



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Sep 20, 2016 – 01:00 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1VGP
Title : Crystal Structure of an Isozyme of Citrate Synthase from Sulfolbus tokodaii strain7
Authors : Murakami, M.; Ihara, K.; Kouyama, T.
Deposited on : 2004-04-28
Resolution : 2.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20027939
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027939

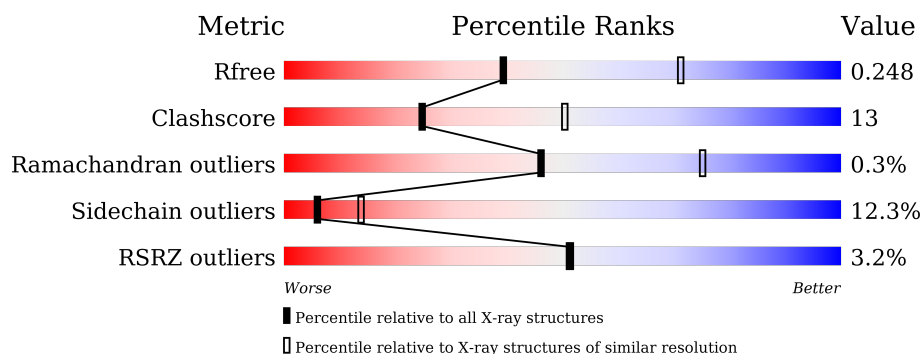
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	2103 (2.70-2.70)
Clashscore	102246	2422 (2.70-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	2382 (2.70-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	100360	2382 (2.70-2.70)
RSRZ outliers	91569	2107 (2.70-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	373	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>68%</div> <div>26%</div> <div>5%</div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3084 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called 373aa long hypothetical citrate synthase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	373	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3044	1978	499	559	8			

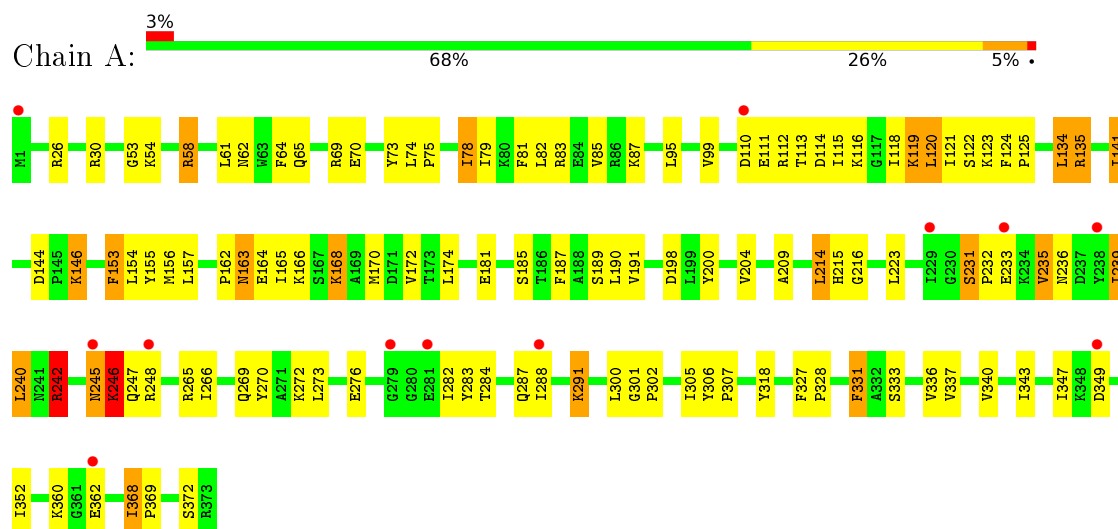
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	40	Total	O	0	0
			40	40		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 373aa long hypothetical citrate synthase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	121.60 Å 121.60 Å 108.83 Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.99 – 2.70 42.99 – 2.70	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (42.99-2.70) 100.0 (42.99-2.70)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.57 (at 2.69 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.217 , 0.246 0.217 , 0.248	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4161 reflections (18.10%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	44.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.028	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 41.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3084	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.20% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.38	0/3114	0.51	0/4196

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	242	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	245	ASN	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3044	0	3075	78	0
2	A	40	0	0	0	0
All	All	3084	0	3075	78	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (78) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:163:ASN:HD21	1:A:165:ILE:HG12	1.36	0.89
1:A:74:LEU:HD13	1:A:78:ILE:HD11	1.62	0.79
1:A:300:LEU:HB3	1:A:305:ILE:HG13	1.65	0.78
1:A:163:ASN:ND2	1:A:165:ILE:HG12	2.01	0.76
1:A:65:GLN:O	1:A:69:ARG:HG2	1.90	0.70
1:A:245:ASN:O	1:A:247:GLN:HG3	1.95	0.66
1:A:242:ARG:HG3	1:A:247:GLN:HB2	1.80	0.64
1:A:141:ILE:HD12	1:A:156:MET:HA	1.80	0.62
1:A:141:ILE:HD11	1:A:155:TYR:CZ	2.35	0.62
1:A:284:THR:O	1:A:288:ILE:HG12	2.02	0.60
1:A:306:TYR:HB3	1:A:307:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.60
1:A:328:PRO:O	1:A:331:PHE:HB3	2.03	0.58
1:A:82:LEU:O	1:A:85:VAL:HG12	2.04	0.57
1:A:168:LYS:O	1:A:172:VAL:HG12	2.06	0.56
1:A:265:ARG:HH11	1:A:265:ARG:HG3	1.72	0.55
1:A:266:ILE:O	1:A:269:GLN:HG2	2.07	0.54
1:A:187:PHE:O	1:A:191:VAL:HG23	2.06	0.54
1:A:112:ARG:NH1	1:A:115:ILE:HD11	2.22	0.54
1:A:30:ARG:NE	1:A:53:GLY:HA2	2.24	0.52
1:A:248:ARG:HA	1:A:248:ARG:NE	2.25	0.52
1:A:301:GLY:N	1:A:302:PRO:HD2	2.24	0.52
1:A:343:ILE:O	1:A:347:ILE:HG12	2.09	0.52
1:A:368:ILE:HD11	1:A:372:SER:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:116:LYS:O	1:A:119:LYS:HG3	2.09	0.51
1:A:235:VAL:HG23	1:A:239:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.51
1:A:282:ILE:HD12	1:A:318:TYR:CD1	2.46	0.51
1:A:61:LEU:O	1:A:65:GLN:HG2	2.11	0.51
1:A:154:LEU:HB2	1:A:162:PRO:HG3	1.93	0.50
1:A:283:TYR:O	1:A:287:GLN:HG3	2.11	0.50
1:A:58:ARG:O	1:A:62:ASN:HB2	2.12	0.50
1:A:112:ARG:HB3	1:A:114:ASP:OD1	2.12	0.50
1:A:163:ASN:HD22	1:A:165:ILE:H	1.59	0.49
1:A:95:LEU:O	1:A:99:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.49
1:A:141:ILE:HD11	1:A:155:TYR:CE2	2.47	0.49
1:A:172:VAL:HG11	1:A:270:TYR:CE1	2.47	0.49
1:A:242:ARG:NH2	1:A:248:ARG:O	2.46	0.49
1:A:78:ILE:O	1:A:81:PHE:HB3	2.12	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:185:SER:HA	1:A:209:ALA:HB3	1.95	0.48
1:A:327:PHE:N	1:A:328:PRO:HD2	2.29	0.47
1:A:114:ASP:O	1:A:118:ILE:HG12	2.15	0.47
1:A:282:ILE:HD12	1:A:318:TYR:HD1	1.77	0.47
1:A:231:SER:OG	1:A:233:GLU:HG2	2.14	0.47
1:A:246:LYS:H	1:A:246:LYS:HG2	1.30	0.47
1:A:124:PHE:N	1:A:125:PRO:HD2	2.29	0.47
1:A:125:PRO:HB3	1:A:153:PHE:CD2	2.50	0.47
1:A:78:ILE:HG13	1:A:79:ILE:N	2.28	0.47
1:A:64:PHE:CE1	1:A:118:ILE:HD12	2.50	0.46
1:A:87:LYS:HE3	1:A:134:LEU:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:215:HIS:HD2	1:A:216:GLY:O	1.99	0.46
1:A:236:ASN:O	1:A:240:LEU:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:30:ARG:CD	1:A:53:GLY:HA2	2.47	0.45
1:A:231:SER:HB3	1:A:233:GLU:HG2	1.98	0.45
1:A:336:VAL:O	1:A:340:VAL:HG23	2.17	0.45
1:A:231:SER:CB	1:A:233:GLU:HG2	2.46	0.44
1:A:119:LYS:HG3	1:A:120:LEU:H	1.82	0.44
1:A:265:ARG:NH1	1:A:265:ARG:HG3	2.32	0.44
1:A:368:ILE:HD11	1:A:372:SER:C	2.37	0.44
1:A:144:ASP:OD1	1:A:146:LYS:HB2	2.17	0.43
1:A:198:ASP:OD2	1:A:200:TYR:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:A:368:ILE:HA	1:A:369:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.43
1:A:272:LYS:O	1:A:276:GLU:HG2	2.19	0.43
1:A:200:TYR:O	1:A:204:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43
1:A:235:VAL:HG11	1:A:291:LYS:HB3	2.01	0.43
1:A:232:PRO:C	1:A:235:VAL:HG12	2.40	0.43
1:A:119:LYS:HG3	1:A:120:LEU:N	2.33	0.43
1:A:248:ARG:HA	1:A:248:ARG:HE	1.83	0.43
1:A:121:ILE:HD13	1:A:337:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.42
1:A:144:ASP:HB2	1:A:155:TYR:CE2	2.54	0.42
1:A:163:ASN:C	1:A:163:ASN:ND2	2.73	0.42
1:A:165:ILE:HG13	1:A:166:LYS:N	2.35	0.42
1:A:214:LEU:HA	1:A:214:LEU:HD12	1.90	0.42
1:A:111:GLU:OE1	1:A:116:LYS:HE3	2.20	0.41
1:A:65:GLN:HB3	1:A:65:GLN:HE21	1.67	0.41
1:A:170:MET:HE3	1:A:174:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:A:87:LYS:HD2	1:A:135:ARG:HA	2.01	0.41
1:A:75:PRO:HG2	1:A:78:ILE:HG23	2.03	0.41
1:A:73:TYR:O	1:A:123:LYS:HE3	2.22	0.40
1:A:240:LEU:HA	1:A:240:LEU:HD12	1.79	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	371/373 (100%)	354 (95%)	16 (4%)	1 (0%)	46 75

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	246	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	326/326 (100%)	286 (88%)	40 (12%)	6 14

All (40) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	ARG
1	A	54	LYS
1	A	58	ARG
1	A	70	GLU
1	A	78	ILE
1	A	83	ARG
1	A	110	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	113	THR
1	A	119	LYS
1	A	120	LEU
1	A	122	SER
1	A	134	LEU
1	A	135	ARG
1	A	141	ILE
1	A	146	LYS
1	A	153	PHE
1	A	157	LEU
1	A	163	ASN
1	A	164	GLU
1	A	168	LYS
1	A	181	GLU
1	A	189	SER
1	A	190	LEU
1	A	214	LEU
1	A	223	LEU
1	A	231	SER
1	A	235	VAL
1	A	239	ILE
1	A	240	LEU
1	A	242	ARG
1	A	246	LYS
1	A	273	LEU
1	A	291	LYS
1	A	331	PHE
1	A	333	SER
1	A	349	ASP
1	A	352	ILE
1	A	360	LYS
1	A	362	GLU
1	A	368	ILE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	65	GLN
1	A	130	ASN
1	A	163	ASN
1	A	215	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	373/373 (100%)	0.06	12 (3%)	51 51	17, 39, 62, 89	1 (0%)

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	1	MET	4.5
1	A	281	GLU	4.0
1	A	110	ASP	3.7
1	A	288	ILE	3.2
1	A	349	ASP	2.8
1	A	362	GLU	2.6
1	A	229	ILE	2.5
1	A	245	ASN	2.5
1	A	279	GLY	2.4
1	A	233	GLU	2.2
1	A	238	TYR	2.1
1	A	248	ARG	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.