



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2016 – 11:28 PM GMT

PDB ID : 1XH1  
Title : Structure of the N298S variant of human pancreatic alpha-amylase complexed with chloride  
Authors : Maurus, R.; Begum, A.; Kuo, H.H.; Racaza, A.; Numao, S.; Overall, C.M.; Withers, S.G.; Brayer, G.D.  
Deposited on : 2004-09-17  
Resolution : 2.03 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at  
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7 (RC4), CSD as536be (2015)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**  
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**  
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk26865

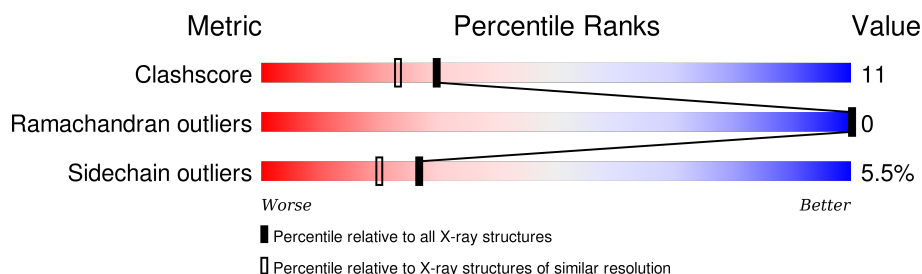
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.03 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	102246	9060 (2.04-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	100387	8952 (2.04-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	100360	8951 (2.04-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	496	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4303 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-amylase, pancreatic.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	496	3944	2496	695	733	20	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	PCA	GLN	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP P04746
A	298	SER	ASN	ENGINEERED	UNP P04746

- Molecule 2 is SUGAR (N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE) (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	Cl	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is water.

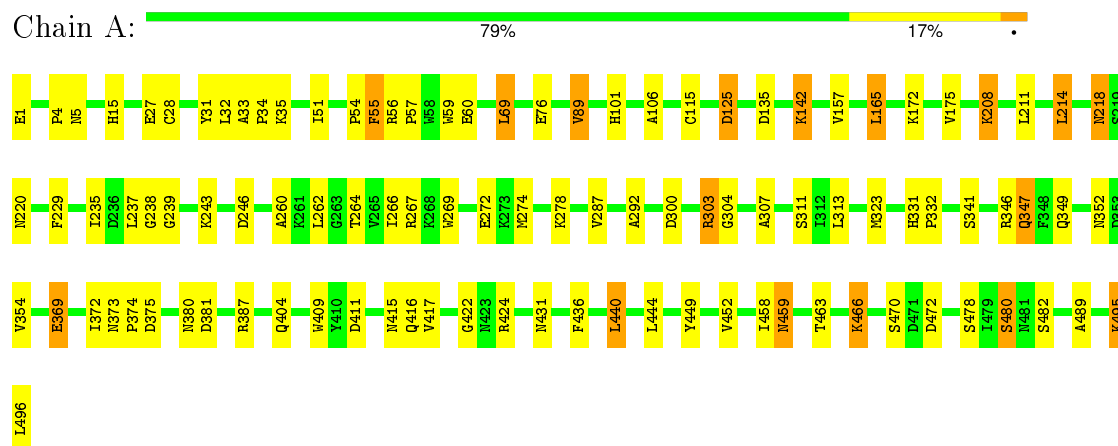
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	343	Total	O	0	0
			343	343		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: Alpha-amylase, pancreatic



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section will therefore be incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	52.91 Å 68.90 Å 131.77 Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 2.03	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (10.00-2.03)	Depositor
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.163 , 0.207	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	4303	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, PCA, NAG, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.38	0/4051	0.56	2/5503 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	239	GLY	N-CA-C	6.07	128.26	113.10
1	A	55	PHE	C-N-CA	-5.03	109.12	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1	PCA	Mainchain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3944	0	3716	86	0
2	A	14	0	13	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	343	0	0	28	1
All	All	4303	0	3729	86	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (86) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:57:PRO:HD3	5:A:844:HOH:O	1.65	0.96
1:A:56:ARG:N	5:A:844:HOH:O	2.02	0.92
1:A:54:PRO:O	5:A:844:HOH:O	2.07	0.72
1:A:51:ILE:O	5:A:844:HOH:O	2.07	0.72
1:A:218:ASN:HD22	1:A:220:ASN:H	1.36	0.72
1:A:218:ASN:ND2	1:A:220:ASN:HB2	2.07	0.70
1:A:142:LYS:HE2	5:A:534:HOH:O	1.93	0.69
1:A:218:ASN:HD21	1:A:220:ASN:HD22	1.41	0.69
1:A:165:LEU:HD13	5:A:841:HOH:O	1.91	0.69
1:A:33:ALA:HB2	1:A:89:VAL:HG13	1.75	0.68
1:A:218:ASN:ND2	1:A:220:ASN:H	1.92	0.65
1:A:278:LYS:HE3	1:A:409:TRP:NE1	2.12	0.65
1:A:211:LEU:HA	1:A:214:LEU:HD22	1.80	0.64
1:A:33:ALA:HB3	1:A:34:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.63
1:A:55:PHE:O	5:A:845:HOH:O	2.16	0.62
1:A:135:ASP:HA	5:A:765:HOH:O	1.99	0.61
1:A:218:ASN:HD21	1:A:220:ASN:HB2	1.67	0.58
1:A:372:ILE:HD12	5:A:767:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:142:LYS:CE	5:A:534:HOH:O	2.50	0.57
1:A:449:TYR:CE2	1:A:495:LYS:HB2	2.40	0.57
1:A:157:VAL:HG21	5:A:660:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:142:LYS:H	1:A:142:LYS:NZ	2.04	0.56
1:A:373:ASN:HB3	1:A:374:PRO:HD2	1.87	0.55
1:A:238:GLY:N	5:A:836:HOH:O	2.39	0.55
1:A:51:ILE:O	1:A:56:ARG:HD2	2.07	0.55
1:A:369:GLU:CD	1:A:369:GLU:H	2.10	0.55
1:A:69:LEU:HD23	1:A:76:GLU:HG3	1.89	0.55
1:A:235:ILE:CG2	1:A:307:ALA:HB2	2.38	0.54
1:A:33:ALA:HB2	1:A:89:VAL:CG1	2.38	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:235:ILE:HG21	1:A:307:ALA:HB2	1.90	0.54
1:A:269:TRP:O	1:A:272:GLU:HG3	2.07	0.54
1:A:404:GLN:OE1	1:A:422:GLY:HA3	2.09	0.53
1:A:172:LYS:HD3	5:A:765:HOH:O	2.08	0.52
1:A:55:PHE:O	1:A:56:ARG:C	2.45	0.52
1:A:27:GLU:HG3	1:A:32:LEU:HG	1.92	0.51
1:A:51:ILE:HG22	5:A:844:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:278:LYS:HE3	1:A:409:TRP:HE1	1.75	0.50
1:A:458:ILE:HD12	1:A:463:THR:HG21	1.94	0.50
1:A:175:VAL:HG23	5:A:765:HOH:O	2.10	0.49
1:A:415:ASN:HB3	1:A:431:ASN:HB3	1.95	0.49
1:A:380:ASN:O	1:A:381:ASP:HB2	2.13	0.49
1:A:28:CYS:HA	1:A:32:LEU:HB2	1.95	0.49
1:A:436:PHE:HZ	1:A:440:LEU:HD21	1.78	0.48
1:A:404:GLN:HG3	1:A:424:ARG:HG3	1.96	0.48
1:A:125:ASP:HB2	5:A:842:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:466:LYS:HE2	5:A:761:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:A:57:PRO:O	1:A:60:GLU:HG2	2.14	0.47
1:A:458:ILE:O	1:A:459:ASN:ND2	2.47	0.47
1:A:237:LEU:HB3	5:A:836:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:300:ASP:HB2	5:A:626:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:331:HIS:CG	1:A:332:PRO:HD2	2.50	0.46
1:A:346:ARG:HD3	5:A:773:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:106:ALA:HB3	5:A:595:HOH:O	2.15	0.45
1:A:243:LYS:HE2	1:A:246:ASP:OD1	2.16	0.45
1:A:142:LYS:HZ2	1:A:142:LYS:H	1.64	0.45
1:A:51:ILE:C	5:A:844:HOH:O	2.53	0.45
1:A:387:ARG:HD3	5:A:767:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:4:PRO:HA	1:A:229:PHE:CG	2.52	0.45
1:A:274:MET:H	1:A:415:ASN:HD22	1.66	0.44
1:A:260:ALA:O	1:A:264:THR:HG23	2.17	0.44
1:A:101:HIS:CD2	1:A:165:LEU:HG	2.52	0.44
1:A:274:MET:H	1:A:415:ASN:ND2	2.15	0.44
1:A:480:SER:C	1:A:482:SER:H	2.21	0.44
1:A:267:ARG:NH2	1:A:313:LEU:HD23	2.31	0.44
1:A:4:PRO:O	1:A:5:ASN:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:A:208:LYS:HE2	1:A:208:LYS:HA	2.01	0.43
1:A:303:ARG:HH11	1:A:303:ARG:HG2	1.84	0.43
1:A:470:SER:OG	1:A:472:ASP:OD1	2.37	0.42
1:A:304:GLY:HA2	5:A:642:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:349:GLN:O	1:A:352:ASN:ND2	2.52	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:218:ASN:HD21	1:A:220:ASN:ND2	2.14	0.42
1:A:31:TYR:C	1:A:34:PRO:HD2	2.40	0.42
1:A:347:GLN:HB3	1:A:354:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
1:A:15:HIS:HD2	5:A:520:HOH:O	2.02	0.42
1:A:404:GLN:CG	1:A:424:ARG:HG3	2.50	0.42
1:A:287:VAL:HG23	1:A:292:ALA:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:A:452:VAL:HG22	1:A:489:ALA:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:411:ASP:HB2	1:A:417:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.41
1:A:411:ASP:HA	1:A:416:GLN:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:51:ILE:HD13	1:A:59:TRP:CZ3	2.56	0.41
1:A:31:TYR:O	1:A:34:PRO:HD2	2.21	0.41
1:A:165:LEU:HD22	5:A:841:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:311:SER:HB3	5:A:794:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:165:LEU:N	5:A:841:HOH:O	2.54	0.40
1:A:262:LEU:HG	1:A:266:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.40
1:A:375:ASP:N	1:A:375:ASP:OD1	2.48	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:524:HOH:O	5:A:724:HOH:O[1_545]	2.04	0.16

## 5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	494/496 (100%)	477 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	418/418 (100%)	395 (94%)	23 (6%)	27	20

All (23) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	35	LYS
1	A	69	LEU
1	A	89	VAL
1	A	115	CYS
1	A	125	ASP
1	A	142	LYS
1	A	165	LEU
1	A	208	LYS
1	A	214	LEU
1	A	218	ASN
1	A	303	ARG
1	A	323	MET
1	A	341	SER
1	A	347	GLN
1	A	369	GLU
1	A	440	LEU
1	A	444	LEU
1	A	459	ASN
1	A	466	LYS
1	A	478	SER
1	A	480	SER
1	A	495	LYS
1	A	496	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	HIS
1	A	150	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	152	ASN
1	A	216	ASN
1	A	218	ASN
1	A	347	GLN
1	A	352	ASN
1	A	415	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	PCA	A	1	1	7,8,9	1.95	3 (42%)	9,10,12	1.79	3 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PCA	A	1	1	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CG	-3.56	1.44	1.53
1	A	1	PCA	OE-CD	2.16	1.27	1.23
1	A	1	PCA	CD-N	2.53	1.42	1.33

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	1	PCA	O-C-CA	-3.06	117.36	125.44
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CA-C	-2.00	110.03	112.76
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CG-CD	3.46	111.25	104.22

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	A	497	1	14,14,15	1.40	2 (14%)	15,19,21	1.36	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	497	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	497	NAG	C1-C2	2.85	1.56	1.52
2	A	497	NAG	O5-C5	3.56	1.51	1.43

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	497	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.23	120.17	123.04
2	A	497	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.86	117.15	112.25

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

### 6.4 Ligands ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

EDS was not executed - this section will therefore be empty.