



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 05:53 AM GMT

PDB ID : 2V5P
Title : COMPLEX STRUCTURE OF HUMAN IGF2R DOMAINS 11-13 BOUND TO IGF-II
Authors : Brown, J.; Delaine, C.; Zaccheo, O.J.; Siebold, C.; Gilbert, R.J.; Van Boxel, G.; Denley, A.; Wallace, J.C.; Hassan, A.B.; Forbes, B.E.; Jones, E.Y.
Deposited on : 2007-07-06
Resolution : 4.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

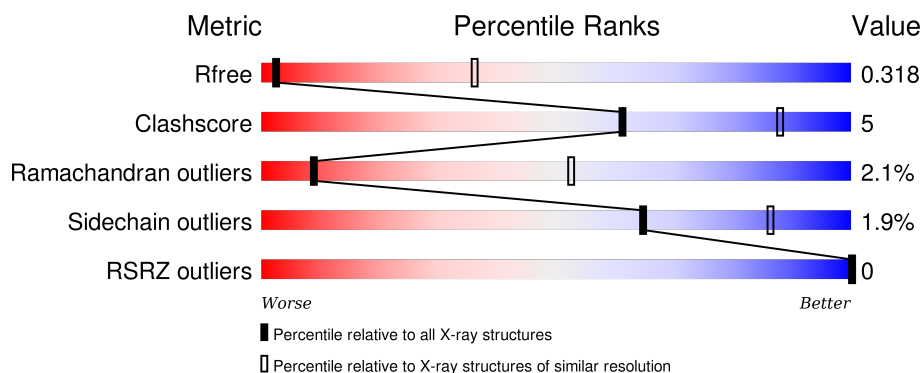
1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	1018 (4.60-3.60)
Clashscore	102246	1117 (4.60-3.60)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1063 (4.60-3.60)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1049 (4.60-3.60)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1022 (4.60-3.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	492	<div> <div>79%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div>
1	B	492	<div> <div>78%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div>
2	C	67	<div> <div>66%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>28%</div> </div>
2	D	67	<div> <div>57%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>• 28%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	A	2991	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7989 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CATION-INDEPENDENT MANNOSE-6-PHOSPHATE RECEPTOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	466	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3571	2243	604	690	34			
1	B	466	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3571	2243	604	690	34			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1703	ALA	GLY	CONFLICT SEE REMARK 9	UNP P11717
B	1703	ALA	GLY	CONFLICT SEE REMARK 9	UNP P11717

- Molecule 2 is a protein called INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	48	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			369	232	58	73	6			
2	D	48	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			369	232	58	73	6			

- Molecule 3 is SUGAR (N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE) (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		


- Molecule 4 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (3-MER).

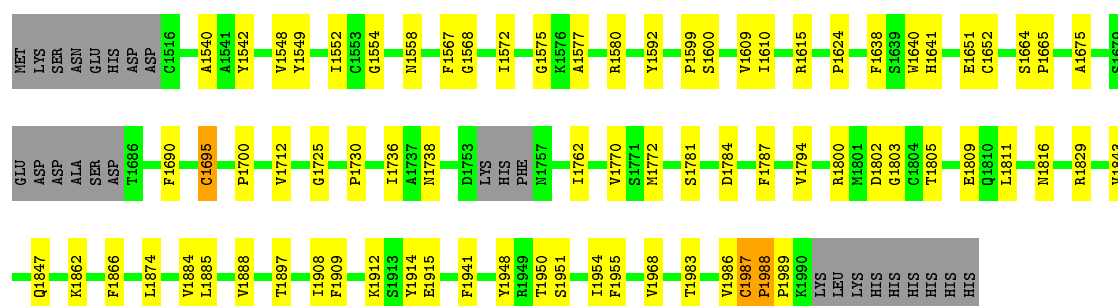
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		

3 Residue-property plots


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

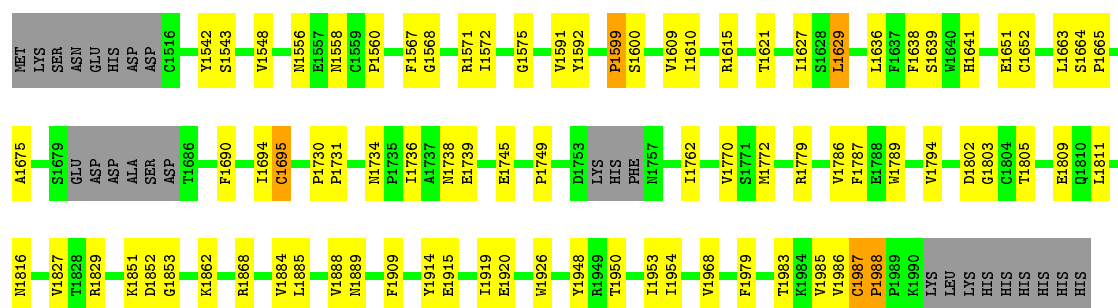
• Molecule 1: CATION-INDEPENDENT MANNOSE-6-PHOSPHATE RECEPTOR

Chain A: 



• Molecule 1: CATION-INDEPENDENT MANNOSE-6-PHOSPHATE RECEPTOR

Chain B: 



• Molecule 2: INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II

Chain C: 



• Molecule 2: INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II

Chain D: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	165.98Å 117.31Å 116.67Å 90.00° 123.41° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.51 – 4.10 47.61 – 4.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (47.51-4.10) 99.4 (47.61-4.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.29	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.60 (at 4.14Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.291 , 0.327 0.289 , 0.318	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	741 reflections (5.32%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	66.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.038	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.24 , 17.3	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.38$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.20$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 14661 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.78	EDS
Total number of atoms	7989	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	90.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.34% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.33	0/3658	0.48	0/4970
1	B	0.32	0/3658	0.48	0/4970
2	C	0.31	0/374	0.43	0/503
2	D	0.33	0/374	0.43	0/503
All	All	0.32	0/8064	0.47	0/10946

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3571	0	3411	37	0
1	B	3571	0	3411	41	0
2	C	369	0	339	3	0
2	D	369	0	339	5	0
3	A	28	0	26	2	0
3	B	42	0	39	1	0
4	A	39	0	34	1	0
All	All	7989	0	7599	85	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (85) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1567:PHE:HD2	1:B:1572:ILE:HB	1.40	0.86
1:B:1888:VAL:HG23	1:B:1950:THR:HG22	1.64	0.79
1:B:1770:VAL:HA	1:B:1888:VAL:HG21	1.67	0.74
1:B:1829:ARG:HD3	1:B:1968:VAL:HB	1.69	0.73
1:A:1888:VAL:HG23	1:A:1950:THR:HG22	1.73	0.69
2:C:44:GLU:HA	2:C:48:PHE:CD2	2.29	0.66
1:A:1829:ARG:HD3	1:A:1968:VAL:HB	1.79	0.65
1:A:1641:HIS:CE1	1:A:1700:PRO:HD3	2.31	0.64
1:A:1770:VAL:HA	1:A:1888:VAL:HG21	1.81	0.63
1:B:1629:LEU:HD22	1:B:1636:LEU:HA	1.81	0.63
1:B:1567:PHE:CD2	1:B:1572:ILE:HB	2.29	0.62
1:A:1800:ARG:HH12	1:A:1874:LEU:HD12	1.65	0.61
1:B:1610:ILE:HA	1:B:1638:PHE:HB2	1.84	0.60
1:A:1762:ILE:HG12	1:A:1787:PHE:HB2	1.83	0.60
1:B:1885:LEU:HD23	1:B:1953:ILE:HD12	1.82	0.59
1:A:1567:PHE:HD2	1:A:1572:ILE:HB	1.66	0.59
1:B:1734:ASN:HB3	1:B:1739:GLU:H	1.68	0.57
1:B:1805:THR:HG22	1:B:1816:ASN:HA	1.86	0.56
1:B:1542:TYR:HD2	1:B:1548:VAL:HG23	1.71	0.55
1:A:1664:SER:N	1:A:1665:PRO:HD2	2.21	0.55
1:A:1610:ILE:HA	1:A:1638:PHE:HB2	1.88	0.54
4:A:2993:NAG:H61	4:A:2994:NAG:HN2	1.73	0.54
1:B:1664:SER:N	1:B:1665:PRO:HD2	2.23	0.54
1:B:1591:VAL:HG22	1:B:1609:VAL:HG12	1.89	0.53
1:A:1781:SER:HB3	1:A:1784:ASP:HB3	1.91	0.53
1:B:1920:GLU:H	1:B:1926:TRP:HE1	1.57	0.53
2:D:21:CYS:SG	2:D:26:PHE:HB3	2.49	0.53
1:A:1862:LYS:HE3	1:A:1915:GLU:HG3	1.89	0.53
1:A:1909:PHE:HB3	1:A:1914:TYR:CE1	2.45	0.52
1:A:1987:CYS:O	1:A:1989:PRO:HD3	2.09	0.52
1:B:1888:VAL:HG22	1:B:1889:ASN:H	1.76	0.51
1:A:1805:THR:HG22	1:A:1816:ASN:HA	1.92	0.51
1:A:1549:TYR:HB3	1:A:1558:ASN:HD22	1.75	0.51
1:B:1862:LYS:HE3	1:B:1915:GLU:HG3	1.93	0.51
1:B:1627:ILE:HD11	1:B:1639:SER:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:B:1599:PRO:HB3	2:C:51:CYS:O	2.11	0.50
1:B:1615:ARG:HD2	1:B:1641:HIS:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:B:1651:GLU:HB3	1:B:1730:PRO:HB3	1.94	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1694:ILE:HG21	1:B:1789:TRP:HZ3	1.77	0.49
1:A:1615:ARG:HD2	1:A:1641:HIS:HB3	1.93	0.49
1:A:1542:TYR:HD2	1:A:1548:VAL:HG23	1.79	0.48
1:B:1794:VAL:HG12	1:B:1794:VAL:O	2.14	0.48
2:D:8:LEU:HD12	2:D:46:CYS:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:B:1888:VAL:HG22	1:B:1889:ASN:N	2.28	0.47
1:B:1543:SER:HB2	2:C:22:GLY:HA3	1.96	0.47
1:A:1772:MET:HG3	1:A:1948:TYR:CD2	2.49	0.47
1:B:1621:THR:HA	1:B:1919:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.47
1:B:1987:CYS:H	1:B:1988:PRO:CD	2.27	0.47
1:A:1909:PHE:HB3	1:A:1914:TYR:HE1	1.79	0.47
1:B:1560:PRO:HD3	1:B:1571:ARG:HB3	1.98	0.46
1:B:1749:PRO:HB3	3:B:2992:NAG:H81	1.97	0.46
1:A:1866:PHE:HB3	1:A:1951:SER:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:A:1843:VAL:CG1	1:A:1847:GLN:HB3	2.47	0.45
1:B:1762:ILE:HG12	1:B:1787:PHE:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:1651:GLU:HB3	1:A:1730:PRO:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:A:1908:ILE:HA	1:A:1912:LYS:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:1567:PHE:CD2	1:A:1572:ILE:HB	2.50	0.44
2:D:14:VAL:HA	2:D:17:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:A:1712:VAL:HB	1:A:1725:GLY:HA3	1.99	0.44
1:A:1540:ALA:HB3	1:A:1548:VAL:HB	2.00	0.44
1:B:1575:GLY:HA3	1:B:1592:TYR:HB3	1.98	0.44
1:A:1738:ASN:HB3	3:A:2991:NAG:HN2	1.83	0.44
1:A:1884:VAL:HG22	1:A:1954:ILE:HG22	1.98	0.44
1:B:1663:LEU:HD12	1:B:1731:PRO:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:B:1772:MET:HG3	1:B:1948:TYR:CD2	2.53	0.43
1:B:1953:ILE:HG12	1:B:1979:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:B:1884:VAL:HG22	1:B:1954:ILE:HG22	2.00	0.43
1:A:1955:PHE:HB3	1:A:1986:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.43
1:A:1738:ASN:CG	3:A:2991:NAG:HN2	2.22	0.43
1:A:1575:GLY:HA3	1:A:1592:TYR:HB3	2.00	0.43
2:D:43:VAL:O	2:D:47:CYS:HB3	2.18	0.42
2:D:15:ASP:HA	2:D:18:GLN:HE21	1.83	0.42
1:A:1675:ALA:CB	1:A:1690:PHE:HB2	2.48	0.42
1:A:1577:ALA:HA	1:A:1592:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.42
1:B:1852:ASP:HB3	1:B:1868:ARG:HG2	2.01	0.42
1:A:1987:CYS:H	1:A:1988:PRO:HD3	1.85	0.42
1:B:1779:ARG:HB2	1:B:1786:VAL:HB	2.02	0.41
1:B:1851:LYS:C	1:B:1853:GLY:H	2.23	0.41
1:B:1909:PHE:HB3	1:B:1914:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1552:ILE:C	1:A:1554:GLY:H	2.25	0.41
1:B:1827:VAL:HG12	1:B:1968:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.40
1:B:1556:ASN:HD21	1:B:1558:ASN:HD22	1.70	0.40
1:A:1897:THR:HA	1:A:1941:PHE:O	2.21	0.40
1:B:1675:ALA:CB	1:B:1690:PHE:HB2	2.52	0.40
1:A:1624:PRO:HD3	1:A:1640:TRP:CZ2	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	460/492 (94%)	406 (88%)	44 (10%)	10 (2%)	8	51
1	B	460/492 (94%)	394 (86%)	55 (12%)	11 (2%)	7	49
2	C	44/67 (66%)	42 (96%)	2 (4%)	0	100	100
2	D	44/67 (66%)	42 (96%)	2 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1008/1118 (90%)	884 (88%)	103 (10%)	21 (2%)	9	52

All (21) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1600	SER
1	B	1599	PRO
1	B	1600	SER
1	B	1738	ASN
1	A	1568	GLY
1	B	1568	GLY
1	B	1736	ILE
1	B	1803	GLY
1	A	1580	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1599	PRO
1	A	1736	ILE
1	A	1987	CYS
1	B	1695	CYS
1	B	1987	CYS
1	A	1695	CYS
1	B	1745	GLU
1	B	1988	PRO
1	A	1803	GLY
1	A	1988	PRO
1	B	1986	VAL
1	A	1794	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	404/432 (94%)	396 (98%)	8 (2%)	63	86
1	B	404/432 (94%)	396 (98%)	8 (2%)	63	86
2	C	41/57 (72%)	41 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	41/57 (72%)	40 (98%)	1 (2%)	57	83
All	All	890/978 (91%)	873 (98%)	17 (2%)	65	86

All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1609	VAL
1	A	1652	CYS
1	A	1695	CYS
1	A	1802	ASP
1	A	1809	GLU
1	A	1811	LEU
1	A	1885	LEU
1	A	1983	THR
1	B	1629	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	1652	CYS
1	B	1695	CYS
1	B	1802	ASP
1	B	1809	GLU
1	B	1811	LEU
1	B	1983	THR
1	B	1985	VAL
2	D	8	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1556	ASN
1	A	1558	ASN
1	A	1699	ASN
1	A	1765	HIS
1	B	1556	ASN
1	B	1558	ASN
1	B	1641	HIS
1	B	1738	ASN
1	B	1765	HIS
1	B	1889	ASN
2	D	18	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

3 carbohydrates are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length

(or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	NAG	A	2993	1,4	14,14,15	0.51	0	15,19,21	1.14	1 (6%)
4	NAG	A	2994	4	14,14,15	0.43	0	15,19,21	0.89	0
4	BMA	A	2995	4	11,11,12	0.61	0	14,15,17	0.99	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	2993	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	2994	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	2995	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	2995	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.65	112.68	109.54
4	A	2993	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.31	116.44	112.25

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	2993	NAG	1	0
4	A	2994	NAG	1	0

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	A	2991	1	14,14,15	0.45	0	15,19,21	1.13	1 (6%)
3	NAG	A	2992	1	14,14,15	0.48	0	15,19,21	1.05	1 (6%)
3	NAG	B	2991	1	14,14,15	0.48	0	15,19,21	1.04	1 (6%)
3	NAG	B	2992	1	14,14,15	0.48	0	15,19,21	1.06	1 (6%)
3	NAG	B	2993	1	14,14,15	0.49	0	15,19,21	1.09	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	2991	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	2992	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	2991	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	2992	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	2993	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	2992	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.87	115.89	112.25
3	B	2992	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.26	116.38	112.25
3	B	2991	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.32	116.46	112.25
3	B	2993	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.35	116.49	112.25
3	A	2991	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.91	117.21	112.25

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	2991	NAG	2	0
3	B	2992	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	466/492 (94%)	-0.26	0 100 100	46, 93, 135, 189	0
1	B	466/492 (94%)	-0.20	0 100 100	51, 87, 124, 179	0
2	C	48/67 (71%)	-0.40	0 100 100	74, 84, 94, 130	0
2	D	48/67 (71%)	-0.44	0 100 100	51, 67, 90, 165	0
All	All	1028/1118 (91%)	-0.25	0 100 100	46, 89, 129, 189	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	2993	14/15	0.86	0.23	-	60,60,61,61	0
4	NAG	A	2994	14/15	0.92	0.18	-	59,59,59,59	0
4	BMA	A	2995	11/12	0.83	0.26	-	59,59,59,59	0

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	NAG	A	2991	14/15	0.77	0.42	0.83	59,59,59,59	0
3	NAG	B	2991	14/15	0.79	0.31	0.63	59,59,59,60	0
3	NAG	B	2992	14/15	0.79	0.26	-	61,61,62,62	0
3	NAG	B	2993	14/15	0.87	0.27	-	63,63,63,63	0
3	NAG	A	2992	14/15	0.82	0.27	-	60,61,61,61	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.