



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 1, 2016 – 10:00 PM GMT

PDB ID : 4WJK
Title : Metal Ion and Ligand Binding of Integrin
Authors : Xia, W.; Springer, T.A.
Deposited on : 2014-09-30
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20026688
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

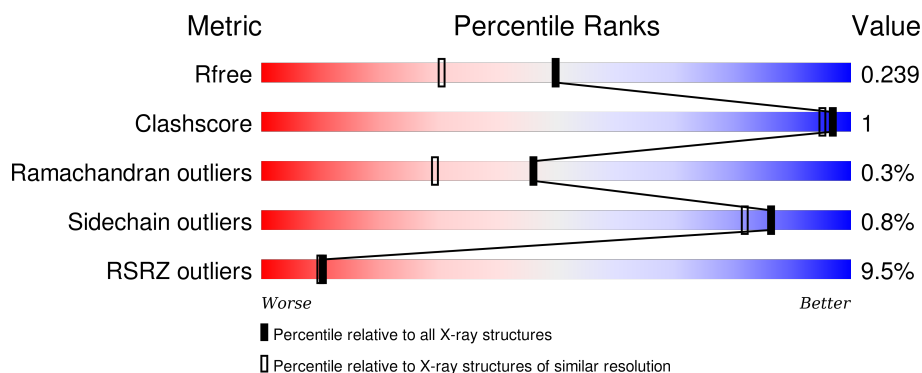
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

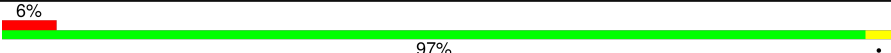
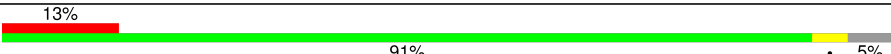
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	91344	1745 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	102246	1898 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	1875 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	100360	1875 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	91569	1747 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	452	
2	B	445	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	CA	A	503	-	-	-	X
6	MAN	A	519	-	-	-	X
7	NAG	A	521	-	-	-	X
8	MG	B	501	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14350 atoms, of which 6729 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Integrin alpha-5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	452	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	1	0
			6615	2167	3207	559	674	8			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	451	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P08648

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Integrin beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	424	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	1	0
			6512	2069	3208	558	652	25			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	195	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P05556

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	2	Total	Ca	0	0
			2	2		
3	A	4	Total	Ca	0	0
			4	4		

- Molecule 4 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (6-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	6	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			136	40	64	2	30		

- Molecule 5 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (3-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	3	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			75	22	36	2	15		

- Molecule 6 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (7-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	7	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			157	46	74	2	35		

- Molecule 7 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (2-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10		
7	B	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10		
7	B	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10		

- Molecule 8 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	B	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 9 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (4-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	B	4	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			95	28	45	2	20		

- Molecule 10 is SUGAR (N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE) (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			28	8	14	1	5		

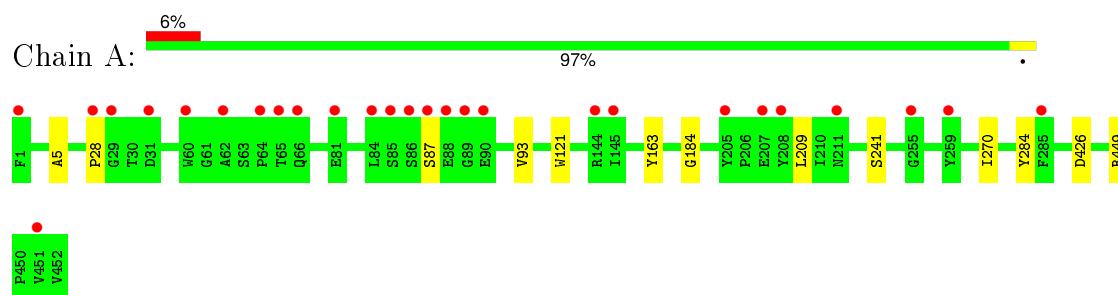
- Molecule 11 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	A	337	Total	O	0	0
			337	337		
11	B	223	Total	O	0	0
			223	223		

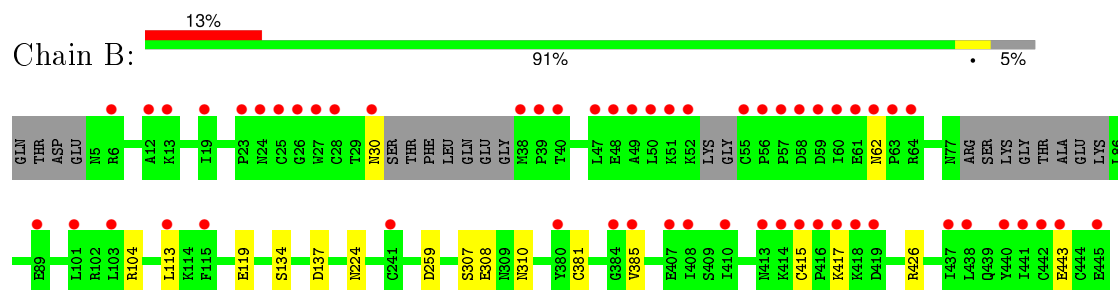
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($\text{RSRZ} > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Integrin alpha-5



• Molecule 2: Integrin beta-1



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	52.13Å 116.75Å 159.49Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.10 – 1.85 47.10 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.4 (47.10-1.85) 98.4 (47.10-1.85)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.99 (at 1.86Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: dev_1760)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.191 , 0.238 0.193 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2000 reflections (2.42%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	30.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.337	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 49.6	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Outliers	3 of 82697 reflections (0.004%)	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	14350	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	60.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.375 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.333, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, BMA, CA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.35	0/3507	0.53	0/4785
2	B	0.33	0/3362	0.51	0/4539
All	All	0.34	0/6869	0.52	0/9324

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3408	3207	3208	7	0
2	B	3304	3208	3252	9	0
3	A	4	0	0	0	0
3	B	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	72	64	61	1	0
5	A	39	36	34	0	0
6	A	83	74	70	0	0
7	A	28	27	25	1	0
7	B	56	54	50	0	0
8	B	1	0	0	0	0
9	B	50	45	43	1	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	B	14	14	13	0	0
11	A	337	0	0	4	1
11	B	223	0	0	3	2
All	All	7621	6729	6756	18	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 18 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:62:ASN:OD1	2:B:104:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.69
2:B:307:SER:O	2:B:426:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.68
9:B:511:MAN:O2	11:B:601:HOH:O	2.15	0.64
2:B:308:GLU:OE1	11:B:602:HOH:O	2.17	0.58
1:A:449:ARG:NH1	11:A:603:HOH:O	2.34	0.57

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
11:B:601:HOH:O	11:B:610:HOH:O[1_455]	2.15	0.05
11:A:622:HOH:O	11:B:618:HOH:O[1_655]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	451/452 (100%)	432 (96%)	17 (4%)	2 (0%)	39	22
2	B	417/445 (94%)	401 (96%)	15 (4%)	1 (0%)	52	36

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	868/897 (97%)	833 (96%)	32 (4%)	3 (0%)	46 29

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	SER
1	A	270	ILE
2	B	415	CYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	359/358 (100%)	357 (99%)	2 (1%)	90 87
2	B	379/395 (96%)	375 (99%)	4 (1%)	80 72
All	All	738/753 (98%)	732 (99%)	6 (1%)	86 82

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	30	ASN
2	B	417	LYS
2	B	113	LEU
1	A	284	TYR
2	B	224	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	221	GLN
2	B	30	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

26 carbohydrates are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
4	NAG	A	505	1,4	14,14,15	0.19	0	15,19,21	0.40	0
4	NAG	A	506	4	14,14,15	0.29	0	15,19,21	0.58	0
4	BMA	A	507	4	11,11,12	0.79	0	14,15,17	0.88	0
4	MAN	A	508	4	11,11,12	0.77	1 (9%)	14,15,17	0.82	1 (7%)
4	MAN	A	509	4	11,11,12	0.57	0	14,15,17	1.12	2 (14%)
4	MAN	A	510	4	11,11,12	0.72	0	14,15,17	1.08	2 (14%)
5	NAG	A	511	1,5	14,14,15	0.54	0	15,19,21	0.74	1 (6%)
5	NAG	A	512	5	14,14,15	0.27	0	15,19,21	0.34	0
5	BMA	A	513	5	11,11,12	0.72	0	14,15,17	0.63	0
6	NAG	A	514	1,6	14,14,15	0.14	0	15,19,21	0.34	0
6	NAG	A	515	6	14,14,15	0.46	0	15,19,21	0.51	0
6	BMA	A	516	6	11,11,12	0.84	1 (9%)	14,15,17	0.85	0
6	MAN	A	517	6	11,11,12	0.88	0	14,15,17	0.90	0
6	MAN	A	518	6	11,11,12	0.85	1 (9%)	14,15,17	1.05	0
6	MAN	A	519	6	11,11,12	0.79	0	14,15,17	0.98	1 (7%)
6	MAN	A	520	6	11,11,12	0.77	1 (9%)	14,15,17	1.00	1 (7%)
7	NAG	A	521	1,7	14,14,15	0.43	0	15,19,21	0.52	0
7	NAG	A	522	7	14,14,15	0.25	0	15,19,21	0.48	0
7	NAG	B	504	2,7	14,14,15	0.25	0	15,19,21	0.33	0
7	NAG	B	505	7	14,14,15	0.23	0	15,19,21	0.39	0
7	NAG	B	506	2,7	14,14,15	0.56	0	15,19,21	0.44	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	NAG	B	507	7	14,14,15	0.26	0	15,19,21	0.35	0
9	NAG	B	508	9,2	14,14,15	0.20	0	15,19,21	0.44	0
9	NAG	B	509	9	14,14,15	0.39	0	15,19,21	0.27	0
9	BMA	B	510	9	11,11,12	0.59	0	14,15,17	0.89	1 (7%)
9	MAN	B	511	9	11,11,12	0.55	0	14,15,17	1.16	2 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	505	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	506	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	507	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	508	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	509	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	510	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	511	1,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	512	5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	A	513	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	A	514	1,6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	A	515	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	A	516	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	A	517	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	A	518	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	A	519	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	A	520	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	521	1,7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	522	7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	B	504	2,7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	B	505	7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	B	506	2,7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	B	507	7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	B	508	9,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	B	509	9	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	BMA	B	510	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
9	MAN	B	511	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	508	MAN	O5-C1	-2.39	1.39	1.43
6	A	520	MAN	O5-C1	-2.09	1.40	1.43
6	A	518	MAN	O5-C1	-2.03	1.40	1.43
6	A	516	BMA	C2-C3	2.13	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	519	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.35	105.40	110.12
9	B	511	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.24	105.61	110.12
4	A	510	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.13	105.84	110.12
4	A	509	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.11	105.87	110.12
4	A	508	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.04	106.02	110.12

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	510	MAN	1	0
7	A	521	NAG	1	0
9	B	511	MAN	1	0

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 7 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
10	NAG	B	512	2	14,14,15	0.97	1 (7%)	15,19,21	0.49	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical

component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
10	NAG	B	512	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
10	B	512	NAG	O5-C1	-3.47	1.37	1.43

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	452/452 (100%)	0.31	27 (5%) 25 24	23, 40, 97, 180	0
2	B	424/445 (95%)	0.67	56 (13%) 4 4	21, 49, 129, 183	0
All	All	876/897 (97%)	0.48	83 (9%) 10 10	21, 42, 117, 183	0

The worst 5 of 83 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	47	LEU	7.8
2	B	417	LYS	7.3
2	B	50	LEU	7.1
2	B	416	PRO	6.5
2	B	51	LYS	6.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
6	MAN	A	519	11/12	0.69	0.27	6.62	99,114,134,139	0
7	NAG	A	521	14/15	0.94	0.13	3.20	29,60,91,104	0
5	NAG	A	511	14/15	0.97	0.18	0.09	28,40,58,58	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
6	BMA	A	516	11/12	0.94	0.10	-0.34	41,63,103,103	0
5	NAG	A	512	14/15	0.93	0.15	-0.39	36,57,80,94	0
4	NAG	A	505	14/15	0.96	0.10	-0.67	27,37,45,52	0
4	NAG	A	506	14/15	0.95	0.10	-0.84	27,48,82,107	0
6	NAG	A	515	14/15	0.92	0.09	-1.06	39,68,84,101	0
6	NAG	A	514	14/15	0.96	0.08	-1.49	33,45,55,55	0
7	NAG	B	506	14/15	0.90	0.20	-	73,96,123,141	0
7	NAG	B	504	14/15	0.89	0.10	-	51,90,122,129	0
9	MAN	B	511	11/12	0.73	0.20	-	110,126,142,153	0
4	BMA	A	507	11/12	0.91	0.09	-	45,74,103,103	0
4	MAN	A	509	11/12	0.80	0.16	-	122,141,167,184	0
4	MAN	A	508	11/12	0.89	0.33	-	125,223,321,332	0
4	MAN	A	510	11/12	0.80	0.14	-	71,100,121,132	0
6	MAN	A	517	11/12	0.92	0.10	-	51,68,94,94	0
5	BMA	A	513	11/12	0.81	0.25	-	80,98,120,129	0
7	NAG	B	505	14/15	0.65	0.20	-	112,135,169,176	0
6	MAN	A	518	11/12	0.87	0.11	-	77,92,119,121	0
9	NAG	B	508	14/15	0.91	0.14	-	58,83,102,107	0
7	NAG	B	507	14/15	0.76	0.44	-	131,168,198,199	0
7	NAG	A	522	14/15	0.83	0.19	-	65,126,157,182	0
6	MAN	A	520	11/12	0.86	0.13	-	101,132,158,172	0
9	NAG	B	509	14/15	0.92	0.15	-	80,106,133,133	0
9	BMA	B	510	11/12	0.82	0.13	-	79,107,132,133	0

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	CA	A	503	1/1	0.54	0.60	21.97	143,143,143,143	0
8	MG	B	501	1/1	0.91	0.25	6.93	47,47,47,47	0
3	CA	A	501	1/1	0.97	0.13	0.49	48,48,48,48	0
10	NAG	B	512	14/15	0.74	0.20	0.20	79,115,161,161	0
3	CA	B	503	1/1	0.99	0.12	-0.22	26,26,26,26	0
3	CA	B	502	1/1	0.99	0.04	-0.82	40,40,40,40	0
3	CA	A	504	1/1	0.96	0.04	-1.81	42,42,42,42	0
3	CA	A	502	1/1	0.99	0.04	-2.61	30,30,30,30	0

6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.