30
1	B	151	LEU	CA-CB-CG	10.19	138.75	115.30
2	H	320	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.18	115.21	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	130	THR	Peptide
1	A	140	ASP	Peptide
1	A	240	HIS	Peptide
1	A	242	HIS	Peptide
1	A	639	GLU	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4524	0	4619	564	0
1	B	4524	0	4619	544	0
1	C	4524	0	4619	578	0
1	D	4524	0	4619	547	0
2	E	1512	0	1495	153	0
2	F	1512	0	1495	150	0
2	G	1512	0	1495	157	0
2	H	1512	0	1495	163	0
All	All	24144	0	24456	2749	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 57.

The worst 5 of 2749 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:244:PHE:CD1	1:C:244:PHE:CE1	1.86	1.61

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:244:PHE:CE2	1:C:244:PHE:CD2	1.90	1.59
1:C:244:PHE:CZ	1:C:244:PHE:CE1	1.91	1.57
1:C:244:PHE:CD2	1:C:246:LEU:HG	1.41	1.48
1:C:202:LYS:NZ	1:C:244:PHE:CE1	1.73	1.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	541/712 (76%)	460 (85%)	72 (13%)	9 (2%)	11	55
1	B	541/712 (76%)	463 (86%)	72 (13%)	6 (1%)	17	63
1	C	541/712 (76%)	462 (85%)	72 (13%)	7 (1%)	15	59
1	D	541/712 (76%)	464 (86%)	70 (13%)	7 (1%)	15	59
2	E	181/347 (52%)	161 (89%)	20 (11%)	0	100	100
2	F	181/347 (52%)	161 (89%)	20 (11%)	0	100	100
2	G	181/347 (52%)	161 (89%)	20 (11%)	0	100	100
2	H	181/347 (52%)	163 (90%)	18 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	2888/4236 (68%)	2495 (86%)	364 (13%)	29 (1%)	19	65

5 of 29 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	129	VAL
1	A	130	THR
1	A	383	LYS
1	B	129	VAL
1	B	383	LYS

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	517/659 (78%)	504 (98%)	13 (2%)	55	81
1	B	517/659 (78%)	505 (98%)	12 (2%)	58	83
1	C	517/659 (78%)	506 (98%)	11 (2%)	61	84
1	D	517/659 (78%)	505 (98%)	12 (2%)	58	83
2	E	171/323 (53%)	168 (98%)	3 (2%)	66	87
2	F	171/323 (53%)	168 (98%)	3 (2%)	66	87
2	G	171/323 (53%)	166 (97%)	5 (3%)	50	78
2	H	171/323 (53%)	168 (98%)	3 (2%)	66	87
All	All	2752/3928 (70%)	2690 (98%)	62 (2%)	58	83

5 of 62 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	342	SER
1	C	704	VAL
2	G	442	ASN
1	C	394	LEU
1	D	110	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	242	HIS
1	C	384	GLN
1	D	384	GLN
1	B	209	GLN
1	D	242	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	553/712 (77%)	0.03	20 (3%)	46	43	214, 295, 363, 401	0
1	B	553/712 (77%)	0.12	21 (3%)	44	41	208, 300, 363, 410	0
1	C	553/712 (77%)	0.27	33 (5%)	25	25	219, 302, 365, 407	0
1	D	553/712 (77%)	0.22	29 (5%)	31	31	227, 299, 363, 406	0
2	E	183/347 (52%)	-0.02	4 (2%)	65	60	256, 307, 348, 381	0
2	F	183/347 (52%)	0.11	7 (3%)	44	41	254, 310, 353, 374	0
2	G	183/347 (52%)	0.07	10 (5%)	29	29	250, 306, 352, 375	0
2	H	183/347 (52%)	0.06	3 (1%)	74	68	248, 310, 349, 376	0
All	All	2944/4236 (69%)	0.13	127 (4%)	39	37	208, 303, 360, 410	0

The worst 5 of 127 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	164	SER	7.9
1	C	164	SER	5.1
1	D	163	LYS	5.0
2	G	463	SER	4.9
1	C	81	HIS	4.4

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.